



Influenza (Flu)


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Forecasts of Flu Hospitalizations

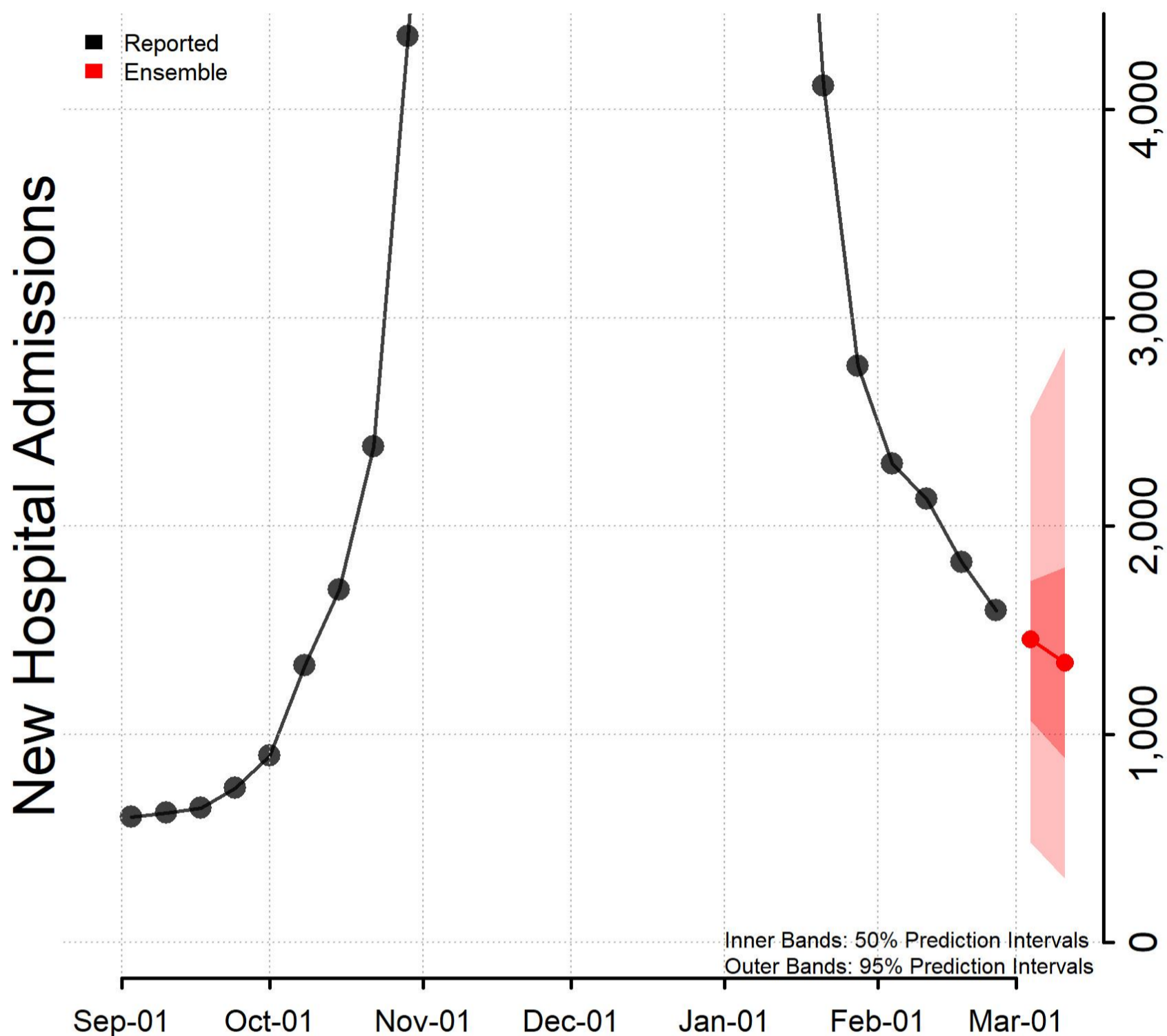
Updated March 1, 2023

Reported and forecasted new influenza hospitalizations as of February 28, 2023.

Interpretation of National Forecasts of New Hospitalizations

- This week's ensemble predicts that the number of new weekly confirmed influenza hospital admissions will remain stable or have an uncertain trend nationally, with **300 to 2,900** new confirmed influenza hospital admissions likely reported in the week ending March 11, 2023.
- This week, 20 modeling groups contributed 21 forecasts that were eligible for inclusion in the ensemble forecasts for at least one jurisdiction. Contributing teams are listed below.
- Ensemble forecasts combine forecasts from diverse models into one forecast. They have been among the most reliable forecasts in performance for previous influenza and COVID-19 forecasting efforts, but even the ensemble forecasts may not reliably predict rapid changes. [See COVID-19 Guidance for Hospital Reporting and FAQs](#)  [669 KB, 52 pages] [↗](#) for additional details on this guidance.

National Forecast



[Download all national data](#) [XLS - 10 KB]

State Forecasts

State-level forecasts show the predicted number of new influenza hospital admissions per week for the next 2 weeks by state. Each state forecast figure uses a different scale due to differences in the number of new influenza hospital admissions per week between states and only forecasts included in the ensemble are shown. Plots of the state-level ensemble forecasts and the underlying data can be downloaded below.

[Download state forecasts](#) [PDF - 667 KB]

[Download all forecast data](#) [XLS - 211 KB]

Additional forecast data and information about submitting forecasts are available at <https://github.com/cdcepi/Flusight-forecast-data>.

Contributing Teams

- [California Department of Public Health \(CADPH\)](#) (Model: FluCAT)
- [Carnegie Mellon Delphi Group](#) (Model: CMU-TimeSeries)
- [CEPH Lab at Indiana University](#) (Model: Rtrend_fluH)

- [Columbia University](#) (Model: CU-ensemble)
- [Georgia Institute of Technology](#) (Model: GT-FluFNP)
- [Iowa State Niemi Research Lab](#) (Model: Flu Forecast)
- [Johns Hopkins ID Dynamics](#) (Model: CovidScenarioPipeline)
- [Los Alamos National Lab and Northern Arizona University](#) (Model: LosAlamos_NAU-CModel_Flu)
- [LU Computational Uncertainty Lab](#) (Model: LUcompUncertLab-humanjudgment)
- [MIGHTE](#) (Model: Nsemble)
- [MOBS Lab at Northeastern](#) (Model: MOBS-GLEAM_FLUH)
- [Predictive Science Inc](#) (Model: PSI-DICE)
- [Signature Science](#) (Model: SigSci-CREG)
- [Signature Science](#) (Model: SigSci-TSENS)
- [Srivastava Group](#) (Model: SGroup-RandomForest)
- [UGA_flucast](#) (Model: UGA_flucast-OKeeffe)
- [UNC Infectious Disease Dynamics](#) (Model: InFluPaint)
- [University of Georgia Center for the Ecology of Infectious Diseases Forecasting Working Group](#) (Model: CEID-Walk)
- [University of Massachusetts-Amherst](#) (Model: UMass-trends_ensemble)
- [University of Virginia, Biocomplexity Institute](#) (Model: UVAFluX-Ensemble)
- [Virginia Tech, Sanghani Center for Artificial Intelligence and Data Analytics](#) (Model: VTSanghani-ExogModel)

Last Reviewed: March 1, 2023