



## Foodborne Outbreaks

[Foodborne Outbreaks Home](#)

# Active Investigations of Multistate Foodborne Outbreaks

*Last updated March 29, 2023 (updated every Wednesday)*

CDC typically coordinates between 17 and 36 investigations of foodborne illnesses involving multiple states each week. The table below shows the number of active CDC investigations for *Campylobacter*, Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, and *Salmonella*. It also includes links to any current CDC outbreak notices.

Germ	Number of Active Multistate Investigations	Current CDC Investigation Notices or Food Safety Alerts
<i>Campylobacter</i>	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No active notices or alerts</li> </ul>
<i>E. coli</i>	0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No active notices or alerts</li> </ul>
<i>Listeria</i>	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Investigation Notice: <a href="#">Unknown Food Source</a></li> <li>Food Safety Alert: <a href="#">Enoki Mushrooms</a></li> </ul>
<i>Salmonella</i>	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No active notices or alerts</li> </ul>

CDC works closely with our federal regulatory partners, FDA and USDA-FSIS, on foodborne outbreak investigations. For more information about how they work to identify and remove contaminated food from the market, visit their website:

- [FDA Investigations](#) 
- [USDA-FSIS Investigations](#) 

Foodborne outbreaks are sometimes caused by other germs. For more information about these outbreaks, visit these websites:

- [CDC Current Outbreak List](#)
- [Cyclospora](#)
- [Hepatitis A virus \(HAV\)](#)
- [Shigella](#)
- [Vibrio](#)