

Epidemiologic Notes and Reports

# Salmonella heidelberg Gastroenteritis Aboard a Cruise Ship

An outbreak of gastrointestinal illness occurred aboard the *T.S.S. Festivale*, a Caribbean cruise ship of Panamanian registry owned and operated by Carnival Cruise Lines, on its February 17-24 cruise. The outbreak was detected when several passengers who were ill aboard ship notified the Dade County Health Department and the U.S. Quarantine Office after they disembarked in Miami. On the evening of February 26, a Quarantine Officer in San Juan, where the ship was docked, reviewed the ship's medical log and noted that the outbreak had begun on February 22 and that 32 (3%) of the 1,149 passengers had been seen by the physician for a diarrheal illness during the cruise (Figure 1). An outbreak was also apparently occurring on the present cruise (February 24-March 3): 26 (2%) of the 1,160 passengers and 18 (3%) of the 540 crew had reported having diarrhea to the ship's physician by February 26, and many more passengers were complaining of a gastrointestinal illness. A Public Health Service (PHS) quarantine officer and a PHS sanitarian boarded the ship in St. Martin on February 28 to begin an epidemiologic and environmental investigation.





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE / PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

### Salmonella heidelberg – Continued

A questionnaire survey was conducted on March 1; of the 1,129 (97%) passengers responding, 379 (34%) reported a gastrointestinal illness defined as either watery diarrhea or severe cramps and vomiting; 108 passengers became ill within 48 hours of boarding the ship on February 24. Stool cultures previously obtained from 4 passengers ill during the earlier cruise and from 14 ill crew members, removed from the ship when it docked in St. Thomas on February 27, grew *Salmonella* group B.

A sanitation inspector for the Quarantine Division inspected the ship on March 2. The water was found to have adequate levels of residual chlorine and to be negative for coliforms. Multiple deficiencies in sanitation were found, particularly in food handling and preparation. Records revealed that the ship had not passed earlier sanitation inspections conducted by the Quarantine Division.

On March 3 a second questionnaire was distributed concerning food consumed during the cruise of February 24-March 3. The survey, completed by 93% of passengers, implicated turkey and macaroni salad from the evening buffet on February 24 as vehicles of transmission. Stool cultures were obtained from 21 ill passengers and 6 well passengers before landing; *S. heidelberg* was isolated from 17 (81%) of the ill and 4 (67%) of the well passengers. The same *Salmonella* serotype was cultured from 7 of 35 different food specimens taken from the ship's galley on March 1 and 2; however, the original turkey and macaroni salad from the evening buffet of February 24 were no longer available. Stool specimens were taken from 269 food handlers and tested for salmonellae; more than 60 have been positive for *Salmonella* group B, to date. The food handlers are the employees of Apollo caterers, a Miami-based firm that caters cruise ships.

The following recommendations were made: 1) remove and destroy leftover foods, 2) completely clean and sanitize the galley, 3) screen food handlers for *Salmonella* and remove all those who are positive, 4) make structural improvements in the kitchen's refrigeration systems and dishwashing areas, and 5) provide better supervision and education of galley crew to improve food handling practices. Since these changes would take at least 1 week to implement, the PHS recommended that the company cancel the March 3-10 cruise. The company accepted and agreed to implement these recommendations.

On March 10, the *T.S.S. Festivale* sailed again with a large number of new galley crew members replacing those who had positive *Salmonella* cultures. A small outbreak of gastrointestinal illness occurred during this cruise (Figure 1), and *S. heidelberg* was isolated from 1 new passenger. During the subsequent cruise, which began March 17, only 1 of more that 1,100 passengers reported to the ship's doctor with diarrhea.

Reported by DR Pinks, MD, BH Sierra, MD, South Shore Hospital, Miami; MB Enriquez, MD, R Morgan, MD, N Sokoloff, Dade County Dept of Health; Quarantine Div, Epidemiologic Investigations Laboratory Br, Enteric Diseases Br, Bacterial Diseases Div, Bur of Epidemiology, CDC.

Editorial Note: While shipboard outbreaks of gastrointestinal illness occur yearly (1-2), this is the first time since 1973 that CDC has recommended that a cruise be cancelled because of an outbreak (3). The epidemiologic data and the isolation of *S. heidelberg* from food handlers and food specimens suggested that the ship's principal problems were in the preparation and storage of food.

According to quarantine regulations, the master of a vessel is required to report to the Quarantine Station, within 24 hours before arriving in port, the number of passengers and crew who were seen by the ship's physician for the treatment of diarrhea. CDC usually conducts an epidemiologic and environmental investigation when 3% or more of passengers and crew members experience a diarrheal illness.

The Quarantine Division routinely inspects and scores cruise ships for their adherence to sanitation codes. The results of sanitation inspections on individual cruise ships as well as a monthly summary of the results of the most recent inspections of all cruise ship<sup>5</sup>

### April 6, 1979

#### MMWR

## Salmonella heidelberg — Continued

sailing from or calling at a U.S. port may be obtained from the U.S. Public Health Service, 1015 North American Way, Room 107, Miami, Florida 33132.

### References

1. Merson MH, Hughes JM, Lawrence DN, Wells JG, D'Agnese JJ, Yashuk JC: Food and waterborne disease outbreaks on passenger cruise vessels and aircraft. Journal of Milk and Food Technology 39:285-288, 1976

2. Merson MH, Hughes JM, Wood BT, Yashuk JC, Wells JG: Gastrointestinal illness on passenger cruise ships. JAMA 231:723-727, 1975

3. MMWR 22:217-218, 1973

## Measles and Rubella at a Military Recruit Training Center - Illinois

Investigation of an outbreak of rash illness that occurred during a 6-month period in 1977-1978 at a military recruit training center has indicated that at least 97 ill recruits had infections due to measles virus, rubella virus, or both.

