EPIDEMIOLOGIC NOTES AND REPORTS MEASLES - Greer County, Oklahoma

An explosive outbreak of measles has been reported from Greer County, Okla. A total of 41 cases have been reported, all with onsets of illness during the week ending Dec. 30, 1967. These were the only cases reported from the entire state during December 1967.

Greer County ( 1960 population 8,877 ) is located in an agricultural and ranching area in the southwestern part of the state. Twenty-four of the 41 patients reside in Mangum (1960 population 3,950 ), the largest community in the county. Cases also occurred in the towns of Granite and Brinkman. The age distribution of the 24 patients in Mangum is shown in Table 1, page 442.

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None of the Mangum patients resided in homes with telephones, a fair indication of the relatively low socioeconomic status of these cases. None is known to have received measles vaccine. The presence of fever, generalized rash, conjunctivitis, cough, and Koplick spots was considered diagnostic of measles.
(Continued on page 442)

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES
(Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous weeks)

| DISEASE | 52nd WEEK ENDED |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { MEDIAN } \\ 1962-1966 \end{gathered}$ | CUMULATIVE, FIRS' 52 WEEKS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DECEMBER 30, 1967 | DECEMBER 31, <br> 1966 |  | 1967 | 1966 | $\begin{gathered} \text { MEDIAN } \\ 1962-1966 \end{gathered}$ |
| Aseptic meningitis | 24 | 25 | 25 | 2,974 | 2,940 | 2,135 |
| Brucellosis. . ..... | 2 | 9 | 9 | 244 | 252 | 382 |
| Diphtheria. | 1 | 17 | 5 | 205 | 212 | 293 |
| Encephalitis, primary: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arthropod-borne \& unspecified . . . . . . . . . | 10 | 62 |  | 1.548 | 2.177 | . . |
| Encephalitis, post-infectious ............ | 5 | 7 |  | 754 | 713 | - - |
| Hepatitis, serum | 71 638 | 24 691 | ) 715 | 2.374 3872 | 1.487 32579 | \} 37,652 |
| Hepatitis, infectious | 638 | 691 | 1715 | 38,672 | 32,579 | \} 37,652 |
| Malaria | 45 | 50 | 4 | 2,101 | 559 | 107 |
| Measles (rubeola). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 340 | 1,232 | 3,400 | 62,232 | 203,010 | 387,973 |
| Meningococcal infections, total | 51 | 53 | 53 | 2.165 | 3,388 | 2,813 |
| Civilian .................. | 50 | 47 | -.. | 2,034 | 3,057 |  |
| Military | 1 | 6 | --- | 131 | 331 | -- |
| Poliomyelitis, total | 2 | 3 | 7 | 44 | 102 | 116 |
| Paralytic........ | -- | 3 | 4 | 29 | 96 | 96 |
| Rubella (German measles) | 306 | 234 |  | 44.159 | 45,899 |  |
| Streptococcal sore throat \& scarlet fever | 9,349 | 9,506 | 6,827 | 447,840 | 422,918 | 389.563 |
| Tetanus. | 2 | 5 | 5 | 228 | 203 | 280 |
| Tularemia | 3 | 12 | 11 | 168 | 192 | 298 |
| Typhoid fever | 3 | 3 | 13 | 397 | 371 | 461 |
| Typhus, tick-borne (Rky. Mt. spotted fever). | - | 2 | 2 | 298 | 254 | 226 |
| Rabies in animals | 46 | 97 | 61 | 4,133 | 4,005 | 4,005 |

Table 2. NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OF LOW FREQUENCY


MEASLES - Greer County, Oklahoma (Continued from front page)

Table 1
Age Distribution of 24 Patients with Measles in Mangum, Okla.

| Age (Yrs.) | Cases |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<1$ | 1 |  |
| $1-5$ | 12 |  |
| $6-10$ | 10 |  |
| $>10$ | 1 |  |
| Total | Total | 24 |

The rapid recognition of an epidemic in an area with no recent measles has facilitated prompt control efforts. Vaccination clinics utilizing vaccine from the NCDC Epidemic Stockpile are scheduled in the county by the Oklahoma State Department of Health for January 4 and 5, 1968. (Reported by Dr. R. LeRoy Carpenter, Director, Division of Epidemiology, Oklahoma State Department of Health; and an EIS Officer.)

