



## Acute Flaccid Myelitis (AFM)

## **AFM Cases and Outbreaks**

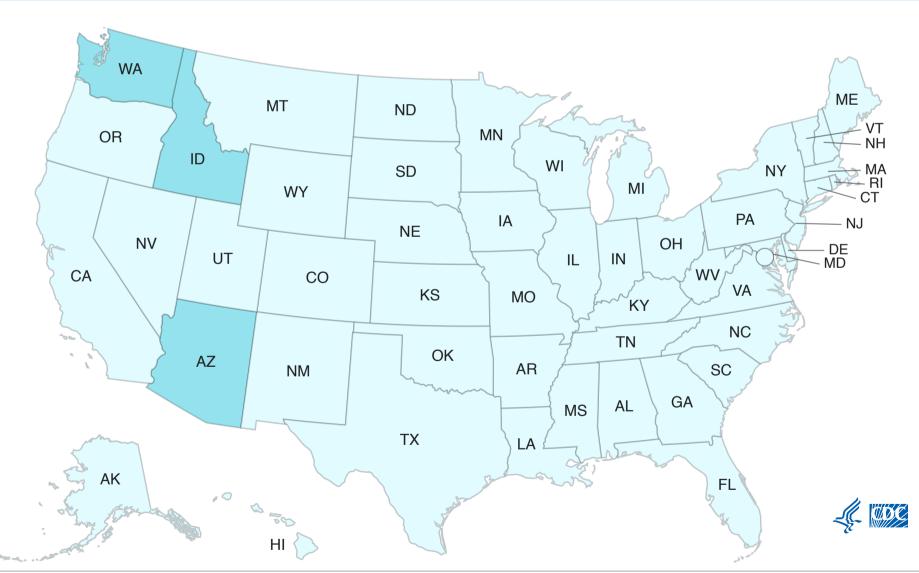
As of June 2, 2023, there have been 3 confirmed cases in 2023 out of 20 reports of patients under investigation (PUIs).

There have been **727 confirmed cases** since CDC began tracking AFM in August of 2014. CDC has been thoroughly investigating cases since that time. We have seen increases in AFM cases, mostly in young children, in 2014, 2016 and 2018.

## **Annual AFM Cases by State**

Annual maps represent only cases for whom information was sent to and confirmed by CDC as of June 2, 2023. Patients under investigation are still being classified, and the case counts are subject to change. Cases of AFM have occurred in 49 states and the District of Columbia.