In the period mid-November 1977 to mid-April 1978, 147 recruits sought medical attention for a rash illness at the U.S. Naval Recruit Training Command in Great Lakes, Illinois. All individuals were evaluated by either a physician or physician's assistant. Blood specimens obtained during the acute and convalescent stages were obtained from all patients. As a control group, 2 recruit companies (108 persons) submitted blood specimens at the beginning and end of their 7-week training period. One individual, known to have had a rash illness during his training, was excluded from the control population.

Of the 145 recruits with rash illnesses who had paired blood samples tested for both measles and rubella hemagglutination-inhibition (HI) antibodies, 23 (16%) had 4-fold or greater rises to measles only; 56 (39%), to rubella only; 18 (12%), to both; and 48 (33%), to neither (Table 1). Ninety-seven (67%) of the 145 ill persons developed antibody to at least one of the viruses.

Eight of 105 (8%) serum specimens from controls had a measles HI antibody titer of  $\leq$ 1:10, and 26 of all 107 (24%) controls had an initial rubella HI antibody titer of <1:10. Twenty-one (81%) of these 26 rubella-susceptible individuals seroconverted—that is, had a 4-fold titer rise over the 7-week period; 4 of the 8 (50%) measles-susceptible individuals seroconverted.

Reported by C Juels, MD, MPH, Cdr, Medical Corps, S Walz, MPH, Lt MSC, Navy Environmental Preventive Medicine Unit 2, Norfolk, Virginia; J Maples, MS, LCdr, MSC, N LaChapelle, MSPH, Cdr, MSC, Navy Regional Medical Center, Great Lakes, Illinois; Perinatal Virology Br, Bur of Laboratories, Immunization Div, Bur of State Services, CDC.

 TABLE 1. Serologic responses to measles and rubella among 145 ill naval recruits, Great

 Lakes, Illinois, November 1977-April 1978

Serologic responses	Number	Percent
Four-fold rise	97	67
Measles	23	16
Rubella	56	39
Measles and rubella	- 18	12
No rise	48	33
Total	145	100
65		

## Measles and Rubella - Continued

**Editorial Note:** Measles and rubella are ongoing problems in military recruit populations (1,2). These serologic data indicate that 67% of clinically ill recruits had infections with either measles, rubella, or both. These cases could have been prevented by prior immunization during childhood or adolescence.

The 8% susceptibility rate for measles among the control group is higher than expected (3,4), but it is based on a small sample of individuals. The 24% susceptibility rate for rubella is similar to reported rates for adults in the United States (4-6). The high seroconversion rate to rubella in the control population provides further evidence of the high degree of rubella virus transmission occurring in susceptible recruits (7).

### **References**

- 1. MMWR 27:489, 1978
- 2. MMWR 26:352, 1977

3. Langmuir AD: Medical importance of measles. Am J Dis Child 103:54-56, 1962

4. Preblud SR, Halsey NA, Herrmann KL, Gross FT: Susceptibility to measles and rubella in Merchant Marine cadets, Kingspoint, Long Island, New York, 1977. Presented at the Immunization Conference, Washington, D.C., March 1978

5. Schiff GM, Linneman CC, Shea L, Trimble S: Rubella surveillance and immunization among college women. Obstet Gynecol 43:143-146, 1974

6. Center for Disease Control: Rubella Surveillance, July 1973-December 1975. Atlanta, CDC. Issued August 1976

7. Pollard RB, Edwards EA: Epidemiologic survey of rubella in a military recruit population. Am J Epidemiol 101:431-437, 1975

	13th W	EEK ENDING		CUMU	LATIVE, FIRST 1	3 WEEKS
DISEASE	March 31, 1979	April 1, 1978*	MEDIAN 1974-1978**	March 31, 1979	April 1, 1978*	MEDIAN 1974-1978**
Aseptic meningitis	50	22	35	631	461	461
Brucellosis	1	-	3	19	39	39
Chickenpox	6,700	4,134	4,905	80,321	51,929	53,010
Diphtheria	-	-	4	51	21	50
Encephalitis: Primary (arthropod-borne & unspec.)	10	8	15	122	132	159
Post-infectious	5	2	3	44	36	50
Hepatitis, Viral: Type B	275	248	248	3,312	3,734	3,574
Type A	475	470	667	7,238	6,810	9,006
Type unspecified	196	148	156	2,771	2,000	2,088
Malaria	8	11	5	95	119	80
Measles (rubeola)	416	817	817	3,597	6,889	7,155
Meningococcal infections: Total	55	55	44	844	699	507
Civilian	54	55	44	84L	692	502
Military	1	-	-	3	7	1
Mumps	414	341	1,394	4.827	5,507	16,516
Pertussis	19	29	21	356	570	293
Rubella (German meesles)	361	475	527	3,228	3,326	4,263
Tetanus	1 1	1	1	9	10	10
Tuberculosis	597	641	641	6,774	6,552	7,127
Tularemia	1	-	1	26	16	19
Typhoid fever	10	11	7	100	133	86
Typhus fever, tick-borne (Rky. Mt. spotted)	1	1	1	23	11	12
Venereal diseases:						
Gonormes: Civilian	17,534	16,521	16,521	237.628	225.247	231,732
Military	422	544	537	6,890	5.733	6,645
Svohilis, primary & secondary: Civilian	480	372	372	6.079	5.023	5,450
Military	12	5	6	81	78	78
Rabies in animals	121	59	51	810	618	604

TABLE I. Summary - cases of specified notifiable diseases, U	<b>Jnited States</b>
Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previ	ous weeks.

