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Data Downloads and Footnotes

Expand each accordion to view data table and download data

AS

3.4.9%

Data not available

FSM

5-7.9%

GU

Data Table for COVID-19 Nucleic Acid Amplification Tests (NAATs) Cumulative Percent Positivity by State/Territory

Territories

MP

Cumulative Percent Positivity

8.9.90

PW

10-14.90%

RMI

VI

15, 19,000

CDC	Data as of: March 7, 2022 1:32 PM ET. Posted: March 7, 2022 3:28 PM ET	

CDC Data as of: March 7, 2022 1:32 PM ET. Posted: March 7, 2022 3:28 PM ET Download Data			
State 🖨	Cumulative Percent Positivity	Cumulative Tests Performed \$	
Alabama	10-14.9%	7,290,332	
Alaska	5-7.9%	4,119,674	
American Samoa	N/A	N/A	
Arizona	10-14.9%	14,187,300	
Arkansas	10-14.9%	4,584,150	
California	N/A	125,065,034	
Colorado	8-9.9%	15,115,457	
Connecticut	N/A	13,928,801	
Delaware	8-9.9%	3,518,749	
District of Columbia	3-4.9%	4,513,919	
Federated States of Micronesia	N/A	N/A	
Florida	10-14.9%	54,479,242	
Georgia	10-14.9%	15,550,824	
Guam	10-14.9%	263,784	
Hawaii	5-7.9%	3.257.492	
Idaho	15-19.9%	3.077.196	
Illinois	5-7.9%	42.005.289	
Indiana	10-14.9%	13.497.109	
lowa	10-14 9%	5 664 711	
Kansas	10-14 9%	5 289 446	
Kentucky	10-1/ 9%	2,202,440 8 693 923	
Louisiana	8_9 9%	10 162 /68	
Maino	5 7 0%	2 79/ 792	
Mandand	S-7.9%	2,704,703 10 E02 00E	
Massachusetts	0-9.9%	20 570 124	
Michigan	5-4.9%0 10 14 004	39,370,134	
Minnagan	10-14.9%	23,404,305	
Minnesota	8-9.9%	21,486,090	
Mississippi	15-19.9%	2,639,302	
Missouri	N/A	11,641,074	
Montana	10-14.9%	1,948,519	
Nebraska	10-14.9%	2,714,144	
Nevada	15-19.9%	5,/1/,/33	
New Hampshire	5-7.9%	3,669,833	
New Jersey	8-9.9%	24,534,495	
New Mexico	15-19.9%	5,909,130	
New York* New York (Level of Community	5-7.9% N/A	81,291,964 N/A	
Iransmission)*			
New York City*	N/A		
North Carolina	10-14.9%	21,369,959	
North Dakota	5-7.9%	2,268,120	
Northern Mariana Islands	N/A	N/A	
Ohio	10-14.9%	20,905,448	
Oklahoma	20-24.9%	4,019,759	
Oregon	8-9.9%	7,512,916	
Palau	N/A	N/A	
Pennsylvania	10-14.9%	25,018,491	
Puerto Rico	10-14.9%	2,556,616	
Republic of Marshall Islands	N/A	N/A	
Rhode Island	5-7.9%	6,477,754	
South Carolina	N/A	12,358,760	
South Dakota	10-14.9%	1,071,013	
Tennessee	N/A	N/A	
Texas	10-14.9%	47,846,500	
Utah	10-14.9%	7,017,788	
Vermont	3-4.9%	3,586,232	
Virgin Islands	10-14.9%	107,204	
Virginia	10-14.9%	13,998,602	
Washington	N/A	11,600,245	
West Virginia	10-14.9%	4,919,946	
Wisconsin	8-9.9%	15,624,403	
Wyoming	8-9.9%	1,366,836	

Footnotes

^TData will update Monday through Saturday as soon as they are reviewed and verified, oftentimes before 8 pm ET. However, daily updates (Mon-Sat) might be delayed due to delays in reported data.

• The COVID-19 case and death surveillance data reported by jurisdictions to CDC are subject to change. These data, featured on <u>COVID Data Tracker</u> and within <u>Data.CDC.gov datasets</u>, may be incomplete for recent days due to processing and reporting delays. All data are provisional.

