Gaza Strip - West Bank Global School Personnel Survey (GSPS)

FACT SHEET

The Gaza Strip - West Bank GSPS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on attitudes on school policy toward tobacco use, access to teaching materials and training, and attitudes toward tobacco use. These factors are components Gaza Strip - West Bank could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Gaza Strip - West Bank GSPS was a school-based survey of school personnel from the schools that participated in the 2005 Gaza Strip - West Bank GYTS.

The GYTS was conducted in schools having students in grades 7, 8, 9 and 10. For the GYTS, a two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Gaza Strip - West Bank. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%. For the GSPS, 100.0% of the school personnel completed the survey, for a total of 235 teachers & administrators.

Prevalence of Tobacco Use among School Personnel

43.3% ever smoked cigarettes (Teachers = 42.9%)

25.0% currently use any tobacco product (Teachers = 24.3%)

22.2% currently smoke cigarettes (Teachers = 21.4%)

11.2% currently use other tobacco products (Teachers = 10.6%)

24.1% smoked on school property in the past year (Teachers = 23.8%)

School Policies Prohibiting Tobacco Use

99.7% agree schools should have policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

60.8% report school has policy prohibiting tobacco use among students

84.0% agree schools should have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

26.3% report school has a policy prohibiting tobacco use among personnel

36.7% report school enforces policies on tobacco use for students and personnel

Access to Teaching Materials and Training

11.7% schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum

92.3% think teachers need specific training to help students avoid tobacco use

67.9% teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use

10.9% teachers had ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention

44.6% schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention

Attitudes

96.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them

92.6% think tobacco product advertising should be completely banned

63.9% think the price of tobacco products should be increased

90.9% think the tobacco industry deliberately encourages youth to use tobacco

Highlights

- 25.0% of school personnel currently use any tobacco product; 22.2% currently smoke cigarettes and 11.2% currently use other tobacco products.
- Three in five schools have a policy prohibiting tobacco use among students; one-quarter have a policy for personnel; close to two in five schools enforce their polices.
- 11.7% of schools include tobacco use prevention in school curriculum.
- Two-thirds of the teachers have access to teaching materials on tobacco use.
- 10.9% of teachers have ever received training on youth tobacco use prevention.
- Close to half the schools use non-classroom programs to teach youth tobacco use prevention.