## CURRENT TRENDS

## MEASLES

The preliminary 1967 total of 62,232 reported cases of measles is the lowest number for any year according to records dating back to 1912 , when reporting of measles cases began on a national basis.

The 4 -week total for December 3 through 30 is 1,493 cases (Figure 1), which is an increase of 393 over the preceding 4 -week total, but is only 30 percent of the number of cases reported for the same period in 1966, and 12 percent of those reported for the same periods in 1964 and 1965.

During the past 4 weeks, 11 states reported no measles activity: 14 states and the District of Columbia reported at least one but fewer than 10 cases; and 10 states reported a total of 50 or more. Only two states (Illinois and Texas) reported more than 100 cases in this 4 -week period.
(Reported by State Services Section, Epidemiology Program. NCDC.)

Figure 1
REPORTED CASES OF MEASLES IN THE UNITED STATES 4. WEEK TOTALS JULY-DECEMBER, 1964-1967


## INFLUENZA

For the week ending December 30, 1967, reports from 29 states indicate that outbreaks of influenza-like illness are occurring (Figure 2). Most of the activity presently being reported began in the pre-holiday period.

Within the past week, four additional states have documented influenza A activity: Wisconsin, Tennessee, Minnesota, and Connecticut.

In Davidson County, Tenn., five paired sera taken from a single outbreak in an industry had diagnostic rises in influenza $A 2$ antibody when tested by the hemagglutina-tion-inhibition (HI) technique. Paired serologies taken from an outbreak in a school in southern Minnesota also showed diagnostic rises by HI tests for influenza A2 antibody. An influenza $A 2$ virus has been grown from a specimen taken from a student at the University of Wisconsin. In addition, direct smears taken from the same student and from three other students were positive when tested by the experimental fluorescent antibody technique for A influenza. An A 2 influenza virus has also been isolated by the Connecticut State Health Department from a specimen taken from Fairfield County near New York City.

Figure 2
INCIDENCE OF INFLUENZA AND INFLUENZA-LIKE DISEASE BY STATE AS REPORTED TO NCDC


Illinois, New York City, Kansas, and Georgia have reported further isolations of A2 influenza virus. New Jersey has recently isolated 4 strains of $A 2$ influenza virus.
(Text continued on page 444)

Figure 3
PNEUMONIA-INFLUENZA DEATHS IN 122 UNITED STATES CITIES


INFLUENZA - (Continued from page 442)

Beginning December 25 . Rhode Island has received reports from physicians of influenza-like disease occurring in all counties within the state.

There has been no excess mortality from pneumonia and influenza observed for the country as a whole (Figure 3). Eight of the nine geographic regions also have not exceeded the epidemic threshold. This week, for the first time, the Middle Atlantic Region exceeded the threshold. This is consistent with the fact that New York City had excess pneumonia mortality for the past three weeks. A more detailed account of influenza in the New York City area is presented in this issue.
(Reported by Dr. James C. Hart, Connecticut State Health Department; Dr. John McCroan and Mrs. Julia Eubanks,

Georgia State Health Department; Dr. Norman Rose and Mr. Richard Norrissey, Illinois State Health Department; Dr. Donald Wilcox, Kansas State Health Department; Dr. Jack Poland, Ecological Investigations Program, NCDC, Kansas City; Dr. D. S. Fleming, Minnesota State Mealth Department; Dr. Ronald Altman and Dr. Martin Goldfield, New Jersey State Department of Health; Dr. Tibor Fodor and Dr. Stephen Millian, New York City Department of Health; Dr. Joseph E. Cannon, Rhode lsland Department of Health; Dr. Cecil Tucker, Tennessee State IIealth Department; Dr. H. Grant Skinner, Wisconsin State Health Department; Dr. Stanley Inhorn and Mr. Donald Nelson, Wisconsin State Laboratory of Hygiene; Dr. Elliot Dick, Respiratory Research Unit, University of Wisconsin.)

# EPIDEMIOLOGIC NOTES AND REPORTS INFLUENZA - New York City Area 

During the week of December 4, 1967, the New York City Department of Health, Division of Epidemiology, received its first report of increased school absenteeism, from a parochial junior high school. In the subsequent two weeks, reports of similar occurrences were received from 64 schools in all boroughs except Richmond. In one borough (Queens) a spot survey of three health districts revealed that 10,12 , and 35 percent of the schools in the three districts, respectively, had noted marked increases in absenteeism. In each case, absentecism, ranging from 15 to 30 percent, was primarily attributed to a syndrome consisting of sore throat, cough, fever, and myalgia.

