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Active Investigations of Multistate Foodborne Outbreaks

Last updated November 29, 2023 (updated every Wednesday)

CDC typically coordinates between 17 and 36 investigations of foodborne illnesses involving multiple states each week. The table below shows the number of active CDC investigations for *Campylobacter*, Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, and *Salmonella*. It also includes links to any current CDC outbreak notices.

Germ	Number of Active Multistate Investigations	Current CDC Investigation Notices or Food Safety Alerts
<i>Campylobacter</i>	0	<ul style="list-style-type: none">No active notices or alerts
<i>E. coli</i>	5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">No active notices or alerts
<i>Listeria</i>	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Food Safety Alert: Peaches, Nectarines, and Plums
<i>Salmonella</i>	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Food Safety Alert: Fresh Diced OnionsFood Safety Alert: Cantaloupes

CDC works closely with our federal regulatory partners, FDA and USDA-FSIS, on foodborne outbreak investigations. For more information about how they work to identify and remove contaminated food from the market, visit their website:

- [FDA Investigations](#) 
- [USDA-FSIS Investigations](#) 

Foodborne outbreaks are sometimes caused by other germs. For more information about these outbreaks, visit these websites:

- [CDC Current Outbreak List](#)
- [Cyclospora](#)
- [Hepatitis A virus \(HAV\)](#)
- [Shigella](#)
- [Vibrio](#)

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Source: [Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases \(NCEZID\), Division of Foodborne, Waterborne, and Environmental Diseases \(DFWED\)](#)