

Tunisia - Pharmacy Students (3rd Year Students Only) Global Health Professions Student Survey (GHPSS)

FACT SHEET

The Tunisia pharmacy students GHPSS includes data on prevalence of cigarette smoking and use of other tobacco products, knowledge and attitudes about tobacco use, exposure to second-hand smoke, desire for smoking cessation, and training received during pharmacy school regarding patient counseling on smoking cessation techniques. This information could be very useful in monitoring and developing Tunisia's comprehensive tobacco control program.

Prevalence

42.2% ever smoked cigarettes (Males = 75.0%, Females = 33.8%)
15.7% currently smoke cigarettes (Males = 62.5%, Females = 3.1%)
32.9% ever used any form of tobacco other than cigarettes (Males = 76.5%, Females = 21.2%)
16.5% currently use any form of tobacco other than cigarettes (Males = 41.2%, Females = 9.1%)
44.4% of ever smokers smoked on school premises/property during the past year.
33.3% of ever smokers smoked in school buildings during the past year.

Factors Influencing Tobacco Use

51.8% were exposed to second-hand smoke at home, during the past week.
69.1% were exposed to second-hand smoke in public places during the past week.
44.7% reported that their school had a ban on smoking in school buildings and clinics.
37.8% reported that their school enforced the ban on smoking in school buildings and clinics.
78.3% thought smoking should be banned in all enclosed public places.
75.0% thought tobacco sales to adolescents should be banned.
82.1% thought there should be a complete ban on advertising tobacco products.
30.0% of current smokers wanted to stop smoking.
40.0% of current smokers ever received help/advice to stop smoking cigarettes.
82.1% were taught about the dangers of smoking during pharmacy school training.

Role Model and Cessation Training

90.6% thought health professionals serve as role models for their patients.
90.6% thought health professionals have a role in giving advice about smoking cessation to patients.
28.0% received formal training in smoking cessation approaches during pharmacy school.
96.5% thought health professionals should get specific training on cessation techniques.

The Tunisia pharmacy students GHPSS was a census of 3rd year pharmacy students attending the 1 pharmacy schools in Tunisia conducted in 2007. The school response rate was 100% and the student response rate was 36.9%. A total of 85 students participated in the Tunisia pharmacy students GHPSS.

Highlights

15.7% currently smoke cigarettes and 16.5% currently use other tobacco products.

Three in 10 smokers indicated that they want to quit.

Seven in 10 were exposed to smoke in public places.

Almost 8 in 10 support a ban on smoking in all enclosed public places.

Over one-quarter received training to provide patients with cessation approaches.

More than 9 in 10 think health professionals should get specific training on cessation techniques to use with patients.

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