**AFM Confirmed Cases 2023** 

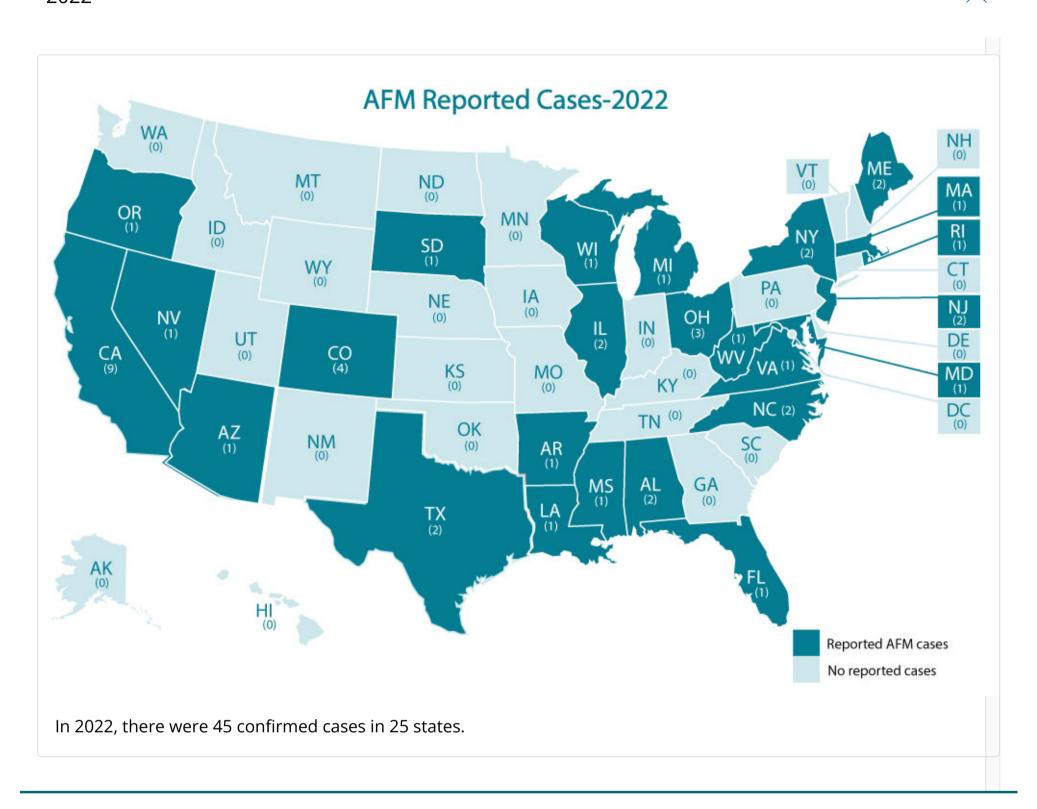


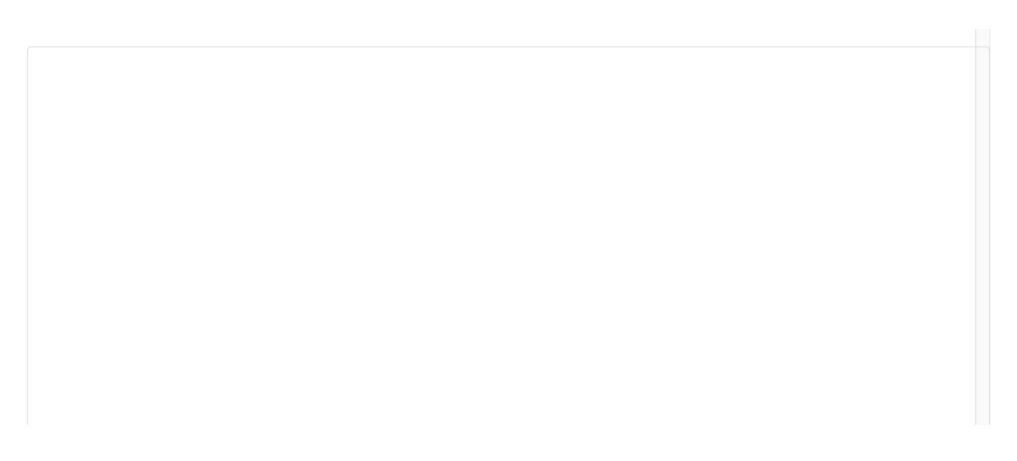
Data Table		_
Location	Cases	
○ Alaska	0	
○ Alabama	0	
Arkansas	0	
○ Arizona	1	
○ California	0	

