2021 Nationa

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Supplemental Tables Executive Summary

The National and State Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAI) Progress Report inpatient rehabilitation facilities (IRFs) and long-term acute care hospitals (LTAC The 2020 report includes summary of selected HAIs reported from pediatric and

The supplemental data includes infection-specific standardized infection ratios (
The SIR is the ratio of the observed number of infections (events) to the number
The SIR metrics are calculated using the 2015 national baseline and risk adjusts
NHSN's Guide to the SIR:

https://www.c

This report includes national data for the following HAI and facility types:

Oncology Hospitals	Oncology Locations	Pediatric Hospitals	Pediatric Locations
CLABSI	CLABSI	CLABSI	CLABSI
CAUTI	CAUTI	CAUTI	CAUTI
VAE	VAE	SSI*	
C. difficile		C. difficile	
MRSA bacteremia		MRSA bacteremia	
SSI-COLO and HYST		See Main Progress Report Table 2d	

^{*}National SSI data includes 39 inpatient surgical procedure categories reported

Please refer to the Executive Summary of the full report for the technical apper

al and State HAI Progress Report

plemental Data Tables 'ediatric and Oncology Data

t provides a summary of select HAIs across four healthcare settings; acute care hospitals (ACHs), critical Hs). Data from CAHs are provided in the detailed technical tables but not in the report itself. I oncology locations within ACHs as well as data from pediatric and oncology hospitals. These facility type

SIRs), which measure progress in reducing HAIs compared to the 2015 baseline time period. r of predicted infections (events) for a summarized time period. ment methodology. More information about these metrics can be found at: cdc.gov/nhsn/pdfs/ps-analysis-resources/nhsn-sir-guide.pdf

to NHSN.

ndix of how the Progress Report data are generated.

access hospitals (CAHs),

e-specific data provide national incidence data for 2020

HAI and Patient Population	No. of Oncology Hospitals Reporting ¹	Total Device Days ²
CLABSI, all ⁹ CAUTI, all ⁹ VAE, all ⁹	20 19 9	499,084 146,240 13,195
Laboratory-identified MRSA bacteremia, facility-wide ¹⁰ Laboratory-identified C. difficile, facility-wide ¹⁰	19 19	
COLO Colon surgery HYST Abdominal hysterectomy	14 15	

- 1. The number of reporting facilities from oncology hospitals only included in the SIR calculation.
- 2. The number of device days included in the calculation of the SIR
- 3. Total patient days reported from all inpatient units, excluding counts from CMS-certified rehabilitation and psychi
- 4. Total inpatient admissions reported from all inpatient locations, excluding counts from CMS-certified rehabilitation
- 5. Community-onset events are defined as those that were identified in an inpatient location on the first, second, or
- 6. SSIs included are those classified as deep incisional or organ/space infections following inpatient procedures that
- 7. Percent of facilities with at least one predicted infection (event) that had an SIR significantly greater than or less
- 8. Facility-specific percentiles are only calculated if at least 20 facilities had ≥1.0 predicted HAI in 2021. If a facility's
- 9. Data from all ICUs and wards (and other non-critical care locations). This excludes NICUs. For VAE, pediatric lo IVAC-plus includes those events identified as infection-related ventilator-associated condition (IVAC) and possib
- 10. Hospital-onset events are defined as those that were identified in an inpatient location on the 4th day (or later) a

Total Patient Days³	Total Inpatient Admissions⁴	Inpatient Community- onset events⁵	Number of Procedures ⁶	No. of Infection	ns (Events)
				Observed	Predicted
851,659				437	542.110
852,549				158	148.779
31,686				65	39.845
873,058	133,595	53		64	101.661
864,404	129,697	367		689	1,200.405
			4,092	140	158.592
			3,261	36	30.614

atric locations. Patient days for *C.difficile* further excludes counts from NICUs and well-baby units. n and psychiatric locations. Admissions for C.difficile further excludes counts from NICUs and well-baby units. third day of a patient's admission to the facility. For *C.difficile*, this excluded events in which the patient was not occurred in 2021 with a primary or other than primary skin closure technique, detected during the same admitted than the nominal value of the national SIR for the given HAI type. This is only calculated if at least 10 facilities predicted number of HAIs was <1.0, a facility-specific SIR was neither calculated nor included in the distributions are excluded from SIR since pediatric and neonatal locations are excluded from VAE surveillance. To le ventilator-associated pneumonia (pVAP). IVAC-plus events are a subset of the total VAE, meaning the IVAI after admission to the facility.

