# Zimbabwe – Matebeleland & Bulawayo (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . . . .

The Zimbabwe - Matebeleland & Bulawayo GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Zimbabwe - Matebeleland & Bulawayo could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Zimbabwe- Matebeleland & Bulawayo GYTS was a school-based survey of students in Form 1, 2 & 3 conducted in

2003. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Zimbabwe - Matebeleland & Bulawayo. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 81.1%, and the overall response rate was 81.1%. A total of 1,018 students aged 13-15 participated in the Zimbabwe - Matebeleland & Bulawayo GYTS.

#### **Prevalence**

24.6% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 32.6%, Girl = 17.3%)

13.7% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 18.6%, Girl = 9.0%)

8.4% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 12.4%, Girl = 4.5%)

8.0% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 10.0%, Girl = 6.1%)

22.9% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

#### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

47.9% think boys and 21.8% think girls who smoke have more friends 20.0% think boys and 13.5% think girls who smoke look more attractive

### **Access and Availability - Current Smokers**

26.9% usually smoke at home 33.8% buy cigarettes in a store

### **Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)**

29.9% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

56.9% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

50.7% think smoking should be banned from public places

48.0% think smoke from others is harmful to them

29.7% have one or more parents who smoke

8.0% have most or all friends who smoke

#### **Cessation - Current Smokers**

80.8% want to stop smoking

73.6% tried to stop smoking during the past year

73.9% have ever received help to stop smoking

## Media and Advertising

76.0% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

71.9% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

70.9% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

10.0% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

13.0% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### **School**

43.0% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

40.5% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

40.3% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

# **Highlights**

- 13.7% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 8.4% currently smoke cigarettes; 8% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high Three in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; Over half of the students are exposed to smoke in public places; 3 in 10 students have one or more parents who smoke.
- Nearly 1 in 2 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Half the students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Four in 5 current smokers want to stop smoking.
- One in 10 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Over three-quarters of the students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; more than 7 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.