### TABLE II. Notifiable diseases of low frequency, United States

	CUM. 1979		CUM. 1979
Anthrax	2 <b>+</b> 2	Poliomyelitis: Total	2
Botulism † (Calif. 1)	4	Paralytic	2
Congenital rubella syndrome (Minn. 1, Tex. 1)	8	Psittacosis (Calif. 3)	31
Laprosy (Hawaii 5)	45	Rabies in man	1
Leptospirosis 1	13	Trichinosis (Ups. N.Y. 2)	25
Plague	1	Typhus fever, flea-borne (endemic, murine)	3

\* Delayed reports received for calendar year 1978 are used to update last year's weekly and cumulative totals.

\*\*Medians for gonorrhea and syphilis are based on data for 1976-1978.

†Delayed reports: Botulism: N.Mex. +2 (1978); Leptospirosis: Ore. +8 (1978)

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REPORTING AREA	ASEPTIC MENIN GITIS	CEL- Losis	POX	DIPHT	HERIA	Pri	mary	Post-in-	B		Unspecified	MA	ARIA			
	1979	1979	1979	1979	CUM. 1979	1979	1978*	1979	1979	1979	1979	1979	CUM 1979			
UNITED STATES	50	1	6,700	-	51	10	8	5	275	475	196	8	95			
NEW ENGLAND	-	_	985	_	-	2	-	1	15	14	16	,				
Maine	-	-	73	-	_	-	-	-	12	17	12	-	2			
N.H.	-	-	19		-	-	-	-	;	4	-	-	-			
VL	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	_	i	-	-	-			
Mass.	-	-	311	-	-	1	-	-	5	4	14	1	1			
HL1.		-	58		-	-	-	1	3	3	-	-	3			
Conn.	ň.,	-	513	-	-	1	-	-	4	1	1	-	1			
MID. ATLANTIC	12	-	273	-	-	-	1	1	26	30	7	1	13			
Upstate N.Y.	10	-	161	-	-	-	1	ī	- 9	13	i	-	2			
N.Y. City	2	-	112	-	-	-	-	-	5	9	2	1	9			
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Ohio +	2	-	2,738	-	-	-	1	1	69	74	7	1	6			
Ind	_	-	335	-	-	-	1	1	17	24	-	-	3			
111.	-	-	340	-	-	-	-	-	9	6	4	-	-			
Mich.	2		740	-	-	-	-	-	21	24	1	1	1			
Wis.	_		573	_	-	-	-	-	10	19	-	-	2			
WN CENTRAL	-									•						
Minn	2	1	965	-	-	-	-	-	8	29	8	-	3			
Gwa	2		223	-	-	-	-	-	4	14	1	-	2			
Ma.	-	-	332	-	-	_	_	_	2	4	2					
N. Dak.t	-	-	42	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-		-			
S. Dak.	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-			
Nebr.	-	1	132	-	-	-	-	_	1	ĩ	1	-	-			
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Md.	3	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	3	-	3			
U.C.	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	4	ī	-	-	4			
Va.†	1	-	93	-	-	-	-	1	12	5	4	1	6			
No	1	-	265	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1			
S.C.	3	-	NN	-	-	-	2	-	7	11	1	-	1			
Ga	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	1			
Fia. †	3	_	204	-	-	_	-	-	9	17	-	-	1			
ES CENTRAL	-								•	27	,		•			
Ky	7	-	295	-	-	1	-	-	31	50	4	-	-			
Tenn	-	-	234	-	-	-	-	-	5	13	1	-	-			
Ala	2	-	NN	-	-	-	-	-	15	15	1	-	-			
Miss.	-		11	-	-	-	-	-	10	16	2	-	-			
W.S. CENTRAL									-	-						
Ark	3	-	326	-	-	2	1	1	25	77	58	-	8			
La	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	2	-	1			
Okla,	-	-	NN	-	-	1	-	-	10	11	3	-	-			
Tex. †	3	-	322	3 <b>-</b> 2	-	ī	-	1	5	56	50	-	- 7			
MOLINEAU													-			
Mont	-	-	90	-	1	-	-	-	5	40	43	-	2			
Idaho	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-			
Wyo.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-			
Colo.	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1			
N. Mex.	-		40	-	_	-	-	-	1		1	-	1			
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PACIFIC	10				5.0	,										
Wash. †	13	-	446	_	50	2	3	-	50	93	36	3	36			
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Mar Intern	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-			

### TABLE III. Cases of specified notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending March 31 1979 and April 1 1978 (13th week)

NN: Not notifiable. NA: Not available. Delayed reports received for 1978 are not shown below but are used to update last year's weekly and cumulative totals. Served reports received for 1978 are not shown below but are used to upoate tast years swessivy and cumulative upoas. The following delayed reports will be reflected in next week's cumulative totals: Asep. meng.: Ohio +1, Fla. +11, Tex. -1; Chickenpox: Fla. +331, Calif, \*360; Enceph. prim:: Wash. -1; Enceph. post: Fla. +2; Hep. B: W. Va. +1, Fla. +20, Tex. -1, Alaska -1; Hep. A: N.J. +2, N. Dak. +1, Va. -1, W. Va. -1, Fla. +34, Tex. -5; Hep. unsp.: N.J. -2, W. Va. -1, Fla. +6, Tex. -3, Alaska +1; Malaria: Fla. +2.

