

Burkina Faso - BoboDioulasso

Global School Personnel Survey (GSPS)

FACT SHEET

The Burkina Faso- BoboDioulasso GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components Burkina Faso- BoboDioulasso could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Burkina Faso- BoboDioulasso GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2006 Burkina Faso- BoboDioulasso GYTS.

The GYTS was conducted in schools having students in 6ème, 5ème and 4ème. For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Burkina Faso- BoboDioulasso. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%. For the GSPS, 46.6% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 373 teachers and administrators.

Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel

54.0% ever smoked cigarettes (Admin = 47.4%, Teachers = 56.7%)
 21.2% currently use any tobacco product (Admin = 24.6%, Teachers = 19.9%)
 18.4% currently smoke cigarettes (Admin = 20.2%, Teachers = 17.6%)
 7.5% currently use other tobacco products (Admin = 8.7%, Teachers = 7.0%)
 15.1% smoked on school property in the past year (Admin = 14.6%, Teachers = 15.3%)

School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use

96.3% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students
 86.3% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students
 88.8% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel
 43.2% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel
 71.4% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

Access to Teaching Materials and Training

41.7% schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum
 95.1% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid tobacco use
 10.6% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use
 3.9% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention
 15.4% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

Attitudes

91.0% think smoking should be banned from public places
 91.9% think smoke from others is harmful to them
 93.2% think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use
 77.5% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned
 84.0% think the price of tobacco products should be increased
 85.1% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco

Highlights

- 21.2% of school personnel currently use any tobacco product; 18.4% currently smoke cigarettes and 7.5% currently use other tobacco products.
- Over four in five schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students; More than two in five have a policy for personnel; Seven in ten schools enforce their policies.
- Two in five schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum.
- One in ten teachers has access to teaching materials on tobacco use.
- 3.9% of teachers have ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- 15.4% of schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.
- 91.0% think smoking should be banned from public places.
- More than nine in 10 think teacher tobacco use influences youth tobacco use.