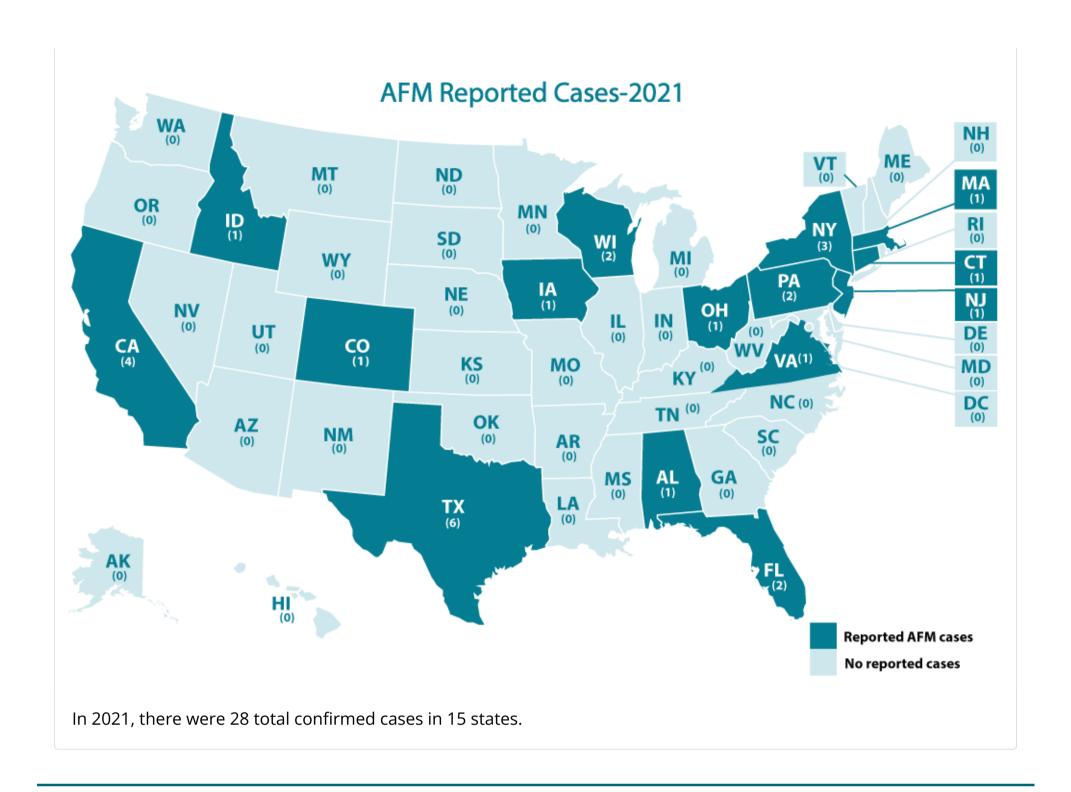
Location	Cases
○ Colorado	0
○ Connecticut	0
District Of Columbia	0
○ Delaware	0
○ Florida	0
○ Georgia	0
○ Hawaii	0
○ lowa	0
○ Idaho	1
○ Illinois	0
○ Indiana	0
○ Kansas	0
◯ Kentucky	0
○ Louisiana	0
Massachusetts	0
Maryland	0
	0
○ Michigan	0
○ Minnesota	0
○ Missouri	0
	0
○ Montana	0
○ North Carolina	0
○ North Dakota	0
○ Nebraska	0
○ New Hampshire	0
○ New Jersey	0
○ New Mexico	0
○ Nevada	0
○ New York	0
Ohio	0
Oklahoma	0
Oregon	0
○ Pennsylvania	0
○ Rhode Island	0
○ South Carolina	0
○ South Dakota	0
○ Tennessee	0
○ Texas	0
○ Utah	0
○ Virginia	0
○ Vermont	0
○ Washington	1
○ Wisconsin	0

