

**SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE. Number of laboratory-diagnosed bacterial and parasitic infections, hospitalizations, deaths, outbreak-associated cases, and crude incidence in the expanded catchment area, by pathogen overall and for domestically acquired cases — Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network, United States, 2023<sup>†</sup>**

Pathogen	Infections <sup>§</sup>	Hospitalizations <sup>¶</sup>	No. (%) Deaths**	Outbreak-associated <sup>††</sup>	Crude Incidence (cases per 100,000 persons) <sup>§§</sup>
<b>All Cases (including International Travel-associated)<sup>¶¶</sup></b>					
<b>Bacteria</b>					
<i>Campylobacter</i>	12,773	2,628 (20.6)	50 (0.4)	35 (0.3)	23.8
<i>Salmonella</i>	8,868	2,556 (28.8)	57 (0.6)	676 (7.6)	16.5
Enteritidis	1665	471 (28.3)	12 (0.7)	180 (10.8)	3.1
Newport	598	186 (31.1)	0 (0.0)	23 (3.8)	1.1
Typhimurium	571	165 (28.9)	1 (0.2)	83 (14.5)	1.1
Javiana	334	116 (34.7)	4 (1.2)	10 (3.0)	0.6
I 4,[5],12:i:-	303	85 (28.1)	3 (1.0)	40 (13.2)	0.6
Not serotyped	2,399	579 (24.1)	15 (0.6)	49 (2.0)	4.5
<b>STEC</b>	3,632	746 (20.5)	16 (0.4)	109 (3.0)	6.8
non-O157	1,208	202 (16.7)	3 (0.2)	42 (3.5)	2.3
O157	319	122 (38.2)	3 (0.9)	52 (16.3)	0.6
Not serogrouped	2,105	422 (20.1)	10 (0.5)	15 (0.7)	3.9
<i>Shigella</i>	3,315	1001 (30.2)	9 (0.3)	126 (3.8)	6.2
<i>Yersinia</i> ***	1,437	325 (22.6)	9 (0.6)	0 (0.0)	2.7
<i>Vibrio</i>	610	124 (20.3)	6 (1.0)	11 (1.8)	1.1
<i>Listeria</i>	167	163 (97.6)	37 (22.2)	5 (3.0)	0.3
<b>Parasite</b>					
<i>Cyclospora</i>	690	45 (6.5)	0 (0.0)	152 (22)	1.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>31,492</b>	<b>7,588 (24.1)</b>	<b>184 (0.6)</b>	<b>1,114 (3.5)</b>	—
<b>Domestically Acquired Cases Only<sup>†††</sup></b>					
<b>Bacteria</b>					
<i>Campylobacter</i>	11,268	2,504 (22.2)	48 (0.4)	35 (0.3)	21.0
<i>Salmonella</i>	7,566	2,292 (30.3)	55 (0.7)	651 (8.6)	14.1
Enteritidis	1279	406 (31.7)	10 (0.8)	169 (13.2)	2.4
Newport	548	177 (32.3)	0 (0.0)	23 (4.2)	1.0
Typhimurium	532	160 (30.1)	1 (0.2)	82 (15.4)	1.0
Javiana	312	110 (35.3)	4 (1.3)	4 (1.3)	0.6
I 4,[5],12:i:-	264	78 (29.5)	3 (1.1)	40 (15.2)	0.5
Not serotyped	2,077	544 (26.2)	15 (0.7)	47 (2.3)	3.9
<b>STEC</b>	2,924	669 (22.9)	16 (0.5)	104 (3.6)	5.5
non-O157	958	175 (18.3)	3 (0.3)	39 (4.1)	1.8
O157	295	118 (40.0)	3 (1.0)	51 (17.3)	0.6
Not serogrouped	1,671	376 (22.5)	10 (0.6)	14 (0.8)	3.1
<i>Shigella</i>	2,450	908 (37.1)	8 (0.3)	125 (5.1)	4.6
<i>Yersinia</i> ***	1,376	319 (23.2)	9 (0.7)	0 (0.0)	2.6
<i>Vibrio</i>	535	114 (21.3)	6 (1.1)	11 (2.1)	1.0
<i>Listeria</i>	164	160 (97.6)	37 (22.6)	5 (3.0)	0.3
<b>Parasite</b>					
<i>Cyclospora</i>	499	38 (7.6)	0 (0.0)	149 (29.9)	0.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>26,782</b>	<b>7,004 (26.2)</b>	<b>179 (0.7)</b>	<b>1,080 (4.0)</b>	—

**Abbreviations:** CIDT = culture-independent diagnostic test; FoodNet = Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network; STEC = Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli*.

\* When FoodNet was founded in 1996, the catchment area included Minnesota and Oregon as well as two California, two Connecticut, and eight Georgia counties. The catchment area expanded consistently from 1996 through 2004; it remained stable from 2004 through 2022. The historic catchment area includes sites under surveillance since 2004, including Connecticut, Georgia, Maryland, Minnesota, New Mexico, Oregon, Tennessee, and three California, seven Colorado, and 34 New York counties. In 2023, 57 additional Colorado counties (i.e., the rest of Colorado) were enrolled in the FoodNet catchment area. The expanded catchment area includes those sites that were part of the historic catchment area plus 57 additional Colorado counties (i.e., all of Colorado).

† 2023 data are preliminary.

§ Bacterial infections were diagnosed using culture or CIDs. *Cyclospora* infections were diagnosed using microscopy or polymerase chain reaction.

¶ Admission to an inpatient unit or an observation stay of >24 hours within 7 days before or after specimen collection or determined to be related to the infection if beyond this time frame. Infections with unknown hospitalization status (N = 1,890; 6%) were included in the denominator only (i.e., classified as not hospitalized).

\*\* Attributed to infection when death occurred during hospitalization or ≤7 days after specimen collection from non-hospitalized patients. Infections with unknown death status (N = 178; 0.6%) were included in the denominator.

†† Generally defined as ≥2 cases of similar illness associated with a common exposure; some sites also stipulate illnesses be from more than one household.

§§ Crude incidence is unadjusted and calculated as cases of infection per 100,000 population.

¶¶ Includes both infections among persons reporting international travel before the illness began (30 days for *Listeria* and *Salmonella* serotypes Typhi and Paratyphi, 14 days for *Cyclospora*, and 7 days for other pathogens) and domestically acquired infections (those for which the patient had no history of international travel or unknown travel history).

\*\*\* *Yersinia* is not a notifiable disease in Colorado; FoodNet collected data on *Yersinia* cases in the seven Colorado counties included in the historic catchment area only.

††† Includes only infections among domestically acquired infections (those for which the patient had no history of international travel or unknown travel history).