## Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases



#### IPC for Marburg Virus Disease (MVD):

PPE Part 3: Reprocessing Medical Equipment and PPE

**Healthcare Settings with Limited to Intermediate Resources** 

**Updated: March 2023** 

#### **Learning Objectives**

After this presentation, participants will be able to

- Identify items that can and can't be reprocessed.
- Explain why proper reprocessing of medical equipment and PPE is important in the context of Marburg virus disease.
- Explain what steps to take and what PPE to wear when reprocessing PPE.

# Which of these items could safely be re-used once they've been cleaned and disinfected?

- ☐ Paper face mask
- ☐ Syringe
- ☐ Thermometer
- ☐ Rubber boots
- Goggles

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### Reprocessing Medical Equipment & PPE

#### **Definition: Reprocessing**

Reprocessing (sometimes called decontaminating)
medical equipment and PPE is the process of making
reusable medical equipment and PPE safe for reuse.

Reprocessing = cleaning + disinfecting

#### Why Is Reprocessing Important?

- Marburg virus can live/persist on medical equipment (thermometers, surgical instruments, etc.) and used PPE.
- Inappropriate reprocessing of medical equipment and PPE can contribute to the spread of Marburg virus disease in facilities.
   It puts you, other staff, and patients at risk.
- Proper reprocessing helps keep you, others in your healthcare facility, and your community safe.

#### When to Reprocess

Equipment is reprocessed based on the category of medical equipment and manufacturer's instructions for reprocessing

- Single use medical equipment and PPE (needles, paper face masks) are not manufactured to be reprocessed
  - Reprocessing can compromise integrity of instrument/equipment
- Reusable instruments/equipment (stethoscopes, thermometers) can be reprocessed
- Reusable PPE items (rubber gloves, thick aprons, rubber boots, goggles) can be reprocessed

#### How to Reprocess Reusable PPE

1. Clean with soap and water, using mechanical action (e.g., scrubbing), to remove any contamination

#### 2. Disinfect

- Soak in 0.05% chlorine for 30 minutes
- 3. Rinse with water (removes chlorine residue)
- 4. Hang to dry



http://cdcmuseum.org/exhibits/show/Ebola/public-health/ipc

\*Any liquid waste (water for cleaning items, chlorine solution) is poured into separate latrine

#### Reprocessing in the Context of Marburg Virus Disease

- Single-use/disposable equipment and PPE should be used for Marburg virus disease patients whenever possible
- Staff who are reprocessing equipment or PPE that has been used for the care of suspected or confirmed Marburg virus disease patients should:
  - Wear full Marburg virus disease PPE to avoid contact with blood or other body fluids and any splashes to the mucus membranes of the face
  - Wear thick rubber gloves to protect against the chemicals used



Healthcare workers
reprocessing equipment
while wearing Marburg virus
disease PPE (including
rubber gloves)

#### Reflection

- How is the reprocessing of medical equipment and PPE in the context of Marburg virus disease different from how reprocessing is currently done in your facility?
- What challenges might be encountered when trying to properly reprocess items at your facility?

#### **Key Takeaways**

- Some medical equipment, and PPE can be safely reused if they are designed for re-use and properly reprocessed.
- Proper reprocessing (cleaning + disinfection) helps prevent the spread of Marburg virus disease and protects:

YOU
Your patients & co-workers
Your community

### Thank you!

For more information, contact CDC 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)
TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

