Kyrgyzstan Global School Personnel Survey (GSPS)

FACT SHEET

The Kyrgyzstan GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components Kyrgyzstan could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Kyrgyzstan GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2008 Kyrgyzstan GYTS.

The GYTS was conducted in schools having students in forms `7, `8 and `9. For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Kyrgyzstan. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 83.3%. For the GSPS, 100% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 158 teachers & administrators.

Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel

23.9% ever smoked cigarettes (Admin = 23.5%, Teachers = 23.9%)

16.0% currently use any tobacco product (Admin = 23.5%, Teachers = 15.9%)

12.4% currently smoke cigarettes (Admin = 23.5%, Teachers = 12.4%)

9.9% currently use other tobacco products (Admin = 12.3%, Teachers = 9.9%)

9.0% smoked on school property in past year (Admin = 23.5%, Teachers = 8.9%)

School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use

99.9% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

99.8% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

96.5% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

97.5% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

99.9% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

Access to Teaching Materials and Training

94.3% schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum

85.9% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid tobacco use

43.2% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use

53.7% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention

55.7% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

Attitudes

95.5% think smoking should be banned from public places

99.8% think smoke from others is harmful to them

94.0% think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use

59.8% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned

43.3% think the price of tobacco products should be increased

72.1% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco

Highlights

- 16.0% of school personnel currently use any tobacco product; 12.4% currently smoke cigarettes and 9.9% currently use other tobacco products.
- Nearly all of the schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students and school personnel; 99.9% of the schools enforce their polices.
- More than 9 in 10 schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum.
- Nearly half the teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use.
- Over half the teachers have ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- Close to 3 in 5 schools use nonclassroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.
- More than 9 in 10 think smoking should be banned from public places.
- Nearly all think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use.