	N	IEASLES (RU	BEOLA)	MENING	OCOCCAL IN Total	FECTIONS	N	MUMPS	PERTUSSIS	PERTUSSIS RUBELL		A TETANUS	
REPORTING AREA	1979	CUM. 1979	CUM. 1978*	1979	CUM. 1979	CUM. 1978*	1979	CUM. 1979	1979	1979	CUM. 1979	CUM. 1979	
UNITED STATES	416	3,597	6,889	55	844	699	414	4,827	19	361	3,228	9	
NEW ENGLAND	з	113	562	2	25	42	8	219	1	70	398	-	
Maine	-	4	328	-	1	3	1	89	-	-	11	-	
N.H.†	-	e	11	-	4	5	-	2	-	1	24	-	
Vt.	د	6		1	2	1		4	-	17	139	-	
Mass.	_	100	16	_	°,	14	1	16	-	44	142	-	
K.I. Conn		100	130	-	11	11	5	9	-	_	74	-	
Conn.		-	130				,		L	a	14	-	
MID. ATLANTIC	33	272	527	6	117	86	52	351	4	47	414	2	
Upstate N.Y.	9	133	368	1	42	30	2	48	à	14	128	ī	
N.Y. City	22	108	83	4	34	23	5	42	1	9	46	1	
N.J.	2	23	7	1	31	16	45	199	-	24	170	-	
Pa.	NA	8	69	-	10	17	NA	62	NA	NA	70	-	
E.N. CENTRAL	86	798	2,601	3	74	67	209	2,085	-	68	802	1	
Ohio	-	4	144	-	22	15	125	700	-	-	24	-	
Ind.	8	17	46	1	17	12	15	130	-	31	216	-	
III.	29	184	359	-	3	9	14	332	-	-	55	-	
Mich.	22	326	1,652	1	25	27	16	406	-	47	424	1	
WIS. T	27	207	400	1		4	39	517	-	10	83	-	
W.N. CENTRAL	46	384	72	3	31	28	9	333	-	5	119	-	
Minn.	37	172	14	2	6	4	1	3	-	-	13	-	
lowa	-	2	8	-	4	. 4	6	110	-	2	41	-	
MO. N. Date		199	. 4	-	16	13	-	108	-	-	15	-	
S Dak	_	2		-	-	-		1	_	-	8	-	
Nehr t	_	-	3	_	-	-	-	2	-	_		_	
Kans.	-	8	26	1	3	5	1	106	-	3	42	-	
S ATLANTIC	55	453	1.784	13	197	200	19	178	,	10	244	,	
Del.	-	-	4	12		200	2	8	÷	-	1	-	
Md.	-	5	i	4	15	8	5	26	-	-	-	-	
D.C.	-	-	47	-	_	1	_	1	-	-	-	-	
Va.t	1	62	1,215	1	35	28	-	39	-	5	15	-	
W. Va.	2	34	264	-	Э	5	5	44	2	2	53	-	
N.C.	8	68	40	2	34	43	3	20	-	1	71	2	
S.C.T	-	30	126	-	31	15	-	2	1	1	28	-	
Ga. Fla.†	42	219	5 82	3	37	27	1	3	3	1	2	-	
				2	40		-		•				
E.S. CENTRAL	6	59	531	10	69	58	14	495	-	13	118	2	
К <b>ү</b> .	2	13	52	1	13	11	10	417	-	-	36	-	
ienn.	1	11	367		21	19	2	50	-	2	51	-	
Miss.	1	20	87	3	18	13	1	19	-	2	17	-	
							-	• •					
W.S. CENTRAL	81	438	448	7	156	96	67	707	5	21	98	2	
1.2	49	144	201	1	13	27	2	204	_	_	16	-	
Okla †	-		201	<u>_</u>	11	6	-	23	_	2	16	- 1	
Tex. †	32	284	237	6	56	49	59	420	5	12	67		
MOUNTAIN	2	70	7.9	3	42		7	140	,	6	143	_	
Mont	ĩ	23	55	-	72			149	1	2	20	-	
Idaho	i	2	ĩ	-	3	î	-	2	-	2	84	14	
Wyo.	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	_	1	_	-	
Colo.	-	6	11	-	1	2	2	48	-	-	14		
N. Mex.	-	9	-	-	2	2	2	4	-	-	-	-	
Ariz.	-	15	6	-	27	3	2	11	-	-	11		
Utah	-	13	1	-	3	1	1	71	-	-	5		
Nev.	-	2	4	3	4	1	-	8	-	-	-	-	
PACIFIC	104	1,010	286	8	133	111	29	310	1	94	892		
Wash.†	58	429	32	2	18	18	10	130	-	12	61		
Oreg.	10	19	11	-	9	4	2	29	-	4	40	-	
Calif.	33	499	176	5	100	85	15	131	1	78	764	-	
Hawaii	-	14	-	1	2	3	_	5	-	~	1	-	
· ···· · ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	د	49	1	-	4	7	2	15	-	-	6	-	
Curr											-		
PR	11	120	1	_	-	-	NA 60	7/ 4	NA	NA	.1	-	
V.I.	11	120	6	-	_	_	+0	240	-	8		1	
Pac. Trust Terr.	NA	ŝ	288	-	1	2	NA		NA	NA	_		
											-	_	

### TABLE III (Cont.'d). Cases of specified notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending March 31, 1979, and April 1, 1978 (13th week)

NA: Not available.

\*Delayed reports received for 1978 are not shown below but are used to update last year's weekly and cumulative totals.

The following delayed reports will be reflected in next week's cumulative totals: Measles: Wis. -14, Fla. +66, Tex. -3; Men. inf.: Va. -1, S.C. -1, Fla. +6, Okla. +5; Mumps: Fla. +6; Pertussis: Tex. -1, Wash. +1; Rubella: N.H. +3, Wis. +2, Nebr. +58, Fla. +19, Tex. +2.

