**National Center for Immunization & Respiratory Diseases** 



### Influenza Vaccines for Older Adults: GRADE Summary

Lisa Grohskopf Influenza Division, CDC

Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices 23 February 2022

Review Team: Elif Alyanak Lenee Blanton Jessie Chung Jill Ferdinands Rachel Holstein Lisa Grohskopf

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#### Question

Do the relative benefits and harms of H⊡IV,aIIV, and RIV (referred to collectively as enhanced influenza vaccines, or EIVs) as compared with one another and with standard-dose unadjuvanted influenza vaccines (SDIIVs) favor the use of any one or more of these vaccines over other age-appropriate influenza vaccines for persons ≥65 years of age.

# PICO

- Population: Adults ages 65 years and older
- Interventions: EIVs: HDIV, aIIV, RIV (quadrivalents atridvalents)
- Comparators: SD-IIV (quadrivalents and trivalents); EIVs
- Outcomes:
  - Benefits: Prevention of
    Influenza illnesses
    Influenza-associated outpatient/ER visits
    Influenza-associated hospitalizations
    Influenza-associated deaths
    Harms: Occurrence of

Any Serious Adverse Event (SAE)ImportantAny solicited injection site adverse reaction Grade ≥3ImportantAny solicited systemic adverse reaction Grade ≥3CriticalGuillain-Barré SyndromeCritical

## Notes for the Slides Which Follow

Six vaccine comparisons:

EIVs vs SDIIVs	EIVs vs one another
HD-IIV vs SD-IIV	HD-IIV vs aIIV
aIIV vs SD-IIV	HD-IIV vs RIV
RIV vs SD-IIV	aIIV is RIV

- Analyses considered influenza seasons separately where possible.
- Comparisons of trivalent and quadrivalent vaccines are combined.
- In cases where separate estimates were made for different IIV comparator vaccines (SDIV3, SDIV4, eggbased, cellbased), these slides present data for comparisons to SDIIV4 (eggbased if specified).
- Estimates for composite outcomes (e.g, combined inpatient/outpatient visits; hospitalizations/ER visits) are not included in main analyses/GRADE.

#### Comparison 1: HD-IIV vs SD-IIV

- Comparison 2: allV vs SD-IIV
- Comparison 3: RIV vs SD-IIV

- Comparison 4: HD-IIV3 vs allV3
- Comparison 5: HD-IIV3 vs RIV4
- Comparison 6: allV3 vs RIV4

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Seasons	Relative Risk† or Rate Ratio§ (95%CI)	Importance	Certainty
Influenza illnesses	1 RC聍	2	0.71 (0.51, 0.99)	Critical	Level1 High
Influenza outpatient/ER visits*	4 retro cohort§	4	0.87 (0.76, 0.99)	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza hospitalizations	2 RCT† 1 cluster RC <b>§</b>	10	1.00 (0.47, 2.12) <b>0.79 (0.66, 0.95)</b>	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
	8 retro cohort§ 1 retro cohort † <b>1 case-control</b> †		0.92 (0.90, 0.94) 0.71 (0.57, 0.88)		
Influenza deaths	2 retro cohort§	3	0.67 (0.56, 0.81)	Critical	Level 2 Moderate

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

\* An additional casecontrol study addressing this outcome is omitted here in favor of the higher certainty evidence from the retrospective cohort studies.

+ person denominator §person-time denominator

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#### HD-IIV3 vs SD-IIV: Harms

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Relative Risk† or Rate Ratio§ (95%CI)	Importance	Certainty
Any SAE	7 RCT†	0.91 (0.85, 0.97)	Important	Level 1 High
Any solicited injection site AE Grade $\geq 3$	2 RCT†	4.91 (0.85,28.36)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited systemic AE Grade ≥3	3 RCT†	0.95 (0.20, 4.53)	Critical	Level 3 Low
Guillain-Barré syndrome*	1 RCT†	Not estimable	Critical	Level 3 Low

RCT= randomized study

\* One RCT comparing HD-IIV3 (2606 persons) and IIV4 (2604 participants) included Guillain-Barré syndrome as an adverse event of special interest; no cases were reported in the paper
 † person denominator
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- Comparison 1: HD-IIV vs SD-IIV
- Comparison 2: allV vs SD-IIV
- Comparison 3: RIV vs SD-IIV

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- Comparison 5: HD-IIV3 vs RIV4
- Comparison 6: allV3 vs RIV4

