SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 2. Exposure characteristics of patients aged ≥18 years with mpox who did not report male-to-male sexual contact and who had no known exposures to a person with suspected or confirmed mpox (N = 38) — United States, November 1–December 14, 2022

	Overall (N = 38, 100% [†])		
Exposure*	Yes	No	Missing
Sexual activity and other close intimate contact§	17 (44.7)	20 (52.6)	1 (2.6)
Caregiving [¶]	1 (2.6)	18 (47.4)	19 (50.0)
Household contact**	6 (15.8)	17 (44.7)	15 (39.5)
Small social settings ^{††}	3 (7.9)	5 (13.2)	30 (78.9)
Large social settings ^{§§}	11 (28.9)	2 (5.3)	25 (65.8)
Shared transportation ^{¶¶}	6 (15.8)	7 (18.4)	25 (65.8)
Close face-to-face contact***	14 (36.8)	3 (7.9)	21 (55.3)
Occupational settings ⁺⁺⁺	10 (26.3)	13 (34.2)	15 (39.5)
Drug use ^{§§§}	5 (13.2)	4 (10.5)	29 (76.3)

* Exposures during the 3 weeks before symptom onset are not mutually exclusive.

[†] Percentages of total (38).

[§] Sexual activity includes vaginal, oral, or anal sex, and close intimate contact includes cuddling, kissing, touching a partner's genitals or anus, or sharing sex toys.

[¶] Assistance by unpaid family members or friends or paid caregivers with routine everyday tasks and the social and health needs of another person. Caregiving activities can include skin-to-skin contact; handling food, utensils, cups, or dishes; handling clothing, bedding, bed linens, or towels; handling personal care items; handling, dispensing, or administering medication or medical equipment; taking care of other family members, children, or dependents; taking care of pets; or related activities.

** Includes living together in the same dwelling (e.g., household or shared dorm room). Patients who met the following criteria were classified as having a potential household contact exposure: the person does not live alone and answered "yes," "refused," or "missing" to the question, "Did anyone living in your household have an unexplained illness or rash during this three-week period?" Patients were classified as having missing information for household contact exposure if details about their housing arrangements were missing; patients were classified as "no" if they lived alone and had no house guests in the three weeks prior to symptom onset or lived with other people and answered "no" to the question about household members having a rash.

⁺⁺ Includes spending time indoors or outdoors either with one other person or in a small group of nine or fewer persons, including oneself.

^{§§} Include spending time indoors or outdoors at large events or celebrations, in food or entertainment venues, or in a large group of ten or more persons, including oneself.

¹¹ Includes sharing a personally owned car, carpooling, taxi or rideshare service (e.g., Uber or Lyft), bus, subway or light rail, railroad or train, airplane, or other transportation modalities.

*** Includes interactions with another person within a 6 ft radius, excluding intimate contact.

⁺⁺⁺ Includes workplaces or other contact during the course of one's job, including health care facilities and sex work. An occupational setting contact was defined as someone who answered "yes" to the following question, "Does your job involve in-person interaction with clients, customers, students, or the public?" or "yes" to the question, "Do you share an office or indoor workspace with anyone besides yourself?" or the notes in the questionnaire suggest that the patient interacts directly with clients or coworkers while performing their work. Unemployed patients were always classified as "no" for occupational setting contact unless the notes or comments indicate they do informal work with client interaction. A patient was classified as having missing information for occupational exposure if the questionnaire did not contain enough information about the nature of their work.

^{§§§} Includes using or sharing bubbles, vapes, bongs, pipes, other smoking devices, needles or syringes, injection equipment or 'works,' or other related items.