	111110011110004444					TYPHUS FEVER		R VENEREAL DISEASES (Civilian)								
REPORTING AREA		RCULOSIS	REMIA	FE	VER	(Tick- (Ri	borne) MSF)		GONORRHEA		SYP	H1LIS (Pri. 8	Sec.)	(in Animals		
	1979	CUM. 1979	CUM. 1979	1979	CUM. 1979	1979	CUM. 1979	1979	CUM. 1979	CUM. 1978*	1979	CUM. 1979	CUM. 1978°	CUM. 1979		
JNITED STATES	597	6,774	26	10	100	1	23	17,534	237,628	225,247	480	6.079	5,023	81 0		
NEW ENGLAND	15	193	1	1	8	-	-	287	6,261	5,680	8	107	166	14		
Maine	-	13	-	2	ĩ	-	-	53	420	410	-	1	3	13		
N.H.		3	-	-	-		-	15	199	276		2	1	1		
Vt.	-	6	-	-	-	-		4	102	146	-	-	-	-		
Mass.	13	119	1		. 4	-	-	4	2.485	2,530	8	74	109	-		
R.1.	-	12	-	-	1	-	-	57	531	377	-	3	4	-		
-onn.	3	40	-	1	2	-	-	154	2,524	1,941	-	21	49			
MID. ATLANTIC	90	1,091	1	1	15		3	1,620	25,402	25,015	- 11	973	660	6		
Upstate N.Y.	26	194	1		3	-	3	516	4.814	3,778	1	82	41	0		
N. T. City	45	420	-	1	6			923	91011	4 536	10	129	490	2		
Pa.	NA	283	-	NA	1	NA		NA	6,418	6,614	NA	110	80			
E.N. CENTRAL	80	040		,	7		2	7.564	36.615	31.232	15	754	508	48		
Dhio t	16	187	- 2	- 2			2	1.072	10,147	8,316		157	94	4		
nd.	18	147		-	-	-		187	2.924	3.320	-	43	28	9		
W	19	352	-	1	4	-	_	394	11.569	8.960	2	433	326	22		
Mich.	32	245	-	ĩ	3	-	-	689	8.635	7,596	10	93	45	12		
Wis.	4	38	-	-	-	-	-	222	3,340	3,040	3	28	15	13		
W.N. CENTRAL	18	224	9	-	3	-	1	824	11,360	11,203	16	84	115	168		
Minn.	2	26	-	-	2	-	-	109	1,986	2,143	4	25	47	44		
owa	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	180	1,550	1,361	-	7	11	41		
Mo.	10	121	7	-	1	-	-	332	4,726	4,262	10	36	28	41		
N. Dak.	2	9	-	-	-	-	-	25	198	268	-	-	2	11		
a Dak.	-	13	1	-	-	-	-	30	379	430		-	1	10		
Kans.	1	3 29	1	-	2	-	ī	88 60	1,762	1,865	2	15	23	21		
S ATLANTIC	176	1 593	,	3	12	22		4.711	56.812	53.997	113	1.540	1.363	107		
Del.	1/0	12	-	- 1		-	1	84	919	902		9		. –		
Md.	22	218	-	1	5	-	4	511	6,950	7,216	6	104	91	r –		
D.C.	10	71	-		ĩ	-	_	274	3,534	3,525	9	109	114			
Va. †	27	190	-	1	2	-	-	536	5,425	5,020	12	159	124	3		
W. Va.	2	56	-	_	_	-		70	829	830	-	21	4			
N.C.†	26	266	-	-	-	-	4	533	8,756	7,126	5	138	109	. –		
S.C.	5	61	1	1	1	-	1	519	4,805	5,035	9	85	63	1 37		
Ga.	35	239	-	-	-	-	-	1.057	10,900	10,453	29	408	324	66		
Fla.†	49	470	-	-	Э			1,127	14,694	13.890	43	507	529	5 1		
E.S. CENTRAL	43	619	4	-	6	-		1.629	20.617	18,995	28	428	22	32		
Ky. †	12	136	2	-	2	-		152	2,770	2,183	3	44	2 5	5 10		
Tenn.	9	178	2	-	1	-	1	481	7.171	7,162	10	177	8	2 12		
Ala.	17	131	_	-	3	-	4	623	6,219	5,434	8	88	2 '	9 10		
Miss.	5	174	-	-	-	-	-	- 373	4,457	4,216	7	119	9			
W.S. CENTRAL	70	801	4	_	6	1	2	2.010	31,267	31,974	79	1,044	77	L 345		
Ark,	13	56	ż	-	_	1	1	81	2,395	2.452	- <u>~</u>	32	21	3 72		
La.	26	199	ī	-	-		-	265	5,401	5,127	13	237	16	3 2		
Okla.	2	104		-	-	-	-	220	2,764	2,832	6	21	21	3 61		
Tex.	29	442	1	-	6	7	1	1,444	20,707	21,563	60	754	55	210		
MOUNTAIN	11	193	5	1	6	-	{ 1	615	8,917	8,416	14	85	10			
Mont.	-	5	- ÷	-	-		-	- 27	4 3 9	516	-	4		5 -		
daho		4	-	1	1	-		- 19	407	292	1	1				
Wyo.	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	- 26	238	195	-	3				
	-	13	-	-	1	-	· -	- 191	2,498	2,327	1	28	3.	2		
N. Mex.	5	33	1	-	1		-	- 126	1,181	1,163		10	31			
Ariz,	3	111	-	-	2	-	-	- 87	2,380	2,103	8	19	2			
Nev.	- ٦	5 19	4	-	-	1	Ĩ	- 48 91	457	522 1,298	3	12	1			
PACIFIC	, .	1.1.1.1	6 AF			12		2.374	40-377	39.716	130	1.064	1.10	81		
Wash.	84	1,101		6	1			530	3.376	2.629	NA	40	- 4	9		
Orea.	2	2**		- 2	-	5		- 174	2.631	2.710	5	47	3.	2		
Calif	כ ריד	010			20			- 2.410	32.427	31.408	123	952	1.00	9 79		
Alaska †	.2	210	-	-				- 94	1 . 302	1.238	2	5		5 2		
Hawaii	4	67	-	π	7		2	57	641	750		20	1	2		
•																
P.R.	NA	9	-	NA	-	NA	i i	- NA	16 4 80	34	NA	142	10	6 1		
V.I.	2	1	-	-	-				40	55	-					
ac. Trust Terr	NA	8	- 2	NA		NA		- NĂ	47	124	NA	-				
that fall.	144	0							••	,						