Table 2e. National standardized infection ratios (SIRs) and facility-specific Central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSIs), catheter-associand Clostridioides difficile (C.difficile) and surgical site infection colon su

	95% CI	for SIR		Facility-speci	fic SIRs	
SIR	Lower	Upper	No. Facilities with ≥1	No. Facilities v	vith SIR	No. Faciliti
0.000	0.700	2 22 4	40	•	400/	
0.806	0.733	0.884	16	2	13%	2
1.062	0.906	1.238	11	3	27%	0
1.631	1.269	2.066	4			
0.630	0.489	0.799	11	2	18%	0
0.574	0.532	0.618	16	6	38%	2
0.883	0.745	1.038	12	0	0%	0
1.176	0.836	1.610	8	0	0%	0

ecently discharged from the reporting facility in the previous 4 weeks.

nission as the surgical procedure or upon readmission to the same facility.

C-plus events are included in the total VAE SIR as well.

s had ≥ 1.0 predicted HAI in 2021.

tion of facility-specific SIRs.

tal VAE includes IVAC-plus events.

summary SIRs using HAI data reported to NHSN during 2021 by Oncology Hospitals, HAI, and patien itated urinary tract infections (CAUTIs), laboratory-identified methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aururgery and abdomenal hysterectomy

									Percen
es with SIR	5%	10%	15%	2	20%	25%	30%	35%	40%
13%									
0%				•					
				•	٠		•		•
0%									
13%						•	•	•	
0%									
0%									<u>.</u>

nt population:

eus (MRSA) bacteremia

tile Distribution o	f Facility-specific SIRs ⁸
<u> </u>	•

ti	<u>le Distribu</u>	ution of Fa Median	<u>cility-specif</u> i	c SIRs ⁸					
	45%	50%	55%	60%	65%	70%	75%	80%	85%
	-				•				
	•								
	•	•	•	•	•			•	•
	_								

90%	95%	

	HAI and Patient Population	No. of Acute Care Hospitals Reporting from Oncology Locations ¹
CLABSI, all⁴ ICUs⁵ Wards ⁶		496 26 493
CAUTI, all ⁷		489 26 486
VAE, all ⁷ ICU⁵ Ward ⁶		21 12 9

- 1. The number of reporting facilities included in the SIR calculation. Due to SIR exclusion criteria, this may
- 2. Percent of facilities with at least one predicted infection (event) that had an SIR significantly greater than
- 3. Facility-specific percentiles are only calculated if at least 20 facilities had ≥1.0 predicted HAI in 2020. If €
- 4. Data from all ICUs, wards (and other non-critical care locations), and NICUs.
- 5. Data from all ICUs; excludes wards (and other non-critical care locations) and NICUs. For VAE, pediatri
- 6. Data from all wards (for this table wards also include step-down and specialty care areas [including herr
- 7. Data from all ICUs and wards (and other non-critical care locations). This excludes NICUs. For VAE, pe IVAC-plus includes those events identified as infection-related ventilator-associated condition (IVAC) an

NOTE: Risk factors used in the calculation of the number of predicted device-associated infections are list

Total Patient Days	Total Device Days	No. of Infection	ons (Events)		95% CI	for SIR
		Observed	Predicted	SIR	Lower	Upper
5,507,279	2,803,938	2,430	3,448.796	0.705	0.677	0.733
76,351	49,657	54	51.200	1.055	0.800	1.366
5,430,928	2,754,281	2,376	3,397.596	0.699	0.672	0.728
5,289,349	607,340	650	854.499	0.761	0.704	0.821
76,157	43,662	35	43.563	0.803	0.568	1.105
5,213,192	563,678	486	810.937	0.758	0.700	0.820
86,442	16,803	92	55.470	1.659	1.345	2.025
38,892	15,446	81	52.006	1.558	1.245	1.926
47,550	1,357	11	3.464	3.176	1.670	5.520

ed in Appendix A.

be different from the numbers shown in Table 1. These tables contain data from acute care hospitals; as some nor less than the nominal value of the national SIR for the given HAI type. This is only calculated if at leas a facility's predicted number of HAIs was <1.0, a facility-specific SIR was neither calculated nor included in

c locations are excluded from SIR since pediatric and neonatal locations are excluded from VAE surveillan natology/oncology, bone marrow transplant]). For VAE, pediatric locations are excluded from SIR since pediatric locations are excluded from SIR since pediatric and neonatal locations are excluded from VAE survid possible ventilator-associated pneumonia (pVAP). IVAC-plus events are a subset of the total VAE, mear

Table 2e. National standardized infection ratios (SIRs) and facility-specific summary SIRs using HA Central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSIs) and catheter-associated urinary tract infe

No. Facilities with ≥1	Facility-spe		No. Facilitie	s with SIR	
Predicted Infection (Event)	Significantly > I	National SIR	Significantly <	National SIR	5%
	N	%²	N		
422	11	3%	47	11%	0.000
14	0	0%	1	7%	
422	22	5%	17	4%	0.000
269	10	4%	5	2%	0.000
11	1	9%	0	0%	
268	10	4%	2	1%	0.000
8					
7					
1					

such, they exclude data from LTACHs, IRFs, and CAHs. t 10 facilities had ≥ 1.0 predicted HAI in 2020.

the distribution of facility-specific SIRs.

ce.

diatric and neonatal locations are excluded from VAE surveillance. *r*eillance. Total VAE includes IVAC-plus events.

ning the IVAC-plus events are included in the total VAE SIR as well.