#### allV3 vs SD-IIV: Benefits

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Seasons	Relative Risk† or Rate Ratio <sup>§</sup> (95%CI)	Importance	Certainty
Influenza illnesses	1 RCT†	1	1.03 (0.89, 1.1)9	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza outpatient/ER visits	2 retro cohort <sup>§</sup> 1 retro cohort <sup>†</sup> 1 case-control <sup>†</sup>	3	0.83 (0.50, 1.37) <b>0.60 (0.40, 0.91)</b>	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza hospitalizations	1 cluster RC१ 4 retro cohort <sup>§</sup> 1 prospective cohort <sup>†</sup>	11	0.79 (0.65, 0.96) 0.88 (0.80, 0.97) 0.75 (0.57, 0.99)	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza deaths			No studies		

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

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Outcome	Studies, n Design	Relative Risk† or Rate Ratio§ (95%CI)	Importance	Certainty
Any SAE	8 RCT	1.07 (0.92, 1.26)	Important	Level 2 Moderate
Any solicited injection site AE Grade $\geq 3$	4 RCT	3.39 (1.32, 8.72)§	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited systemic AEGrade ≥3	4 RCT	0.77 (0.34, 1.75)	Critical	Level 3 Low
Guillain-Barré syndrome	1 RCT * 1 retro cohort †	0.33 (0.01,8.16) Not estimable	Critical	Level 3 Low

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

- <sup>+</sup> One retrospective cohort study reported 0 "definite", "probable", or "possible" cases in either arm during a 0-42 day window.
- $\S$  Driven by one study; paper specifies that there was no severe pain in either group

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- Comparison 1: HD-IIV vs SD-IIV
- Comparison 2: allV vs SD-IIV
- Comparison 3: RIV vs SD-IIV

- Comparison 4: HD-IIV3 vs allV3
- Comparison 5: HD-IIV3 vs RIV4
- Comparison 6: allV3 vs RIV4

#### **RIV vs SD-IIV: Benefits**

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Seasons	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Certainty
Influenza illnesses	2 RCT†	2	0.82 (0.57, 1.1 <b>)7</b>	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza outpatient/ER visits			No studies		
Influenza hospitalizations	1 retro cohort§	1	0.83 (0.76, 0.91)	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza deaths			No studies		

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<sup>†</sup>person denominator

#### **RIV vs SD-IIV: Harms**

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Certainty
Any SAE	5 RCT *	1.03 (0.84, 1.26)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited injection site AE Grade $\geq 3$	2 RCT	0.68 (0.27, 1.69)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited systemic AEGrade ≥3	2 RCT	0.28 (0.05,1.71)	Critical	Level 3 Low
Guillain-Barré syndrome	l retro cohort †	Not estimable	Critical	Level 4 Very low

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

\*Largest 2 studies include persons ages  $\geq$ 50 years.

+One cohort study examined Guillain-Barré syndrome among persons receiving RIV3 vs SD-IIV3 and reported a total of 4 cases, all among SD-IIV3 recipients, using a 41-day post vaccination window.

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Any solicited injection site AE Grade $\geq 3$	2 RCT	0.68 (0.27, 1.69)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited systemic AEGrade ≥3	2 RCT	0.28 (0.05, 1.71)	Critical	Level 3 Low
Guillain-Barré syndrome	1 retro cohort †	Not estimable	Critical	Level 4 Very low

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- Comparison 2: allV vs SD-IIV
- Comparison 3: RIV vs SD-IIV

# Comparison 4: HD-IIV3 vs allV3

- Comparison 5: HD-IIV3 vs RIV4
- Comparison 6: allV3 vs RIV4

#### HD-IIV3 vs alIV3: Benefits

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Seasons	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Certainty	
Influenza illnesses	1 RCT†	1	0.34 (0.04, 3.13)	Critical	Level 4 Very low	
Influenza outpatient/ER visits	3 retro cohort <b>§</b>	2	1.06 (0.92, 1.21)	Critical	Level 2 Low	
Influenza hospitalizations	4 retro cohort§	4	0.96 (0.90, 1.01)	Critical	Level 3 Low	
Influenza deaths		No studies				

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

\* Very small immunogenicity study (total n=99 which included PCB onfirmed influenza-like illness as an exploratory outcome.