In addition to school absentecism, other surveillance parameters suggested the introduction of influenza into the community. Two hospital clinics report daily the number of persons seen for upper respiratory tract diseases and specifically the influenza syndrome. Beginning the week of December 9, 1967, both noted a marked increase in the number of patients seen for upper respiratory tract diseases.

The pneumonia death curve for New York City also suggested the presence of significant respiratory disease, for beginning the week of December 9, 1967, the curve exceeded the tolerance zone and continued to do so for the following two weeks. The crude death index curve rose out of the tolerance zone for the first time the week of December 23, 1967.

Finally, informal reports were received from several industries, a university student clinic, several grouppractice units, and private practitioners, of marked increase in patient visits, predominantly for upper respiratory tract diseases.

Laboratory investigations were also undertaken. The first two schools reporting increased absentecism were were visited, and throat cultures were obtained from 45 symptomatic students. Students attending the university health clinics were similarly cultured and bled for antibody determinations, and throat cultures were also received from a number of industrial clinies participating in the city's surveillance program. As of the date of this report, a total of six virus isolates had been made from patients at each of the two schools, the university health clinic, and one industrial clinic. Each of these viruses was obtained following the third amniotic passage in eggs, and four have been typed as influenza A2.

Studies of paired sera from patients with clinical influenza demonstrated fourfold antibody rises by hemagglutination inhibition to A2 influenza strains.

The New York City Department of Health is further defining the extent to which influenza is in the community by following school absenteeism with the resumption of school sessions in the new year and by continued contact with several industrial firms. Efforts are being made to delineate the immunity of the population to the 1967 New York City influenza A2 virus.

[^0]
## SURVEILLANCE SUMMARY

SALMONELLOSIS - July, August, and September 1967

For the months of July, August, and September 1967, the total numbers of salmonellae isolations reported from humans were $1,875,2,566$, and 1,908 , respectively. The weekly averages for the 3 months ( 469,513 , and 477) demonstrate the expected seasonal pattern (Figure 4). The age and sex distributions were similar to those of previous months. In Table 2, the seven most frequently reported serotypes from human sources are listed.

Reports of 605 nonhuman isolations represented by 66 serotypes were received from 30 states in July. The total number of reported nonhuman isolations decreased to 358 in August; 53 serotypes were represented in the reports from 25 states. In September, 275 nonhuman isolations represented by 46 serotypes were reported from 21 states. The seven most commonly reported nonhuman serotypes are listed in Table 3, page 452.

Table 2
Summary of Seven Most Fiequently Reported Serotypes from Humans for July, August, and September 1967

| Serotypes | Rank | Number | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| S. typhi-murium and S. typhi- |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ murium var. copenhagen | 1 | 1,665 | 26.2 |
| S. heidelberg | 2 | 574 | 9.0 |
| S. neuport | 3 | 468 | 7.4 |
| S. enteritidis | 4 | 466 | 7.3 |
| S. infantis | 5 | 290 | 4.6 |
| S. saint-paul | 6 | 277 | 4.4 |
| S. typhi | 7 | 128 | 2.0 |
| $\quad$ Total |  | 3,868 | 60.9 |
| Total all serotypes |  | 6,349 | 100.0 |

Figure 4

(Continued on page 452)

$$
\text { INDEX - VOLUME } 16 \text { - } 1967
$$

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FOR WEEKS ENDED
DECEMBER 30, 1967 AND DECEMBER 31, 1966 (52nd WEEK)