I data reported to NHSN during 2020 by facility type, HAI, and patient population: ∋ctions (CAUTIs) in oncology locations across facility types in the acute care hospitals

						<u>Percenti</u>	<u>le Distribut</u>	<u>ion of Faci</u> Median	lity-speci
10%	15%	20%	25%	30%	35%	40%	45%	50%	55%
0.000	0.000	0.195	0.296	0.362	0.433	0.480	0.548	0.597	0.650
0.000	0.000	0.182	0.291	0.359	0.433	0.478	0.548	0.593	0.641
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.350	0.464	0.526	0.609	0.698
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.068	0.344	0.456	0.526	0.611	0.698

fic SIRs ³							
60%	65%	70%	75%	80%	85%	90%	95%
0.718	0.810	0.864	0.925	1.027	1.176	1.409	1.634
0.706	0.807	0.864	0.928	1.025	1.196	1.409	1.634
0.784	0.837	0.926	1.045	1.157	1.374	1.674	1.903
0.784	0.839	0.924	1.029	1.133	1.342	1.710	1.927

HAI and Patient Population	No. of Pediatric Hospitals	
CAUTI, all ⁸	108 99	1,436,228 184,668
Laboratory-identified MRSA bacteremia, facility-wide ⁹ Laboratory-identified C. difficile, facility-wide ⁹	82 81	
COLO Colon surgery HYST Abdominal hysterectomy	620 51	

- 1. The number of reporting facilities from pediatric hospitals only included in the SIR calculation.
- 2. The number of device days included in the calculation of the SIR
- 4. Total inpatient admissions reported from all inpatient locations, excluding counts from CMS-certified rehabilitation
- 6. SSIs included are those classified as deep incisional or organ/space infections following inpatient procedures the
- 7. Percent of facilities with at least one predicted infection (event) that had an SIR significantly greater than or less
- 8. Facility-specific percentiles are only calculated if at least 20 facilities had ≥1.0 predicted HAI in 2020. If a facility's
- 9. Hospital-onset events are defined as those that were identified in an inpatient location on the 4th day (or later) at

				No. of Infection	ons (Events) Predicted
4,573,122 2,705,651				1,352 214	1,980.403 229.348
3,846,251 2,790,598	652,284 582,447	127 833		178 923	148.308 1,157.843
			6,831 56	127 0	167.641 1.075

n and psychiatric locations. Admissions for C.difficile further excludes counts from NICUs and well-baby units.

at occurred in 2020 with a primary or other than primary skin closure technique, detected during the same adm than the nominal value of the national SIR for the given HAI type. This is only calculated if at least 10 facilities s predicted number of HAIs was <1.0, a facility-specific SIR was neither calculated nor included in the distribut fter admission to the facility.



Table 2f. National standardized infection ratios (SIRs) and facility-specific Central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSIs), catheter-assoc and Clostridioides difficile (C.difficile) and surgical site infection colon su

	95% CI	for SIR		Facility-spe	ecific SIRs	
SIR	Lower	Upper	No. Facilities with ≥1 Predicted Infection (Event)	No. Facilitie Significantly >		No. Facilitic
0.683	0.647	0.720	82	2	2%	24
0.933	0.814	1.065	60	6	10%	0
1.200	1.033	1.387	48	2	4%	3
0.797	0.747	0.850		7	11%	13
0.758	0.634	0.898	42	3	7%	0
0.000		2.786	0			

nission as the surgical procedure or upon readmission to the same facility.

s had ≥ 1.0 predicted HAI in 2020.

tion of facility-specific SIRs.

summary SIRs using HAI data reported to NHSN during 2020 by Pediatric Hospitals, HAI, and patient stated urinary tract infections (CAUTIS), laboratory-identified methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus auringery and abdomenal hysterectomy

es with SIR < National SIR	5%	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%	35%	40%
29%	0.239	0.344	0.385	0.406	0.452	0.509	0.525	0.567
0%	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.468	0.502	0.613	0.653
6%	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.418	0.597	0.701	0.756
21%	0.000	0.022	0.180	0.257	0.312	0.364	0.430	0.488
0% 	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

t population: reus (MRSA) bacteremia

45%	Median 50%	55%	60%	65%	70%	75%	80%	85%
0.627	0.651	0.678	0.686	0.728	0.750	0.881	0.925	0.964
0.772	0.812	0.853	0.928	0.954	0.987	1.231	1.514	1.817
0.968	1.040	1.168	1.316	1.508	1.617	1.746	2.107	2.187
0.618	0.641	0.650	0.708	0.736	0.826	0.905	1.025	1.078
0.609	0.667	0.741	0.886	0.949	1.044	1.351	1.420	1.497

