

	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Abstract #301534</b></p> <p>This is the preliminary program for the 2004 Joint Statistical Meetings in Toronto, Canada. Currently included in this program is the "technical" program, schedule of invited, topic contributed, regular contributed and poster sessions; Continuing Education courses (August 7-10, 2004); and Committee and Business Meetings. This on-line program will be updated frequently to reflect the most current revisions.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>To View the Program:</b></p> <p>You may choose to view all activities of the program or just parts of it at any one time. All activities are arranged by date and time.</p>
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<p><b>Activity Number:</b> 314</p> <p><b>Type:</b> Contributed</p> <p><b>Date/Time:</b> Wednesday, August 11, 2004 : 9:00 AM to 10:50 AM</p> <p><b>Sponsor:</b> <b><u>Section on Statistics and the Environment</u></b></p> <p><b>Abstract - #301534</b></p> <p><b>Title:</b> Spatial Distribution of Respirable Dust Concentrations in the Vicinity of a Jackhammer Operator</p> <p><b>Author(s):</b> <b><u>W. Karl Sieber*+</u></b> and <b><u>Alan Echt</u></b> and <b><u>Daniel Lefkowitz</u></b></p> <p><b>Companies:</b> National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health and National Institute for Occupational Safety &amp; Health and New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services</p> <p><b>Address:</b> 4676 Columbia Pkwy., Cincinnati, OH, 45255,</p> <p><b>Keywords:</b> <b><u>spatial distribution ; variogram ; respirable dust ; exposure ; occupation</u></b></p> <p><b>Abstract:</b> In many studies, the extent of exposure to a particular agent at locations away from the source of that agent is of interest. In this study the spatial distribution of respirable dust concentrations in the vicinity of a jackhammer operation was investigated. A laser photometer was used to measure respirable dust concentrations at 30 points separated by two foot intervals on a 20 foot by 16 foot grid where the origin of the grid was the location of the jackhammer operator. Mean concentrations varied between 3.23 mg/m<sup>3</sup> near the construction worker to 0.04 mg/m<sup>3</sup> at the far ends of the grid. A semivariogram was constructed which indicated that the data followed a spherical model with a lag of two and maximum number of lags of four. The plot further indicated that at distances greater than 5.8 feet from the point of highest concentration no spatial correlation with other dust measurements would be found. Such information on the distribution of concentrations in the vicinity of the source of the agent is important in the occupational setting for determining appropriate use of protective personal equipment, establishing safe boundaries, or other control measures for other workers.</p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The address information is for the authors that have a + after their name.</li> <li>• Authors who are presenting talks have a * after their name.</li> </ul> <hr/> <p><b><u><a href="#">Back to the full JSM 2004 program</a></u></b></p>	
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