# TABLE III (Cont.'d). Cases of specified notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending March 31, 1979, and April 1, 1978 (13th week)

NA: Not available. \*Delayed reports received for 1978 are not shown below but are used to update last year's weekly and cumulative totals. \*Delayed reports received for 1978 are not shown below but are used to update last year's weekly and cumulative totals. The following delayed reports will be reflected in next week's cumulative totals: TB: Ohio -2, N.C. -1, Fla. -1, Ky. -1, Alaska -1; T. Fever: Va. -1; An. <sup>rabies</sup>: Ky. +2.

### TABLE IV. Deaths in 121 U.S. cities,\* week ending March 31, 1979 (13th week)

	T	ALL CAUS	ES, BY AGE	(YEARS)				ALL CAUSES, BY AGE (YEARS)					
REPORTING AREA	ALL AGES	ALL AGES >65 45-64 25-44 <1		<1	P&I** TOTAL	REPORTING AREA	ALL AGES	>85	45-64	25-44	<1	P& I** TOTAL	
NEW ENGLAND	668	441	160	26	29	40	S. ATLANTIC	1,072	642	275	65	46	40
Boston, Mass.	195	123	51	10	9	13	Atlanta, Ga.	121	72	33	8	4	4
Bridgeport, Conn.	36	21	14	1	-	1	Baltimore, Md.	184	98	48	11	14	-
Cambridge, Mass. Coll Diver Mere	20	14		4	-	2	Charlotta, N.C.	53	34	11	4	4	2
Hartford, Conn.	43	24	9	3	6	_	Miami, Fla.	106	45	22	6	5	- 7
Lowell, Mass.	29	22	4 =		ī	-	Norfolk, Va.	63	38	14	8	ź	2
Lynn, Mass.	20	14	5	-	1	-	Richmond, Va.	86	54	22	5	2	8
New Bedford, Mass.	20	13	.4	1	-	2	Savannah, Ga.	48	25	12	3	5	5
New Haven, Conn.	48	26	13	2	2	1	St. Petersburg, Fla.	78	60	11	4	-	3
Somerville, Mass.	12	12	- 20	-	-	ī	Washington, D.C.	123	73	20	10	و ۵	
Springfield, Mass.	37	24	9	1	1	5	Wilmington, Del.	58	36	20	-	2	ĩ
Waterbury, Conn.	32	22	9	-	1	4						-	
Worcester, Mass.	71	52	13	3	3	7							
							E.S. CENTRAL	695	427	179	27	27	34
MID. ATLANTIC	2.142	1.433	468	107	59	84	Chattanoona Tann	137	37	96	5	3	5
Albany, N.Y.	- 44	27	8	1	3	-	Knoxville, Tenn.	52	38	13	-	-	-
Allentown, Pa.	18	12	0	-	-	-	Louisville, Ky.	116	71	34	Э	5	12
Buffalo, N.Y.	142	92	32	6	6	12	Memphis, Tenn.	140	87	39	5	1	5
Carnon, N.J. Elizobeth N.I.	38	28		2	-	-	Mobile, Ala.	51	30	13	1	2	-
Enia, Palt	22	15	á	2	1	3	Nashville Tenn.	102	63	25	ŝ	3	2
Jersey City, N.J.	59	40	9	3	3	ī		101			-	-	
Newark, N.J.	43	22	15	1	4	1							
N.Y. City, N.Y.	1,387	932	294	82	29	50	W.S. CENTRAL	973	562	248	74	41	42
Philadelphia Pat	30	100	8	20	5	14	Austin, Tex.	54	40	8	2	2	5
Pittsburgh, Pa. 1	71	45	23	1	ĩ	6	Baton Houge, La.	42	25	9	_	6	1
Reading, Pa.	42	32	10	-	-	3	Dallas, Tex.	183	97	56	17	8	3
Rochester, N.V.	112	80	28	2	1	11	El Paso, Tex.	54	29	14	5	2	5
Schenectady, N.Y.	26	22	4	-	-	-	Fort Worth, Tex.	80	41	18	10	6	4
Serance NY	24	19	16	1	-	2	Houston, Tex	122	60	36	17	-	÷
Trenton, N.J.	29	15	11	2	-	1	LITTLE HOCK, Ark.	51	4U 52	27	2	1	1
Utica, N.Y.	23	16	5	2	-	2	San Antonio, Tex	134	82	33	ė	8	- 4
Yankers, N.Y.	28	17	9	1	1	1	Shreveport, La. Tulia, Okla.	62 65	36 43	22 11	2	2	1
E.N. CENTRAL	2,219	1,363	561	137	81	59							
Akron, Ohio	76	51	19	4	1	-	MOUNTAIN	592	347	124	47	35	29
Canton, Ohio	55	34	16	40	-		Albuquerque, N. Mex.	. 56	33	11	6	3	4
Chicago, III. Cincingati Ohio	128	81	29	11	6	3	Denver, Colo	117	23	14	5	1	3
Cleveland, Ohio	172	98	43	12	ÿ		Las Vegas, Nev.	12	27	25	6	ĭ	7
Columbus, Ohio	139	95	27	11	2	2	Ogden, Utah	22	15	2	3	2	2
Dayton, Ohio	108	67	28	6	. 4	4	Phoenix, Ariz.	125	67	31	12	8	3
Detroit, Mich.	292	25	28	1	12		Pueblo, Colo.	19	15	3	1	-	د
Fort Wayne Ind.	50	39	6	ż	1	2	Tucson Ariz.	98	59	24	6	6	-
Gary, Ind.	21	13	7	i	-	-				- ·	-	-	
Grand Rapids, Mich.	65	49	13	-	3	4							
Incianapolis, Ind.	140	77	46	4	6	10	PACIFIC	1,817	1,150	417	108	69	64
Madison, Wis. Milwashan Wir	115	80	26	-	5	3	Barkeley, Calif.	21	17		-	-	10
Peoria, III.	37	23	10	ž	ĩ	4	Glendale Calif.	22	17	15	-	-	-
Rockford, III.	41	29	8	3	-	3	Honolulu, Hawaii	60	34	21	3	1	1
South Bend, Ind.	50	29	14	4	1	1	Long Beach, Calif.	94	58	30	1	2	1
Tolada, Ohia	92	60	23		1	-	Los Angeles, Calif.	588	367	140	44	15	20
Toungstown, Onio	22	31	a	2	e.	-	Pasadena, Calif.	24	20	4	;	-	-
W.N. CENTRAL	799	522	180	33	32	20	Sacramento Calif	109	47	26	3	1	
Des Moines, Iowa	58	36	17	1	3	1	San Diego, Calif.	162	101	34	11	ž	2
Duluth, Minn.	27	17	7	1	2	6	San Francisco, Calif.	137	81	36	7	в	-
Kansas City, Kans.	25	14	5	3	2	-	San Jose, Calif.	152	96	32	1	4	1
Kansas City, Mo.	143	90	35	5	7	3	Seattle, Wash	142	93	29	10	4	7
Lincoln, Mibr. Minneanolis Minn	40	50	8	4	-	-	Tacoma Wash.	54	36 7 C	15	1	2	6
Omaha, Nebr.	92	65	19	1	4	-	A DECORDE, AN BEALT.	50	37	7	-	2	,
St. Louis, Mo.	196	124	50	11	6	3							
St. Paul, Minn.	10	52	4	5	2	-	TOTAL	10,977	6,887	2,612	624	419	412
wichita, Kans.	86	51	22	1	3	6	Expected Number	11,040	6,923	2,766	659	402	438