| AREA | ASEPTIC MENINGITIS |  | BRUCELLOS!S <br> 1967 | DIPHTHERIA <br> 1967 <br> 1 | ENCEPHALITIS |  |  | HEPATITIS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Primary including unsp. cases |  | Post- <br> Infectious | Serum |  | Infectious |  |
|  | 1967 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 | 1966 | 1967 | 1967 | 1966 | 1967 | 1966 |
| UNITED STATES... | 24 | 25 |  | 2 | 1 | 10 | 62 | 5 | 71 | 24 | 638 | 691 |
| NEW ENGIAND.......... | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 24 | 40 |
| Maine............... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 1 |
| New Hampshire...... | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| Vermont............. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Massachusetts...... | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 9 | 14 |
| Rhode Island........ | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 8 |
| Connecticut........ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 10 |
| middle atlantic...... | - | 2 | 11 | - | - | 6 | - | 14 | 11 | 102 | 105 |
| New York City...... | - | 1 | lat | Bl | - | 6 | - | 11 | 10 | 36 | 29 |
| New York, up-State. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 17 | 34 |
| New Jersey......... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | 23 | 13 |
| Pennsylvania....... | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 26 | 29 |
| EAST NORTH CENTRAL... | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | 31 | - | 1 | 1 | 112 | 95 |
| Ohio................ | - | - | - | - | - | 29 | - | - | 1 | 32 | 18 |
| Indiana............. | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 5 | 9 |
| Illinois........... | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 42 | 21 |
| Michigan........... | 2 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 27 | 38 |
| Wisconsin.......... | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 6 | 9 |
| WEST NORTH CENTRAL... | - | - | 1 | - | - | 7 | 1 | - | - | 43 | 43 |
| Minnesota........... | - | - | - | - | - | 7 | 1 | - | - | 8 | 23 |
| Iowa................ | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 8 |
| Missouri............ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 25 | 3 |
| North Dakota....... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 3 |
| South Dakota....... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nebraska............ | - | - | - | - 10 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Kansas.............. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 5 |
| SOUTH ATLANTIC. . . . . . | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | 7 | - | 58 | 61 |
| Delaware........... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - 1 | - | - | 4 | 9 |
| Maryland............ | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 12 | 13 |
| Dist. of Columbia.. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Virginia............ | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 25 | 4 |
| West Virginia...... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - |  | 2 |
| North Carolina..... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | 8 |
| South Carolina..... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Georgia............. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 15 |
| Florida............. | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 6 | 9 |
| EAST SOUTH CENTRAL... | 3 | 1 | - | - | 2 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 | 28 | 30 |
| Kentucky............ | - | - | $1-$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 6 |
| Tennessee........... | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 12 | 15 |
| Alabama............. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 4 | 7 |
| Mississippi........ | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 3 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| WEST SOUTH CENTRAL... | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 5 | - | 49 | 46 |
| Arkansas........... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 |
| Louisiana........... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 8 | 12 |
| Oklahoma............ | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 9 | 3 |
| Texas............... | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 32 | 30 |
| mountain.............. | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | 33 | 77 |
| Montana............. | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | , |
| Idaho............... | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 3 |
| Wyoming............. | - | - | - | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Colorado........... | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 30 |
| New Mexico......... | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 11 | 11 |
| Arizona............ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 11 | 31 |
| Utah................. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Nevada.............. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| PACIFIC.............. | 17 | 17 | - | - | 6 | 3 | 2 | 43 | 8 | 189 | 194 |
| Washington......... | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | 9 | 46 |
| Oregon.............. | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9 | 35 |
| California.......... | 1.3 | 14 | - | - | 6 | 3 | 2 | 43 | 3 | 171 | 112 |
| Alaska.............. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Hawai1............. | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Puerto Rico | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16 | 72 |

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES
FOR WEEKS ENDED
DECEMBER 30, 1967 AND DECEMBER 31, 1966 (52nd WEEK) - CONTINUED


Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

DECEMBER 30, 1967 AND DECEMBER 31, 1966 (52nd WEEK) - CONTINUED

| Area | STREPTOCOCCAL SORE THROAT \& SCARLET FEVER | tetanus |  | TULAREMIA |  | TYPHOID |  | TYPHUS FEVERTICK-BORNE(Rky. Mt. Sported) |  | RABIES IN ANIMALS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1967 | 1967 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cum. } \\ & 1967 \end{aligned}$ | 1967 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cum. } \\ & 1967 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1967 | Cum. $1967$ | 1967 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cum. } \\ & 1967 \end{aligned}$ | 1967 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cum. } \\ & 1967 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| UNITED STATES... | 9,349 | 2 | 228 | 3 | 168 | 3 | 397 | - | 298 | 46 | 4,133 |
| NEW ENGLAND........... | 1,110 | - | 3 | - | 1 | - | 10 | - | 1 | 1 | 100 |
| Maine.............. | 54 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 25 |
| New Hampshire...... | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 48 |
| Vermont. . . . . . . . . . | 26 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 |
| Massachusetts...... | 189 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 6 | - | 1 | - | 5 |
| Rhode Island....... | 111 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Connecticut........ | 723 | - | 2 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - |
| MIDDLE ATLANTIC...... | 232 | - | 16 | - | 1 | 1 | 41 | - | 35 | - | 102 |
| New York City...... | 13 | - | 9 | - | - | - | 21 | - | - | - | - |
| New York, Up-State. | 151 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 11 | - | 9 | - | 86 |
| New Jersey......... | NN | - | 1 | - | - | - | 4 | - | 15 | - | - |
| Pennsylvania....... | 68 | - | 5 | - | - | 1 | 5 | - | 11 | - | 16 |
| EAST NORTH CENTRAL... | 788 | 1 | 28 | - | 15 | - | 43 | - | 22 | 6 | 384 |
| Ohio................ | 77 | - | 4 | - | - | - | 15 | - | 11 | 5 | 136 |
| Indiana............. | 150 | - | 3 | - | 2 | - | 11 | - | 1 | 1 | 87 |
| Illinois........... | 125 | - | 13 | - | 13 | - | 7 | - | 10 | - | 72 |
| Michigan........... | 291 | 1 | 7 | - | - | - | 8 | - |  | - | 25 |
| Wisconsin.......... | 145 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 64 |
| WEST NORTH CENTRAL... | 388 | - | 17 | - | 23 | - | 21 | - | 4 | 15 | 978 |
| Minnesota.......... | 4 | - | 6 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 | 6 | 199 |
| Iowa................ | 123 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 3 | - | - | 2 | 136 |
| Missouri........... | 25 | - | 7 | - | 9 | - | 10 | - | 1 | 3 | 175 |
| North Dakota....... | 66 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 171 |
| South Dakota....... | 24 | - | 1 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 116 |
| Nebraska........... | 146 | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | 2 | 1 | 72 |
| Kansas.............. | - | - | 1 | - | 10 | - | 2 | - | - | 2 | 109 |
| SOUTH ATLANTIC....... | 802 | - | 48 | - | 12 | - | 63 | - | 120 | 4 | 489 |
| Delaware........... | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | , | - | - | - | - |
| Maryland............ | 256 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 21 | - | 4 |
| Dist. of Columbia.. | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 6 |
| Virginia........... | 210 | - | 11 | - | 2 | - | 9 | - | 28 | 2 | 211 |
| West Virginia...... | 176 | - | 1 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | 63 |
| North Carolina..... | 17 | - | 8 | - | - | - | 4 | - | 47 | - | 3 |
| South Carolina..... | 57 | - | 1 | - | 2 | - | 10 | - | 5 | - | 2 |
| Georgia............ | 19 | - | 4 | - | 5 | - | 21 | - | 18 | 1 | 120 |
| Florida............. | 61 | - | 23 | - | 1 | - | 12 | - | - | - | 80 |
| EAST SOUTH CENTRAL... | 1,349 | 1 | 35 | - | 13 | - | 65 | - | 53 | 9 | 794 |
| Kentucky........... | 18 | - | 4 | - | 2 | - | 24 | - | 15 | 9 | 193 |
| Tennessee.......... | 1,155 | - | 8 | - | 8 | - | 12 | - | 26 | - | 540 |
| Alabama............. | 128 | 1 | 13 | - | 1 | - | 12 | - | 12 | - | 51 |
| Mississippi........ | 48 | - | 10 | - | 2 | - | 17 | - | - | - | 10 |
| WEST SOUTH CENTRAL... | 1,035 | - | 55 | 3 | 86 | - | 43 | - | 43 | 7 | 923 |
| Arkansas........... | 3 | - | 6 | - | 48 | - | 13 | - | 14 | - | 115 |
| Louisiana. . . . . . . . | - | - | 5 | - | 8 | - | 17 | - | 2 | 2 | 72 |
| Oklahoma. . . . . . . . . | 21 | - | 4 | 3 | 23 | - | 8 | - | 16 | 2 | 361 |
| Texas.............. | 1,011 | - | 40 | - | 7 | - | 5 | - | 11 | 3 | 375 |
| MOUNTAIN. ............. | 1,971 | - | 3 | - | 11 | - | 23 | - | 9 | 1 | 116 |
| Montana............ | 35 | - | 3 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - |  | - | 116 |
| Idaho.............. | 95 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Wyoming............ | , 24 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | - | - | 5 |
| Colorado........... | 1,355 | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 12 | - | 9 | - | 10 |
| New Mexico......... | 231 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 34 |
| Arizona............ | 105 | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | 1 | 55 |
| Utah............... | 125 | - | - | - | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| Nevada............. | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| PACIFIC.............. | 1,674 | - | 23 | - | 6 | 2 | 88 | - | 11 | 3 | 247 |
| Washington......... | 910 | - | , | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| Oregon............. | 143 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | 4 |
| California. | 601 | - | 18 | - | 3 | 2 | 80 | - | 6 | 3 | 241 |
| Alaska............. | 9 | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hawail. | 11 | - | 4 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - |
| Puerto Rico.......... | - | - | 18 | - | - | 1 | 9 | - | - | 1 | 36 |