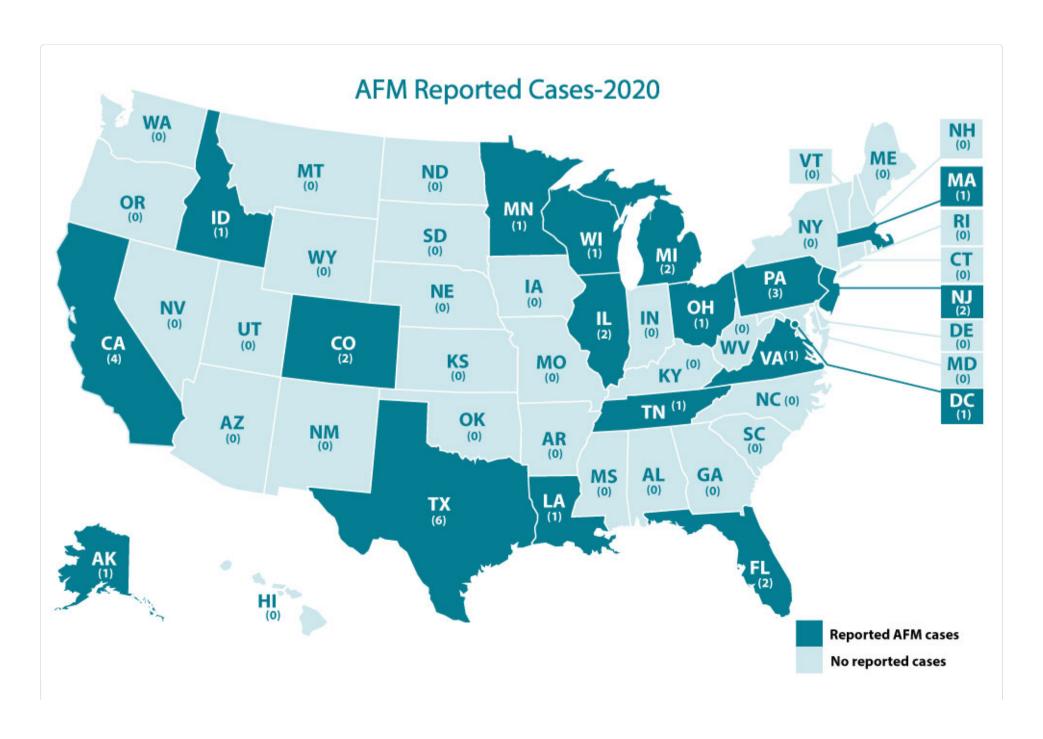
Location	Cases
○ West Virginia	0
○ Wyoming	0

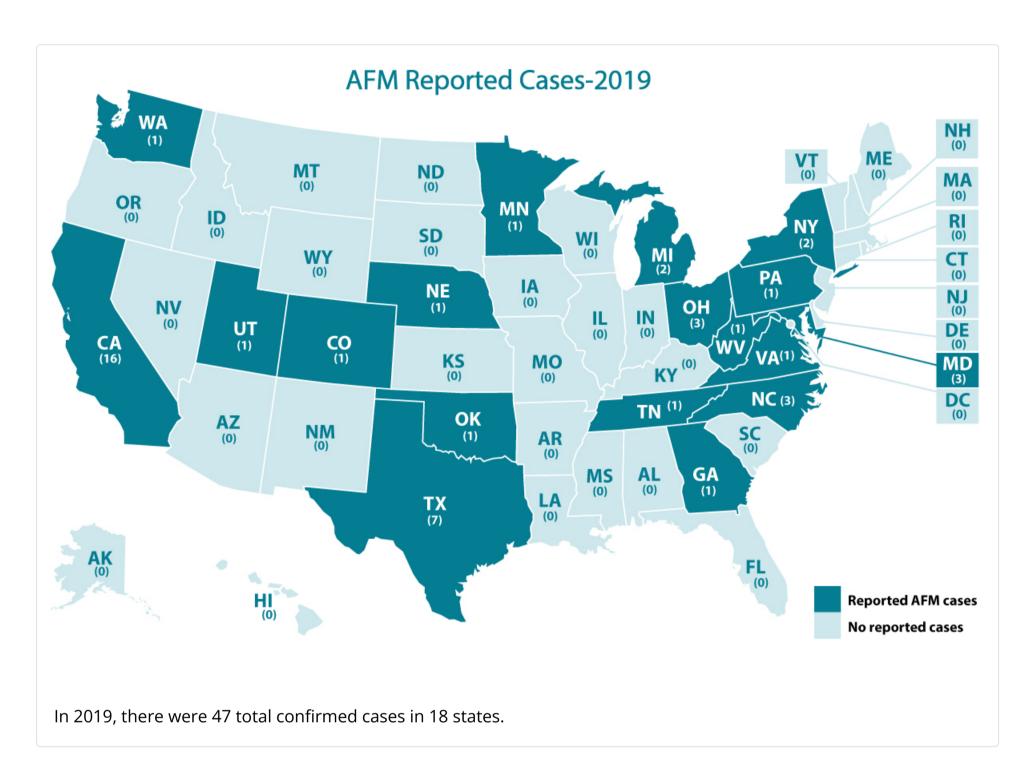
As of June 2, 2023, there have been 3 confirmed cases in 3 states.