\*Mortality data in this table are voluntarily reported from 121 cities in the United States, most of which have populations of 100,000 or more. A death is reported by the place of its occurrence and by the week that the death certificate was filed. Fetal deaths are not included. \*Preumonia and influenza

TBecause of changes in reporting methods in these 4 Pennsylvania cities, there will now be 117 cities involved in the generation of the expected values used to monitor pneumonia and influenza activity in the United States. Data from these 4 cities will appear in the tables but will not be included in the totals for the United States and the Middle Atlantic Region.

# Staphylococcal Food Poisoning - Florida

In November 1978, a Thanksgiving dinner shared by approximately 350 students, faculty, and guests at a college in Florida resulted in an outbreak of staphylococcal food poisoning. At least 54 individuals developed an illness characterized by the abrupt onset of nausea and vomiting, followed by diarrhea. None reported fever. The onset of the majority of cases was 4 to 5 hours after eating; the range was 2 to 8 hours. Two persons were hospitalized.

Food histories obtained from 64 persons who ate the meal incriminated ham as the vehicle of spread (p<0.001). Bacterial cultures of leftover food items confirmed the epidemiologic findings;  $> 10^7$  *Staphylococcus aureus* colonies per gram were isolated from the ham and turkey. Phage typing was not done, and no specimens from patients or food handlers were cultured.

Because of the holiday, the dinner was prepared by a large number of students instead of the usual kitchen personnel. Interviews with these students indicated that hams and turkeys had been partially thawed at room temperature and that the temperature controls on the ovens used for cooking were not functioning properly. The sliced ham and turkey had been stored at temperatures favorable for the growth of *S. aureus* (< 60 C; < 140 F) for as long as 8 hours before serving.

Reported by JA Barstow, JS Coles, A McCallister, RA Miller, MSEH, JS Rayl, MA Weise, Martin County Health Dept; RM Yeller, MD, State Epidemiologist, Florida State Dept of Health; Enteric Diseases Br, Bacterial Diseases Div, Bur of Epidemiology, CDC.

Editorial Note: Improper thawing of meat and storing of prepared foods provided the conditions necessary for this outbreak to occur. This incident serves as a reminder of the importance of having trained, supervised personnel involved in the preparation of food for the public—a consideration overlooked by some institutions and establishments during holiday seasons.

## International Notes

# **Quarantine Measures**

The following changes should be made in the "Supplement—Health Information for International Travel,"MMWR, Vol. 27, September 1978:

# URUGUAY

Smallpox – Change code to III. ALSO on page 18 change code to III.

VENEZUELA

 $S_{mallpox}$  — Delete all information. Insert code III >6 mos. ALSO on page 18 change code to III. WAKE ISLAND

Smallpox - Delete code. Insert: None. ALSO on page 18 delete code. Insert: None.

