MUSCULOSKETAL INJURIES IN AGRICULTURE—AN ERGONOMICS PERSPECTIVE



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The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health has begun a major research initiative addressing mortality and morbidity in the agricultural workforce. Review of data from the Supplementary Data System (SDS), maintained by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, indicates that upper extremity sprains and strains, including back injuries, account for more than 30 percent of the agriculture-related workers' compensation claims. SDS data were examined for 1985 from 25 states that provided records. A total of 9, 970 sprain/strain injury claims were filed. Of these, 3,138 (31.5 percent) occurred in landscaping/horticultural services and horticultural specialties. Also, 2,268 (22.7 percent) sprain/strain injuries occurred in the production of fruits, nuts, vegetables and melons. Typical work activities from these two agricultural sectors will be observed and recorded on videotape for study using a motion measurement system to identify biomechanical stresses in this workforce. The ultimate goal of this study is to identify potential intervention strategies (work place modifications or development of specialized mechanical-assist devices) to reduce musculoskeletal injuries in these agricultural industry sectors.

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