Case and Death Data

* Counts for New York City and New York State are shown separately for case and death metrics; data for New York State case and death metrics are for the state excluding data for New York City. Testing metrics for New York State include data for New York City. The information regarding the level of community transmission for New York includes New York City and is presented in data tables and data downloads in a separate row for New York (level of community transmission)^{*}.

The map can be modified to show:

- cases and deaths per 100,000 people in the last 7 days
- total new cases and deaths in the last 7 days
- total cases and deaths since January 21, 2020 • rates for cases (cases/100,000 people) and deaths (deaths/100,000).
- The 7-day cumulative rate is calculated as (current day + 6 preceding days) per 100,000 people using the <u>US Census Bureau</u>

Population Estimates Program. Rates per 100,000 are calculated as the total cases or deaths per 100,000 people using the US Census **Bureau Population Estimates Program.**

Zero values for cases/deaths are subject to change due to reduced frequency of state reporting and subsequent adjustments that may occur. The 7-day case/death averages therefore may be artificially low over the weekend before adjustment to these zero values.

Data Sources, References & Notes:

- The case classifications for COVID-19, a nationally notifiable disease, are described in an <u>updated COVID-19 position statement</u> and case definition issued by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists. However, there is some variation in how jurisdictions implement these case classifications. More information on how CDC collects COVID-19 case surveillance data can be found at FAQ: COVID-19 Data and Surveillance.
- Total cases are based on aggregate counts of COVID-19 cases reported by state and territorial jurisdictions to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) since January 21, 2020, with the exception of persons repatriated to the United States from Wuhan, China, and Japan. All displayed counts include confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths as reported by U.S. states, U.S. territories, New York City (NYC), and the District of Columbia from the previous day. In accordance with the CSTE definition of COVID-19 cases and deaths, counts for many jurisdictions include both confirmed and probable COVID-19 cases and deaths. COVID-19 case and death data that are not available to CDC are denoted by N/A. For aggregate state-level data, CDC calculates the number of new cases or deaths each day either by using the information provided by states and territorial jurisdictions or by calculating the difference in cumulative counts reported by the state from the day before.
- The number of historical cases and deaths presented on CDC's website reflects the information provided by the states and jurisdictions. Thus, data may reflect either the date the case or death occurred or the date it was recorded in the state. Provision of historical cases and deaths by jurisdictions can influence new case and death numbers and 7-day averages once CDC incorporates these data and assigns the data to the appropriate dates. Historical cases and deaths are still reflected in the cumulative national totals.
- 2018 population estimates are still used for American Samoa, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, New York City, Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Republic of Marshall Islands and United States Virgin Islands.

Jurisdictional Reporting Differences

CDC uses various methods to gather aggregate case and death data from states, territories, and other jurisdictions' health departments. Learn more at About CDC Case and Death COVID-19 Data. The methods and frequency of data reporting varies by jurisdiction. The dates used to document case and death incidences also vary.

The dates used by jurisdictions for COVID-19 cases that CDC receives include:

- Event date (the date of specimen collection, confirmed COVID-19 laboratory test result, or clinical diagnosis): None • Report date (when the event was reported to the health department or reported by the health department to CDC): Alabama, American Samoa, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Federated States of Micronesia, Florida, Georgia, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Minnesota, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, New York (excluding NYC), North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Palau, Puerto Rico, Republic of Marshall
- Islands, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, U.S. Virgin Islands, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming • A combination of event date and report date: Alaska, Arizona, Northern Mariana Islands, Delaware, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York City, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Washington

The dates used by jurisdictions for COVID-19 related deaths that CDC receives include:

- Date of death: Florida
- Report date (when the event was reported to the health department or reported by the health department to CDC): American Samoa, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Federated States of Micronesia, Georgia, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York (excluding NYC), North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Palau, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Republic of Marshall Islands, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, U.S. Virgin Islands, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming
- A combination of date of death and report date: Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Northern Mariana Islands, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Maryland, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New York City, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Texas, Vermont

This information is confirmed and up to date as of November 23, 2021.

Please note that jurisdictional reporting methods are subject to change. These changes can cause artificial data fluctuations on COVID Data Tracker. For example, when jurisdictions opt to report death data by date of death instead of report date, it may appear that overall deaths from COVID-19 are decreasing. This does not reflect a true decline and data should be interpreted with caution. CDC's overall COVID-19 case and death numbers are validated through a confirmation process with each jurisdiction.

