## Women's Health Statistics

## Minnesota

## By the numbers



1,053,340 women aged 15-44 years (2014)1



**69,904** live births (2014)<sup>2</sup>



15.5 teen birth rate (births per 1,000 women 15-19 years old) (2014)<sup>2</sup>



38,000 unintended pregnancies (2010)<sup>3</sup>

## **Services for Women**

Activity	Does it exist in Minnesota?
Medicaid Family Planning Waiver/State Plan Amendment <sup>4</sup>	Yes (expired)
Waiver Includes Teens	Yes
HHS Unintended Pregnancy Activities <sup>5</sup>	No
6/18 Initiative	N/A
ASTHO LARC Learning Community	N/A
CollN Pre/Interconception Care	N/A
CMCS MIH Initiative	N/A

**6/18 Initiative:** CDC is partnering with health care purchasers, payers, and providers to accelerate the adoption of evidence-based prevention interventions to improve health and control health care costs. This initiative targets 6 common and costly health conditions including unintended pregnancies and 18 proven interventions. For more information, see <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/sixeighteen/">http://www.cdc.gov/sixeighteen/</a>.

**CDC/ASTHO Immediate Post-partum LARC Learning Community**: This project works with states to assist state health agencies in implementing Long-Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARC), specifically via initiatives focusing on postpartum insertion following delivery. For more information, see <a href="http://www.astho.org/Programs/Maternal-and-Child-Health/Long-Acting-Reversible-Contraception-LARC/">http://www.astho.org/Programs/Maternal-and-Child-Health/Long-Acting-Reversible-Contraception-LARC/</a>.

Collaborative Improvement & Innovation Network to Reduce Infant Mortality (CollN) Pre/Interconception Care: HRSA's Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB) is leading a national effort to reduce infant mortality, and the delivery of preconception and interconception care is one of six key strategies. Participating states have prioritized the strategy of improved preconception/interconception care, which includes the delivery of contraceptive services to prevent teen and unintended pregnancy, and improve birth spacing. For more information, see <a href="http://mchb.hrsa.gov/infantmortality/coiin/">http://mchb.hrsa.gov/infantmortality/coiin/</a>.

The Centers for Medicaid and CHIP Services (CMCS), Maternal and Infant Health (MIH) Initiative: This activity promotes timely and comprehensive postpartum care including promotion of pregnancy planning and spacing, and prevention of unintended pregnancies through increased use of effective contraception. For more information, see <a href="https://www.medicaid.gov/Medicaid-CHIP-Program-Information/By-Topics/Quality-of-Care/Downloads/Maternal-and-Infant-Health-Initiative.pdf">https://www.medicaid.gov/Medicaid-CHIP-Program-Information/By-Topics/Quality-of-Care/Downloads/Maternal-and-Infant-Health-Initiative.pdf</a>.

- 1. CDC National Center for Health Statistics, State Population Totals 2014
- 2. CDC National Vital Statistics Reports, Births: Final Data for 2014, Vol. 64, No. 12, December 23, 2015
- 3. Kost K, Unintended Pregnancy Rates at the State Level: Estimates for 2010 and Trends Since 2002, New York: Guttmacher Institute, 2015
- Medicaid Family Planning Eligibility Expansions, Guttmacher Institute, March 2016
- 5. As of 2016