Week No. Table 4. DEATHS IN 122 UNITED STATES CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED DECEMBER 30, 1967 52
(By place of occurrence and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)


SALMONELLOSIS - (Continued from page 445)

Table 3
Summary of Seven Most Frequently Reported Serotypes from Nonhumans for July, August, and September 1967

| Serotypes | Rank | Number | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| S. typhi-murium and S. typhi- |  |  |  |
| murium var. copenhagen | 1 | 187 | 15.1 |
| S. heidelberg | 2 | 120 | 9.7 |
| S. tennessee | 3 | 95 | 7.7 |
| S. anatum | 4 | 70 | 5.7 |
| S. eimsbuettel | 5 | 42 | 3.4 |
| S. cubana | 6 | 34 | 2.7 |
| S. montevideo | 7 | 28 | 2.3 |
| S. senftenberg | 7 | 28 | 2.3 |
| $\quad$ Total |  | 604 | 48.9 |
| Total all serotypes |  | 1,238 | 100.0 |

(Reported by the Salmonellosis Unit, Bacterial Diseases Section, Epidemiology Program, NCDC.)

ERRATA, Vol. 16, No. 51
The third paragraph (first paragraph on page 430) reading:
"In Kansas, . . . ." should have read
"In Kansas, hemagglutination inhibition tests on groups of acute and convalescent sera taken from a Kansas City high school show a significant rise in geometric mean titer against an influenza A2 antigen but not against an influenza $B$ antigen. In addition, the Ecological Investigations Program, Kansas City, has isolated an A2 influenza virus from an outbreak in Franklin County."
The smears tested for fluorescent antibody in Louisiana were nasopharyngeal smears and not throat smears.

THE MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT, WITH A CIRCULA: TION OF 17, OOO, IS PUBLISHED AT Y'
 CENTER SENCER, M.D. A.D. LANGMUIR, M.D.
IDA L. SHERMAN M.S. MICHAEL B. GREGG, M.D.

IN ADOITION TO THE ESTABLISHED PROCEDURES FOR REPORTING MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, THE NATIONAL COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER WELCOMES ACCOUNTS OF INTERESTING OUTBREAKS OR CASE INVESTIGATIONS WHICH ARE OF CURRENT INTEREST TO HEALTH OFFICIALS AND WHICHARE DIRECTLYRELATED TO THE CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE
ADDRESSED TO: NATIONAL COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30333
ATTN: THE EDITOR

NOTE: THE DATA IN THIS REPORT ARE PROVISIONAL AND ARE BASED ON WEEKLY TELEGRAMS TO THE NCDC BY THE INDIVIDUAL STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENTS. THE REPORTING WEEK CONCLUDES ON SATURDAY; COMPILEDDAT NATIONAL COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER


[^0]:    (Reported from the New York City Department of Health by Dr. Vincent Guinee, Director, Bureau of Preventable Diseases; Dr. Tibor Fodor, Chief, Division of Epidemiology, Bureau of Preventable Diseases; Dr. Morris Schaeffer, Director of Laboratories; Dr. Daniel Widelock, Deputy Director of Laboratories; Dr. Stephen Millian, Chief, Virus Unit, Division of Laboratories; and an EIS Officer.)