September 28, 2021: Nebraska began submitting both confirmed and probable case and death counts for COVID Data Tracker. Cumulative cases and death counts displayed after 9/27/2021 reflect a large increase because of the addition of historic and recent probable cases and deaths to confirmed totals.

October 25, 2021: CDC stopped spreading aggregate COVID-19 case and death counts evenly over jurisdictions' non-reporting days (i.e., smoothing), which had been done to reflect case and death trends across those days and to improve the quality of data visualizations. This update was made to avoid under-reporting of weekend averages.

March 4, 2022: Due to a state holiday, Louisiana paused COVID-19 data dashboard updates at the state and county levels. Updates resumed on Louisiana's dashboard on March 2, 2022 and updated data are now reflected on COVID Data Tracker.

Level of Community Transmission

Transmission categories include:

- Blue (Low Transmission): Control is achieved largely through individual prevention behaviors and the public health response to identify and isolate cases or clusters. Threshold: Counties with fewer than 10 cumulative cases per 100,000 population in the past 7 days, and a cumulative NAAT percent test positivity result below 5% in the past 7 days.
- Yellow (Moderate Transmission): Adherence to individual and selected community level prevention strategies are needed. Threshold: Counties with 10-49 cumulative cases per 100,000 population or a cumulative NAAT test positivity result between 5.0-7.9% in the past 7 days.
- Orange (Substantial Transmission): Everyday activities should be limited to reduce spread and protect the health care system. Threshold: Counties with 50-99 cumulative cases per 100,000 population or a cumulative NAAT test positivity result between 8.0-9.9% in the past 7 days.
- Red (High Transmission): Significant measures are needed to limit contact between persons, with priority given to maintaining essential community activities and services (e.g., health care, transportation, food and agriculture, schools). Threshold: Counties with cumulative cases =100 per 100,000 population or a cumulative NAAT test positivity result =10.0% in the past 7 days.

The Level of Community Transmission table displays the number of states in each level and the change from the prior week.

Additional information about how these indicators and thresholds apply to K-12 school settings can be found here: Guidance for <u>COVID-19 Prevention in K-12 Schools</u>. Additional information about how these indicators and thresholds apply to Institutions of Higher Education (IHE) can be found here: <u>Considerations for Institutions of Higher Education (IHEs)</u>. Additional information can be found on the Calculating Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) Laboratory Test Percent Positivity: CDC Methods and Considerations for Comparisons and Interpretation webpage.

Previously, CDC provided guidance for schools through the Indicators for Dynamic School Decision-Making. The current indicators and thresholds are an update to that document that reflect a focus on the past 7 days (rather than 14), and four (rather than five) categories of community transmission.

Testing Data

- The data represent COVID-19 Nucleic Acid Amplification Test (NAAT) results, which include reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) tests from laboratories in the United States, including commercial and reference laboratories, public health laboratories, hospital laboratories, and other testing locations. The data represent laboratory test totals-not individual people-and exclude antibody and antigen tests. The data are provisional and subject to change. National total test counts reflect the latest reported data from states and may not match the sum of the data presented for all jurisdictions. The data may also not include results from all testing sites within a jurisdiction (e.g., point-of-care test sites) and therefore reflect the majority, but not all, COVID-19 NAATs in the United States. Information about how laboratory data are reported to CDC can be found at: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/lab/reporting-lab-data.html
- On September 30th, 2021, CDC moved to presenting the NAAT testing data with a 7-day lag for testing volume and a 3-day lag for percent positivity to better align with other CDC products. This 3-day lag for percent positivity was implemented for all NAAT percent positivity metrics presented on COVID Data Tracker and for the calculation of level of community transmission.
- Testing Data update for September 1, 2021: WA has incomplete negative test result data, impacting testing volumes and percent positivity.
- Testing Data update for February 22, 2022: IA has incomplete negative test result data, impacting testing volumes and percent positivity.

Wondering what all the data mean?

CDC's new COVID Data Tracker Weekly Review helps you stay up-to-date on the pandemic with weekly visualizations, analysis, and interpretations of key data and trends.

How does COVID-19 Spread? Learn more

Information on US COVID-19 Cases Caused by Variants Learn more here

Do you need information on testing? Find it here

View and Download COVID-19 Case Surveillance Public Use Data with Geography

Cite COVID Data Tracker

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COVID-19 Home >

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