

Czech Republic - Nursing Students 2011 (3rd Year Students Only) Global Health Professions Student Survey (GHPSS)

FACT SHEET

The Czech Republic nursing students GHPSS includes data on prevalence of cigarette smoking and use of other tobacco products, knowledge and attitudes about tobacco use, exposure to second-hand smoke, desire for smoking cessation, and training received during nursing school regarding patient counseling on smoking cessation techniques. This information could be very useful in monitoring and developing Czech Republic's comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Czech Republic nursing students GHPSS was a census of third year nursing students attending fifteen nursing schools in Czech Republic conducted in 2011. A total of 447 3rd year students participated in the Czech Republic nursing students GHPSS. The overall response rate of all nursing students surveyed was 88.7%.

Prevalence

- 85.5% ever smoked cigarettes (Males = 86.2%[†], Females = 85.4%)
- 32.2% currently smoke cigarettes (Males = 25.7%[†], Females = 25.7%)
- 44.6% ever used any form of tobacco other than cigarettes (Males = 50.7%[†], Females = 44.3%)
- 8.2% currently use any form of tobacco other than cigarettes (Males = 14.0%[†], Females = 7.8%)
- 29.0% of ever smokers smoked on school premises/property during the past year
- 2.9% of ever smokers smoked in school buildings during the past year

Factors Influencing Tobacco Use

- 41.4% were exposed to second-hand smoke at home, during the past week
- 58.4% were exposed to second-hand smoke in enclosed public places during the past week
- 87.2% were exposed to second-hand smoke in outdoor public places during the past week.
- 89.8% were exposed to second-hand smoke in public places during the past week
- 86.4% reported that their school had a ban on smoking in school buildings and clinics
- 57.3% reported that their school enforced the ban on smoking in school buildings and clinics
- 67.3% thought smoking should be banned in all enclosed public places
- 94.1% thought tobacco sales to adolescents should be banned
- 73.0% thought there should be a complete ban on advertising tobacco products
- 58.0% of current smokers wanted to stop smoking
- 31.4% of current smokers ever received help/advice to stop smoking cigarettes
- 92.2% were taught about the dangers of smoking during nursing school training

Role Model and Cessation Training

- 45.8% thought health professionals serve as role models for their patients
- 67.7% thought health professionals have a role in giving advice about smoking cessation to patients
- 15.1% received formal training in smoking cessation approaches during nursing school
- 58.9% thought health professionals should get specific training on cessation techniques

([†] The percentage is based on observations between 10 and 34)

Highlights

32.2% currently smoke cigarettes and 8.2% currently use other tobacco products

Almost six in 10 smokers indicated that they want to quit

Almost six in 10 were exposed to smoke in enclosed public places

Over two-thirds support a ban on smoking in all enclosed public places

Nearly six in 10 think health professionals should get specific training on cessation techniques to use with patients