

Nationally Notifiable Infectious Diseases and Conditions, United States: Annual Tables

TABLE 2i. Annual reported cases* of notifiable diseases, by region and reporting area, United States, U.S. Territories, and Non-U.S. Residents, 2020[†]

Data from some reporting areas may be incomplete due to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic or due to post-reconciliation data updates that could not be confirmed or included in the final data set. Please see Note #9 and Note #10, respectively.

(Accessible Version: <https://wonder.cdc.gov/nndss/static/2020/annual/2020-table2i.html>)

Reporting Area	Human immunodeficiency virus diagnoses	Influenza-associated pediatric mortality	Invasive pneumococcal disease [§]				Legionellosis [¶]	Leptospirosis
			All ages		Age <5 years			
			Confirmed	Probable	Confirmed	Probable		
U.S. Residents, excluding U.S. Territories	25,007	171	11,718	228	536	25	6,310	51
New England	553	3	645	6	23	—	308	—
Connecticut	147	1	152	1	5	—	82	N
Maine	17	1	99	—	—	—	11	—
Massachusetts	305	1	236	1	14	—	139	N
New Hampshire	29	—	80	2	1	—	32	—
Rhode Island	48	—	51	—	3	—	36	—
Vermont	7	—	27	2	—	—	8	—
Middle Atlantic	2,811	15	1,741	68	70	1	1,285	8
New Jersey	527	1	405	39	18	—	241	—
New York (excluding New York City)	459	8	488	8	17	—	369	N
New York City	1,137	5	425	7	12	—	324	5
Pennsylvania	688	1	423	14	23	1	351	3
East North Central	2,573	25	2,060	43	99	12	1,640	10
Illinois	683	9	N	N	19	1	329	4
Indiana	399	2	445	5	17	—	155	1
Michigan	511	6	517	4	22	1	378	3
Ohio	791	5	802	34	28	10	537	2
Wisconsin	189	3	296	—	13	—	241	—
West North Central	852	14	902	46	38	7	318	2
Iowa	90	2	N	N	N	N	34	N
Kansas	103	4	—	—	—	—	50	—
Minnesota	210	3	307	—	13	—	94	1
Missouri	350	2	395	21	17	5	108	1
Nebraska	56	2	105	2	3	—	16	—
North Dakota	11	—	47	—	1	—	6	—
South Dakota	32	1	48	23	4	2	10	—
South Atlantic	8,318	33	1,903	17	96	1	1,217	4
Delaware	94	—	58	—	3	—	14	—
District of Columbia	184	—	53	—	1	—	7	1
Florida	3,474	11	564	10	34	1	428	1
Georgia	1,584	2	502	—	21	—	145	—
Maryland	592	7	287	—	8	—	182	1
North Carolina	1,026	5	N	N	N	N	130	1
South Carolina	657	1	237	4	11	—	57	—
Virginia	594	6	13	—	12	—	205	—
West Virginia	113	1	189	3	6	—	49	—
East South Central	1,718	16	1,189	4	47	—	322	—
Alabama	519	1	264	—	13	—	61	—
Kentucky	243	4	201	2	3	—	74	—
Mississippi	341	2	204	—	12	—	33	N
Tennessee	615	9	520	2	19	—	154	N
West South Central	3,275	19	1,273	28	87	2	434	3
Arkansas	253	3	221	—	15	—	39	1

