



## Foodborne Outbreaks

# Active Investigations of Multistate Foodborne Outbreaks

*Last updated October 18, 2023 (updated every Wednesday)*

CDC typically coordinates between 17 and 36 investigations of foodborne illnesses involving multiple states each week. The table below shows the number of active CDC investigations for *Campylobacter*, Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, and *Salmonella*. It also includes links to any current CDC outbreak notices.

Germ	Number of Active Multistate Investigations	Current CDC Investigation Notices or Food Safety Alerts
<a href="#">Campylobacter</a>	0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>No active notices or alerts</li></ul>
<a href="#">E. coli</a>	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>No active notices or alerts</li></ul>
<a href="#">Listeria</a>	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Food Safety Alert: <a href="#">Ice Cream</a></li></ul>
<a href="#">Salmonella</a>	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>No active notices or alerts</li></ul>

CDC works closely with our federal regulatory partners, FDA and USDA-FSIS, on foodborne outbreak investigations. For more information about how they work to identify and remove contaminated food from the market, visit their website:

- [FDA Investigations](#)
- [USDA-FSIS Investigations](#)

Foodborne outbreaks are sometimes caused by other germs. For more information about these outbreaks, visit these websites:

- [CDC Current Outbreak List](#)
- [Cyclospora](#)
- [Hepatitis A virus \(HAV\)](#)
- [Shigella](#)
- [Vibrio](#)

Last Reviewed: October 18, 2023

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases (NCEZID), Division of Foodborne, Waterborne, and Environmental Diseases (DFWED)