90%	95%
1.111 1.870	1.291 2.117
2.395 1.196	2.979 1.340
1.725	2.432

HAI and Patient Population	No. of Acute Care Hospitals Reporting from Pediatric Locations ¹
	594 324 578
	620
	325 594

- 1. The number of reporting facilities included in the SIR calculation. Due to SIR exclusion criteria, this may
- 2. Percent of facilities with at least one predicted infection (event) that had an SIR significantly greater than
- 3. Facility-specific percentiles are only calculated if at least 20 facilities had ≥1.0 predicted HAI in 2020. If a
- 4. Data from all ICUs, wards (and other non-critical care locations), and NICUs.
- 5. Data from all ICUs; excludes wards (and other non-critical care locations) and NICUs. For VAE, pediatric
- 6. Data from all wards (for this table wards also include step-down and specialty care areas [including hem

NOTE: Risk factors used in the calculation of the number of predicted device-associated infections are liste

Total Patient Days	Total Device Days	No. of Infection	ons (Events <u>)</u>		95% CI	for SIR
		Observed	Predicted	SIR	Lower	Upper
5,678,490	· · · · · ·	1,544	2,209.706	0.699	0.665	0.734
1,408,737	670,737	733	1,022.000	0.717	0.667	0.771
4,269,753	1,021,933	811	1,187.706	0.683	0.637	0.731
4,943,057	319,638	403	418.512	0.963	0.872	1.061
1,392,809	205,706	295	317.392	0.929	0.828	1.040
3,550,248	113,932	108	101.120	1.068	0.880	1.284

be different from the numbers shown in Table 1. These tables contain data from acute care hospitals; as s n or less than the nominal value of the national SIR for the given HAI type. This is only calculated if at least facility's predicted number of HAIs was <1.0, a facility-specific SIR was neither calculated nor included in

c locations are excluded from SIR since pediatric and neonatal locations are excluded from VAE surveillane atology/oncology, bone marrow transplant]). For VAE, pediatric locations are excluded from SIR since pediatric locations are excluded from SIR since pediatric locations.

ed in Appendix A.

Table 2e. National standardized infection ratios (SIRs) and facility-specific summary SIRs using HA Central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSIs) and catheter-associated urinary tract infe

No. Facilities with ≥1 Predicted Infection (Event)	Facility-speci No. Facilities v Significantly > Na N	with SIR	No. Facilities Significantly < N		5%
211	1	0%	28	13%	0.000
152	0	0%	30	20%	0.000
164	5	3%	7	4%	0.000
120	13	11%	0	0%	0.000
100	4	4%	0	0%	0.000
21	2	10%	0	0%	0.000

such, they exclude data from LTACHs, IRFs, and CAHs. t 10 facilities had ≥ 1.0 predicted HAI in 2020. the distribution of facility-specific SIRs.

ce.

diatric and neonatal locations are excluded from VAE surveillance.

I data reported to NHSN during 2020 by facility type, HAI, and patient population: ∋ctions (CAUTIs) in pediatric locations across facility types in the acute care hospitals

									Median	
10%	1	5%	20%	25%	30%	35%	40%	45%	50%	55%
0.0	000	0.000	0.195	0.333	0.406	0.488	0.542	0.590	0.660	0.687
0.0	000	0.000	0.065	0.271	0.399	0.458	0.509	0.543	0.608	0.655
0.0	000	0.000	0.211	0.329	0.428	0.461	0.534	0.584	0.622	0.684
0.0	000	0.000	0.222	0.466	0.529	0.587	0.638	0.737	0.853	0.928
0.0	000	0.000	0.326	0.425	0.460	0.563	0.635	0.685	0.768	0.863
0.0	000	0.083	0.553	0.580	0.636	0.678	0.715	0.759	0.807	0.856

60%	65%	70%	75%	80%	85%	90%	95%
0.739	0.801	0.858	0.926	1.014	1.133	1.282	1.462
0.749	0.790	0.882	0.962	1.055	1.126	1.314	1.657
0.787	0.852	0.905	0.962	1.052	1.192	1.305	1.751
0.972	1.114	1.316	1.478	1.594	1.735	1.992	2.605
0.926	1.069	1.199	1.292	1.435	1.586	1.919	2.527
0.905	0.934	0.959	0.969	0.998	1.699	2.286	2.405