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			All ages		Age <5 years			
			Confirmed	Probable	Confirmed	Probable		
Louisiana	730	1	236	4	18	—	52	2
Oklahoma	194	3	N	N	8	—	26	—
Texas	2,098	12	816	24	46	2	317	N
Mountain	1,413	15	1,810	8	68	2	270	4
Arizona	608	4	664	4	19	1	90	1
Colorado	295	3	418	—	18	—	75	N
Idaho	10	1	N	N	1	—	17	N
Montana	14	—	81	2	2	—	7	—
Nevada	297	2	249	—	7	—	26	—
New Mexico	51	3	210	—	8	—	18	—
Utah	126	2	161	2	13	1	32	3
Wyoming	12	—	27	—	—	—	5	—
Pacific	3,494	31	195	8	8	—	516	20
Alaska	30	3	161	8	4	—	2	—
California	2,834	19	N	N	N	N	380	8
Hawaii	38	1	34	—	4	—	14	8
Oregon	169	4	N	N	N	N	52	2
Washington	423	4	N	N	N	N	68	2
U.S. Territories	251	—	—	—	—	—	4	101
American Samoa	—	—	N	N	N	N	N	—
Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Puerto Rico	249	—	—	—	—	—	4	94
U.S. Virgin Islands	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-U.S. Residents	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	25,258	171	11,718	228	536	25	6,314	152

—: No reported cases — The reporting jurisdiction did not submit any cases to CDC.

N: Not reportable — The disease or condition was not reportable by law, statute, or regulation in the reporting jurisdiction.

U: Unavailable — The data are unavailable.

* Cases are assigned to the reporting jurisdiction submitting the case to NNDSS if the case's country of usual residence is the United States, a U.S. territory, unknown, or country is not reported; otherwise, the case is assigned to the Non-U.S. Residents' category. Country of usual residence is currently not reported by all jurisdictions or for all conditions because this data element is only available in the HL7 generic version 2 and disease-specific message mapping guides. If a jurisdiction sends data in legacy formats, they are not able to send this information. For further information on interpretation of these data, see <https://www.cdc.gov/nndss/data-statistics/readers-guides/>.

† To calculate rates, use the populations provided in Table 8. Note that calculation of rates for the following conditions use population subsets presented in Table 8: Zika virus infection, congenital; Zika virus disease, congenital; Infant botulism; Congenital rubella syndrome; Perinatal Hepatitis B infection; Perinatal Hepatitis C infection; *Haemophilus influenzae*, invasive disease; Invasive pneumococcal disease; and Influenza-associated pediatric mortality. Also see Notes #3 and #7.

§ Counts include drug resistant and susceptible cases of Invasive Pneumococcal Disease. This condition was previously named *Streptococcus pneumoniae* invasive disease and cases were reported to CDC using different event codes to specify whether the cases were drug resistant or in a defined age group, such as <5 years.

¶ In 2020, the CSTE case definition changed such that cases diagnosed by PCR were classified as confirmed, whereas previously those cases were classified as suspect and did not meet the publication/print criteria.

Notes:

1. These are **annual** cases of selected infectious national notifiable diseases from the National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System (NNDSS). NNDSS data reported by the 50 states, New York City, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. territories are collated and published. Cases are reported by state health departments to CDC weekly. Because source datasets may be updated as additional information is received, statistics in publications based on that source data may differ from what is presented in these tables. Source datasets for the 2020 annual tables were officially closed on September 27, 2022.
2. The list of national notifiable Infectious diseases and conditions for 2020 and their national surveillance case definitions are available by

navigating to the [Surveillance Case Definitions | CDC](#) web page, selecting "2020" for the notifiable condition list year, checking "Infectious" conditions, and clicking "Get Notifiable List by Year". This list incorporates the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) position statements approved in 2019 by CSTE for national surveillance that were implemented in January 2020. Revised case definitions were implemented for the following conditions: plague, legionellosis, acute hepatitis C, spotted fever rickettsiosis, and pertussis. In addition, CSTE adopted the first coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) national surveillance case definition on April 5, 2020, and they approved a revision to the COVID-19 national surveillance case definition, effective August 5, 2020. Publication criteria for the finalized 2020 data are available at https://wonder.cdc.gov/nndss/documents/2020_NNDSS_Publication_Criteria_03162022.pdf. See also [Guide to Interpreting Provisional and Finalized NNDSS Data](#).

