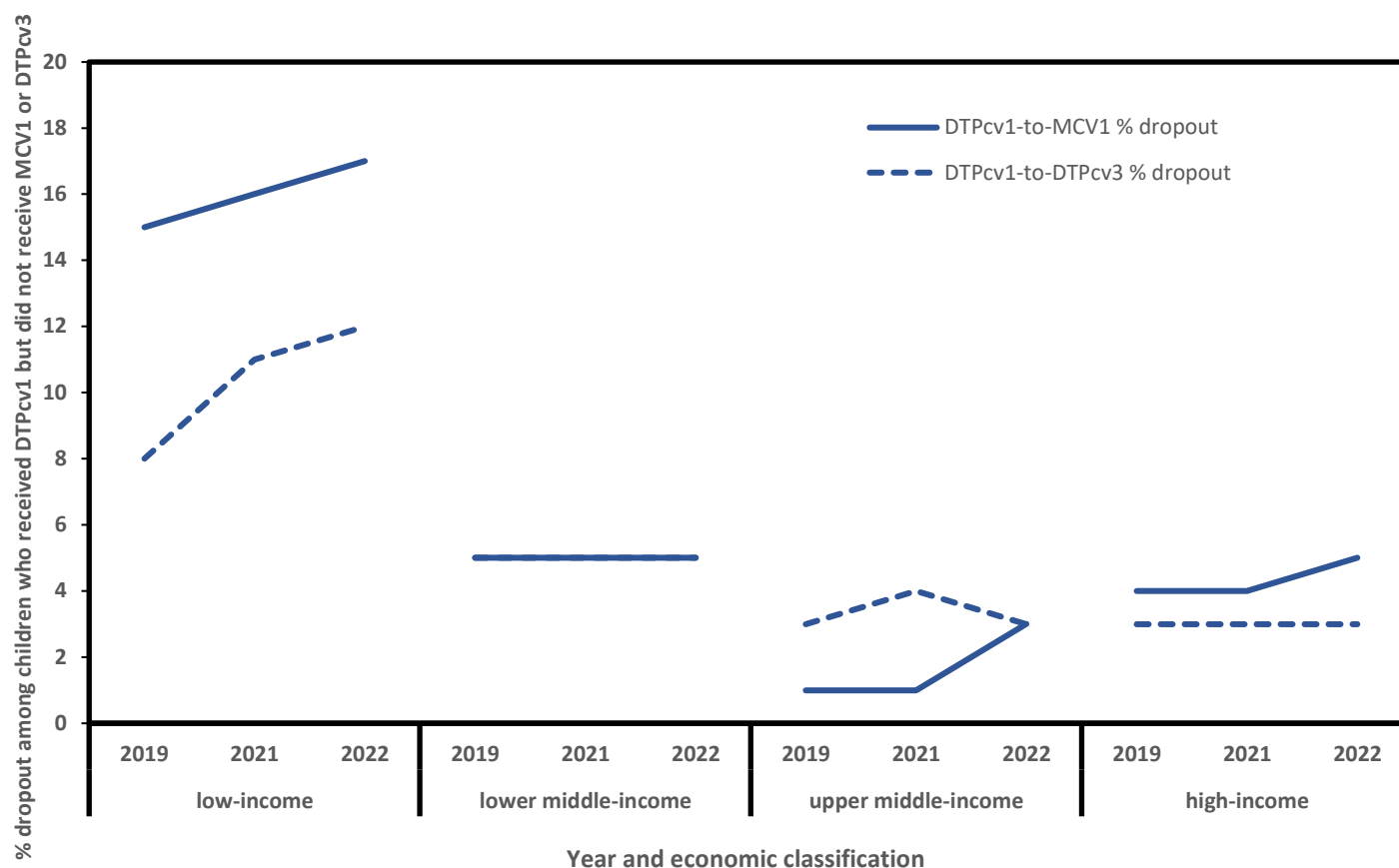


SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE. Dropout from receipt of first to third dose of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis-containing vaccine and first dose diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis-containing vaccine to first dose of measles-containing vaccine, by country economic classification — Worldwide, 2019, 2021, and 2022*[†]§



Abbreviations: DTPcv1 = first dose of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis-containing vaccine; DTPcv3 = third dose DTPcv; MCV1 = first dose of measles-containing vaccine.

* Economic classification is based on GNI per capita, calculated using the World Bank Atlas method in USD. <https://datahelpdesk.worldbank.org/knowledgebase/articles/906519-world-bank-country-and-lending-groups>.

[†] Categorization here is of World Health Organization countries, based on the World Bank's economic classification for 2022 where low-income economies are defined as those with GNI in USD per capita of ≤ \$1,135; lower middle-income economies, GNI per capita \$1,136-\$4,465; upper middle-income, GNI per capita \$4,466-\$13,845; and high-income GNI per capita >\$13,845. For all years shown, Cook Islands and Niue are excluded in this classification because of lack of available GNI estimates. For 2021 and 2022, data for Venezuela were also excluded as temporarily unclassified pending release of revised national accounts statistics.

[§] For lower middle-income countries, DTPcv1-to-MCV1 and DTPcv1-to-DTPcv3 % dropouts remained stable at 5% for 2019 and 2021-2022.