Supplementary Table S1. Percentage (standard error) of adults classified as having type 1 diabetes according to two supplementary algorithms among U.S. adults with diagnosed diabetes, overall and among subgroups, United States 2016-2017

	Supplementary	Supplementary
	Algorithm 6	Algorithm 7
	(N=660)	(N=236)
	Self-report type 1	Diabetes diagnosed
	diabetes	age<30, current insulin use,
		and not using oral
		hypoglycemic medications
Weighted population size,	2.41	0.93
in millions		
	Percent (SE)	
Overall	10.4 (0.54)	4.1 (0.33)
Age		
18-44 years	23.8 (2.07)	16.6 (1.72)
45-64 years	9.0 (0.74)	2.8 (0.38)
≥65 years	7.7 (0.61)	1.5 (0.27)
Sex		
Men	10.6 (0.74)	3.7 (0.46)
Women	10.3 (0.75)	4.5 (0.50)
Race/ethnicity		
Non-Hispanic white	10.2 (0.58)	5.1 (0.45)
Non-Hispanic black	9.8 (1.26)	2.8 (0.70)
Non-Hispanic Asian	9.1 (2.16)	0.3 (0.12)
Hispanic	11.9 (1.64)	2.5 (0.70)
Mexican-American	10.8 (2.11)	0.9 (0.37)
Age of diagnosis		
<20 years	39.2 (3.33)	40.5 (3.28)
20-29 years	20.9 (2.66)	20.0 (2.31)
30-39 years	10.9 (1.21)	†
40-49 years	7.2 (0.97)	†
50-59 years	5.7 (0.69)	†
≥60 years	6.7 (0.77)	†
Self-reported type		
Type 1 diabetes	100	28.3 (2.33)
Type 2 diabetes	†	1.2 (0.20)
Body mass index (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )		
<25.0	19.4 (1.9)	10.4 (1.51)
25.0-29.9	12.5 (1.0)	4.2 (0.60)
≥30.0	7.0 (0.60)	2.5 (0.34)
Gestational diabetes		
among women who have		
been pregnant		

Yes	8.3 (1.41)	5.5 (1.12)
No	9.2 (0.78)	3.0 (0.46)
Continuous insulin use		
within 1 year of diagnosis*		
No	7.4 (0.47)	1.3 (0.18)
Yes	35.8 (2.38)	27.6 (2.21)
Oral hypoglycemic		
medication		
No	20.3 (1.31)	14.9 (1.12)
Yes	6.7 (0.52)	†

<sup>\*</sup>Continuous insulin use implies current insulin use as well. Only those who report current insulin use are asked when they started insulin treatment.

<sup>†</sup> Values are not applicable due to inclusion/exclusion criteria of the algorithm