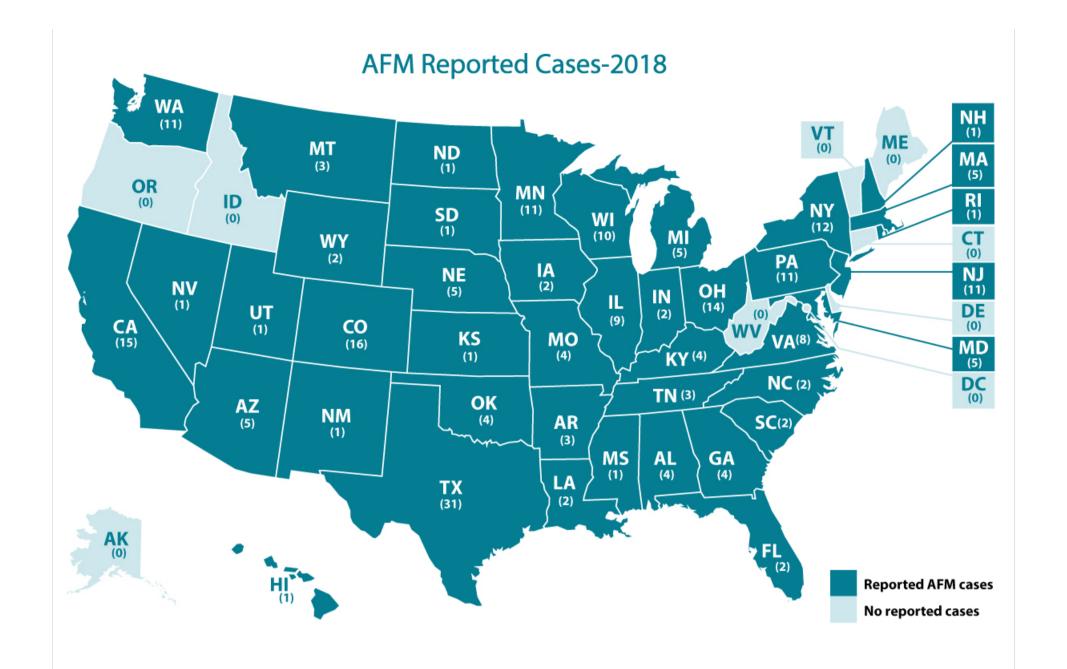




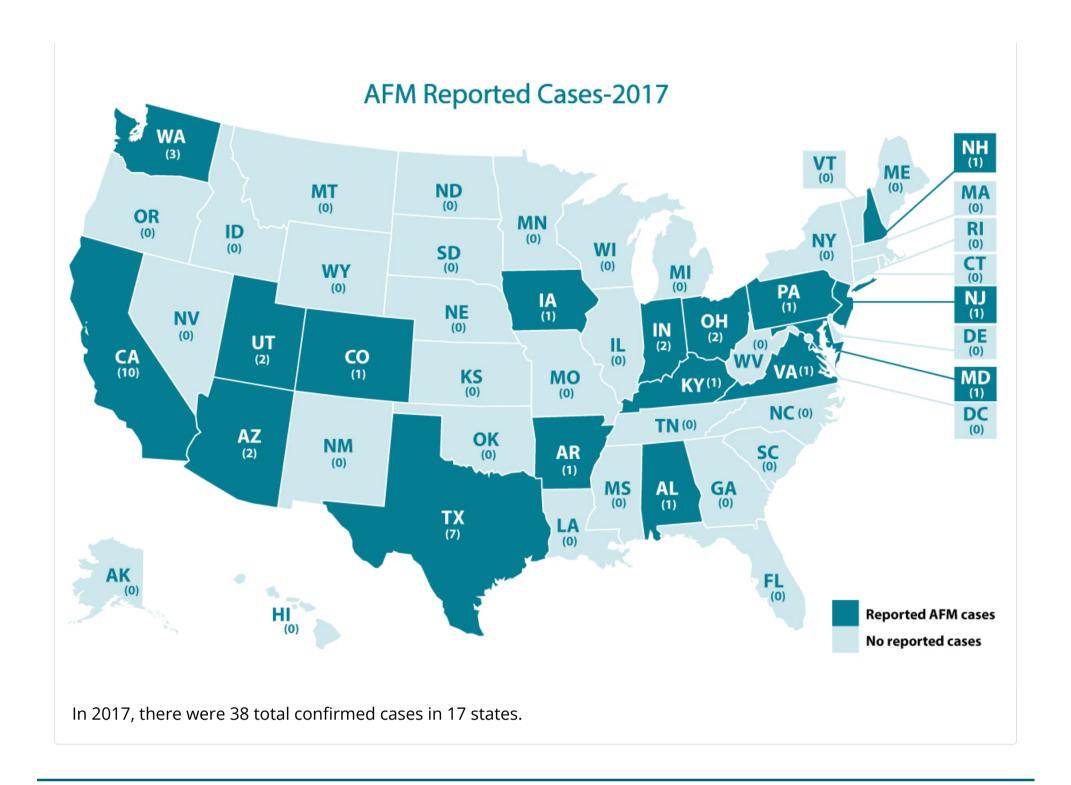


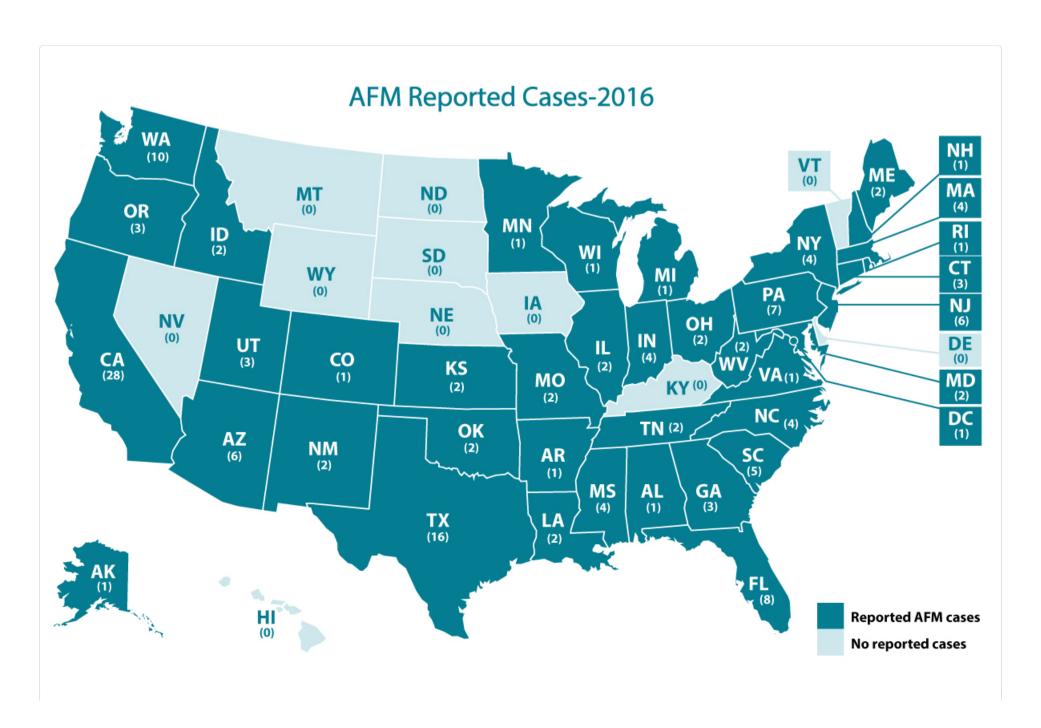


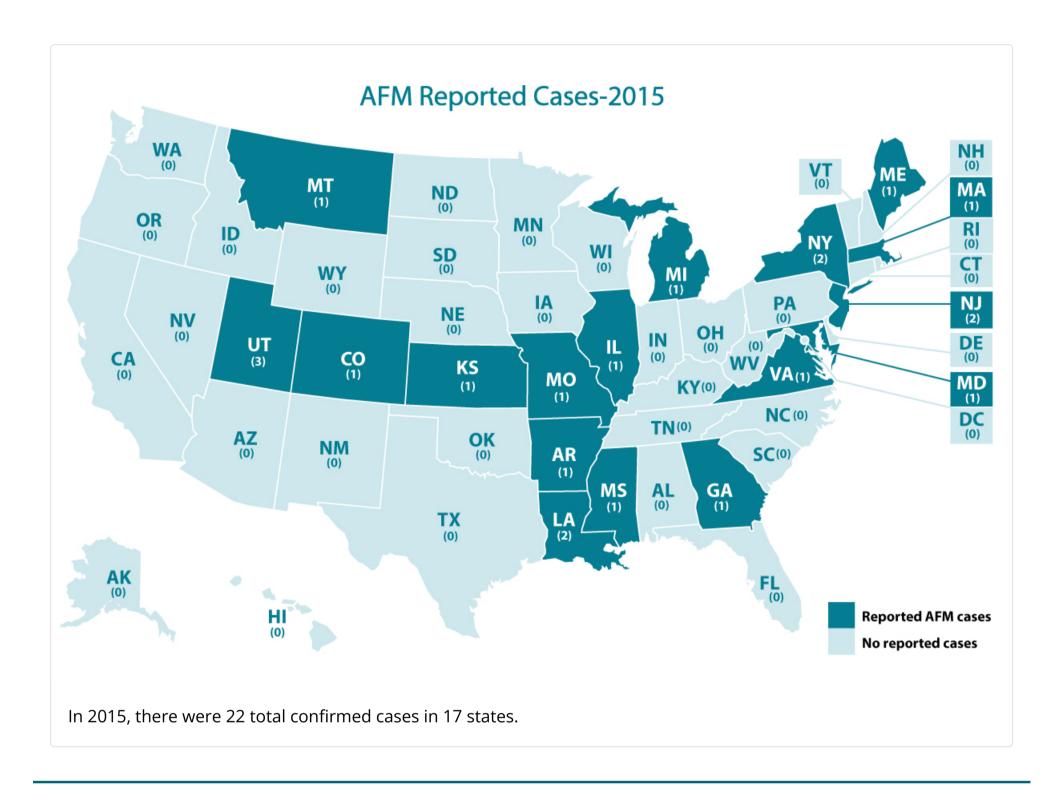


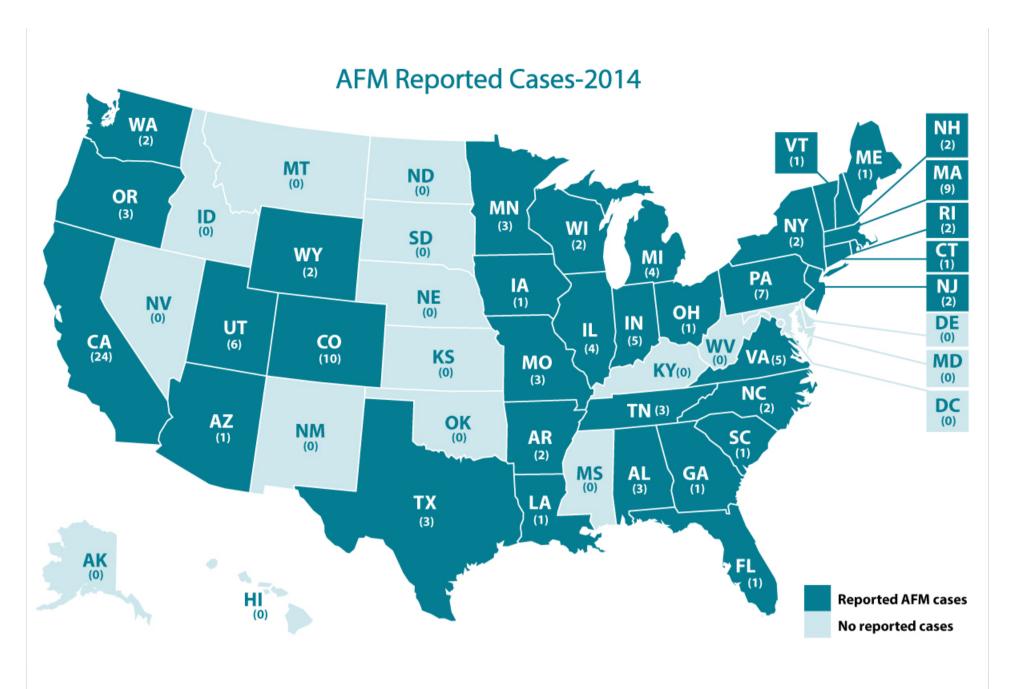


In 2018, there were 238 total confirmed cases in 42 states. One of the confirmed cases is a foreign resident (based on the country of usual residence) and therefore not included in the state map.









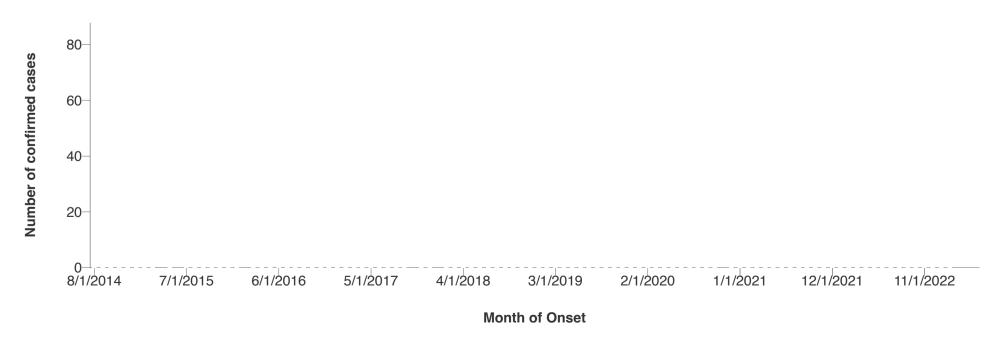
In 2014, there were 120 total confirmed cases in 34 states between the months of August and December. These case counts include only pediatric patients younger than 22 years of age.