- Population estimates for incidence rates are July 1st, 2020, estimates obtained from the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) postcensal estimates of the resident population of the United States for April 1, 2010, to July 1, 2020, by year, county, single year of age (range: 0 to 85 years), bridged-race (white, black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, or Pacific Islander), Hispanic ethnicity (not Hispanic or Latino, Hispanic or Latino), and sex (Vintage 2020), prepared under a collaborative arrangement with the U.S. Census Bureau. Population estimates for states released September 21, 2021, are available at https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged_race/data_documentation.htm. Population estimates for territories are the 2020 mid-year estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau International Data Base, accessed on March 15, 2022, at https://www.census.gov/data-tools/demo/idb/#/country?YR_ANIM=2022. The choice of population denominators for incidence is based on the availability of population data at the time of publication preparation.
- Annual tables for 2016 and later years are available on [CDC WONDER](#).
- Annual summary reports from 1993–2015 are available as published in the *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*.
- NNDSS annual tables since 1952 are available at [CDC Stacks](#) (once in CDC Stacks, select "Annual Reports" in the "Genre" box to the left).
- For most conditions, national incidence rates are calculated as the number of reported cases for each infectious disease or condition divided by the U.S. resident population for the specified demographic population or the total U.S. resident population, multiplied by 100,000. When a national notifiable infectious condition is associated with a specific age restriction, the same restriction was applied to the population in the denominator of the incidence rate calculation. In addition, population data from reporting jurisdictions in which the disease or condition was not reportable or not available were excluded from the denominator of the incidence rate calculations.

Age restrictions in the numerator and denominator are applied for the following childhood conditions:

- Zika virus disease, congenital (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)
- Zika virus infection, congenital (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)
- Haemophilus influenzae*, invasive disease <5 years (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <5 years)
- Invasive pneumococcal disease <5 years (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <5 years)
- Influenza associated pediatric mortality (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <18 years)
- Infant botulism (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)
- Congenital rubella syndrome (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)
- Perinatal hepatitis B infection (age restriction in numerator is ≤24 months, denominator is <24 months)
- Perinatal hepatitis C infection (age restriction in numerator is ≤36 months, denominator is <36 months).

Data for congenital syphilis are aggregated by the infant's year of birth. The rate for congenital syphilis is based upon the number of reported cases per 100,000 live births, using natality data for 2020 (National Center for Health Statistics [Natality 2020](#), as compiled from data provided by the Vital Statistics Cooperative Program). Congenital syphilis cases are usually assigned to the mother's state of residence at the time of delivery. The mother's race and ethnicity are used for race- and ethnicity-specific rates of congenital syphilis cases.

- Surveillance data reported by other CDC programs might vary from data reported in these tables because of differences in 1) the date used to aggregate the data, 2) the timing of reports, 3) the source of the data, 4) surveillance case definitions, and 5) policies regarding case jurisdiction (i.e., which jurisdiction should submit the case notification to CDC).
- The following reporting areas may have incomplete data, due to technical or programmatic challenges while reconciling data during the COVID-19 pandemic: California, Guam, and Minnesota.
- The following reporting areas may have incomplete data due to updates made to their data after the 2020 reconciliation period ended and there was not sufficient time before publication of the annual tables to confirm the updated counts: Idaho, Kansas, Maryland, Vermont, and Virgin Islands.
- Of the reporting areas that submitted 2020 aggregate COVID-19 data to CDC, three did not submit probable cases. New York (excluding New York City) and Utah did not collect probable cases. U.S. Virgin Islands collected probable cases, but did not report them to CDC.
- Disease data presented in the 2020 tables reflect impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, such as changes in exposure-related behavior, healthcare-seeking behavior, disease reporting, and public health investigations.

Suggested Citation:

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System, 2020 Annual Tables of Infectious Disease Data. Atlanta, GA. CDC Division of Health Informatics and Surveillance, 2023. Available at: <https://www.cdc.gov/nndss/data-statistics/infectious-tables/index.html>.

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- CDC acknowledges the local, state, and territorial health departments that collected the data from a range of case ascertainment sources (e.g., healthcare providers, hospitals, laboratories) and reported these data to CDC's National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System.

National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System

Provided by [CDC WONDER](#)