# Current Trends

# Primary and Secondary Syphilis - United States, December 1978

Reported cases of primary and secondary syphilis numbered 1,832 in December 1977 and 1.921\* in December 1978, representing an increase of 4.9%. This is the 10th consecutive month that more infections were reported compared to the same month of the previous year. In calendar year 1978, 21,681 cases were reported-5.6% more than the number reported in 1977.

Thirty-one areas reported an increase in the number of cases occurring in 1978 compared to 1977, but only 9 of these areas have experienced an increase of more than 100 cases. Twenty-five areas reported fewer cases, and 3 areas reported the same number of cases in 1978 compared to 1977 (Table 2). Reported early latent (less than 1 year's duration) syphilis cases increased 3.3% to 16,816 during 1978 compared to the same period in 1977.

Reported by the Venereal Disease Control Div, Bur of State Services, CDC.

\*provisional data

TABLE 2. Summary of reported primary and secondary syphilis cases, by reporting area. December 1978 and December 1977 (provisional data)

Reparting Area by HEW Region	December		Calandar Year Consolution Instance Barranium		Reporting Area by HEW Region	December		Calendar Year Cumulative January-December		Reporting Area by HEW Region	Dacember		Calendar Year Cumulative January-December	
-	1970	1977	1971	1977	-	1978	1977	1978	1977	1	1978	1977	1978	1977
Connecticut	1	17	171	186	Illinois					Arizona	- 8	6	113	153
Maint	1	1	10	28	(Excl. Chicago)	16	6	157	144	California	_			
Managerine per sta	21	38	342	547	Chicago	98	94	1,375	1,034	(Eacl. LA & SE)	129	151	1.699	1.586
New Hampshire	1	1	1	6	Indiana					Los Angeles"	136	133	1,700	1.447
Rhode Island	5	3	25	14	(Excl. Indianapolis)	6 1	12	87	98	San Francisco	43	66	611	832
Varingett	0	a (	3	6	Indianapolis"	8	8	78	59	Hawaii	3	6	44	38
REGION I TOTAL	45	64	562	717	Michigan	39	29	255	267	Nevada	3	Ō	57	17
				1	Minorseta	7	15	146	158	REGION IN TOTAL	322	362	4 274	4 073
Mag Jarmy	29	41	357	374	Obin	44	42	465	479					
New York				1	Wisconsin	10	8	73	110	Alatka	0	0	12	29
(Excl. WYC)	21	24	221	273	PEGION V TOTAL	231	212	2 8 36	2 349	Idaho	ō	ō	1 'q	7
New York City	221	187	2,043	1,856				-,		Grenon	13	13	170	144
REGION II TOTAL	271	252	2,628	2,583	Arkansas	9	3	77	66	Weshington	24	17	266	260
					Louisiana	69	60	733	668	REGION X TOTAL	37	30	457	440
Delamore	0	1	12	17	New Maxico	6	19	87	101					
<b>Outrict of Columbia</b>	28	27	487	536	Oklahoma	5	14	94	89	UNITED STATES				
Maryland				-	Texas	307	213	2.637	2.124	TOTAL	1,921	1,832	21,681	20,535
(Excl. Baltimore)	13	6	167	155	REGION VI TOTAL	396	309	3 628	3 048					
Bai bimore	16	18	275	265				-,		Puerto Rico	41	46	535	604
Penerylvania			1		lawa	1	1	37	37	Virgin Islands	3	1	27	13
(Excl. Philadelphia)	9	21	104	176	Kansas	3	2	86	56	UNITED STATES				
Philadelphia	19	16	223	251	Missouri	17	19	152	170	INCLUDING				
Virginia	39	59	476	549	Nebraska	2	0	15	25	DUTLYING AREAS	1,965	1,879	22,243	21,152
West Virginia	2	1	32	5	REGION VII TOTAL	23	22	290	288					
REGION III TOTAL	126	145	1,696	1,154									L	
					Colerado	8	12	120	123					
Alahama	20	11	199	164	Montana	0	1	8	8					
Florida	181	155	1,977	1 828	North Dakgia	1	0	3	3					
Georgia			f		South Dakoto	0	3	3	14	Note Cumulative total	s include r	evised ani	i delayed r	eports
(Excl. Atlanta)	55	65	818	801	Urah	1	3	14	13	through previous	months.			
Atlanta*	46	56	584	471	Wyoming	0	1	6	4	Source CDC 0.00 HE		0.000	0.0	
Kentecky	9	1	150	111	REGION VIN TOTAL	10	20	154	165	Atlanta Gange	- 30212	uc, asa,	VD Contro	Division
Minnesper	31	21	392	252						entanta, deora				
North Carolina	45	47	610	7112										
South Carolina	17	24	289	265										
Tennemer	49	26	387	256		1								
REGION IV TOTAL	451	416	5,486	4,538										
*County data					· · · _ · _ /									

The Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, circulation 90,000, is published by the Center for Disease Control, Atlanta, Georgia. The data in this report are provisional, based on weekly telegraphs to CDC by state health departments. The reporting week concludes at close of business on Friday; compiled data on a national basis are officially released to the public on the succeeding Friday.

The editor welcomes accounts of interesting cases, outbreaks, environmental hazards, or other <sup>public</sup> health problems of current interest to health officials. Send reports to: Center for Disease <sup>Control</sup>, Attn: Editor, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, Atlanta, Georgia 30333.

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Director, Center for Disease Control \* William H. Foege, M.D. Director, Bureau of Epidemiology Philip S. Brachman, M.D. Editor Michael B. Gregg, M.D. Managing Editor Anne D. Mather, M.A.

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