We defer to the states to release additional information on cases as they choose.

## Cases by Month, 2014-2023

Most patients developed AFM between August and November, with increases in AFM cases in 2014, 2016, and 2018. Many viruses commonly circulate at this same time of year, including enteroviruses, which are likely responsible for the increase in cases in peak years.





Data Table

	8/1/2014	9/1/2014	10/1/2014	11/1/2014
Cases	21	51	24	15
				•

Data table

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
2014	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	21	51	24	15	9	120
2015	2	2	1	0	1	0	2	3	1	4	2	4	22
2016	1	0	6	1	7	9	13	33	43	27	9	4	153
2017	2	5	5	4	2	4	3	1	4	0	3	5	38
2018	0	4	1	2	3	8	8	30	88	66	21	7	238
2019	2	4	4	3	5	2	5	4	6	7	2	3	47
2020	7	3	5	2	1	2	3	3	3	3	0	1	33
2021	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	2	2	1	3	3	28
2022	2	1	4	2	3	2	2	9	8	5	5	2	45
2023	1	1											2

Confirmed cases of AFM by month of illness onset. Case Counts are subject to change.

- ^ Confirmed AFM cases by CDC from August 2014 through June 2, 2023. Case counts are subject to change
- \* The data shown from August 2014 to July 2015 are based on the AFM investigation case definition: onset of acute limb weakness on or after August 1, 2014, and a magnetic resonance image (MRI) showing a spinal cord lesion largely restricted to gray matter in a patient age ≤21 years.
- † The data shown from August 2015 to present are based on the AFM case definition adopted by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE): acute onset of focal or flaccid limb weakness and an MRI showing spinal cord lesion largely restricted to gray matter and spanning one or more spinal segments, regardless of age.

For more information, visit the Case Definitions page.



**Case Definitions** 



**About AFM** 



For Parents of Children with AFM

Last Reviewed: June 5, 2023