<sup>†</sup>person denominator

#### HD-IIV3 vs allV3: Benefits

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Influenza hospitalizations	4 retro cohort§	4	0.96 (0.90, 1.01)	Critical	Level 3 Low
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Influenza deaths	No studies				

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#### HD-IIV3 vs alIV3 : Harms

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Certainty
Any SAE	2 RCŤ	0.62 (0.24, 1.61)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited injection site AE Grade $\geq 3$	2 RCT <sup>†</sup>	1.28 (0.64,2.55)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited systemic AEGrade ≥3	2 RCT <sup>†</sup>	1.11 (0.45,2.75)	Critical	Level 3 Low
Guillain-Barré syndrome	1 RCT <sup>†</sup>	Not estimable	Critical	Level 3 Low

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

<sup>†</sup> person-time denominator

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#### HD-IIV3 vs alIV3 : Harms

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Certainty
Any SAE	2 RCT	0.62 (0.24, 1.61)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited injection site AE Grade $\geq 3$	2 RCT <sup>†</sup>	1.28 (0.64, 2.55)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited systemic AEGrade ≥3	2 RCT <sup>†</sup>	1.11 (0.45,2.75)	Critical	Level 3 Low
Guillain-Barré syndrome	1 RCT <sup>†</sup>	Not estimable	Critical	Level 3 Low

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

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Guillain-Barré syndrome	1 RCT <sup>†</sup>	Not estimable	Critical	Level 3 Low

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- Comparison 1: HD-IIV vs SD-IIV
- Comparison 2: allV vs SD-IIV
- Comparison 3: RIV vs SD-IIV

- Comparison 4: HD-IIV3 vs allV3
- Comparison 5: HD-IIV3 vs RIV4
- Comparison 6: allV3 vs RIV4

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Seasons	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Quality
Influenza illnesses	1 RCT <del>*</del>	1	0.26 (0.03, 2.18)	Critical	Level 4 Very low
Influenza outpatient/ER visits			No studies		
Influenza hospitalizations	1 retro cohort <sup>§</sup>	1	1.12 (1.03, 1.21)	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza deaths			No studies		

- RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort
- \* Very small immunogenicity study (total n=99 which included PCR onfirmed influenza-like illness as an exploratory outcome.
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Outcome	Studies, n Design	Seasons	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Quality
Influenza illnesses	1 RCT*†	1	0.26 (0.03, 2.18)	Critical	Level 4 Very low
Influenza outpatient/ER visits	No studies				
Influenza hospitalizations	1 retro cohort§	1	1.12 (1.03, 1.21)	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza deaths			No studies		

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#### HD-IIV3 vs RIV: Harms

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Relative Risk†/ Rate Ratio§	Importance	Quality
Any SAE	2 RC <b>T</b>	1.77 (0.73, 4.28)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited injection site AE Grade $\geq 3$	2 RCT†	5.92 (0.32, 109.56)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited systemic AEGrade ≥3	2 RCT†	0.83 (0.16,4.41)	Critical	Level 3 Low
Guillain-Barré syndrome		No studies	5	

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

<sup>†</sup>person denominator

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- Comparison 2: allV vs SD-IIV
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- Comparison 5: HD-IIV3 vs RIV4
- Comparison 6: allV3 vs RIV4

#### allV3 vs RIV4: Benefits

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Seasons	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Quality
Influenza illnesses	1 RCT†*	1	0.75 (0.18, 3.07)	Critical	Level 4 Very low
Influenza outpatient/ER visits			No studies		
Influenza hospitalizations	1 retro cohort <sup>§</sup>	1	1.12 (1.03, 1.22)	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza deaths			No studies		

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

\* Very small immunogenicity study (total n=99) which included PGB onfirmed influenza-like illness as an exploratory outcome.

<sup>†</sup>person denominator

#### allV3 vs RIV4: Benefits

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Seasons	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Quality
Influenza illnesses	RCT†*	1	0.75 (0.18, 3.07)	Critical	Level 4 Very low
Influenza outpatient/ER visits	No studies				
Influenza hospitalizations	1 retro cohort <sup>§</sup>	1	1.12 (1.03, 1.22)	Critical	Level 2 Moderate
Influenza deaths			No studies		

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- <sup>†</sup>person denominator
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#### allV3 vs RIV4 : Harms

Outcome	Studies, n Design	Relative Risk†/Rate Ratio§	Importance	Quality
Any SAE	1 RC <b>Ŧ</b>	1.81 (0.58, 5.65)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited injection site AE Grade $\geq 3$	1 RCT†	4.62 (0.24,89.17)	Important	Level 3 Low
Any solicited systemic AEGrade ≥3	1 RCT†	4.62 (0.24,89.17)	Critical	Level 3 Low
Guillain-Barré syndrome		No studies	5	

RCT= randomized study; retro cohort=retrospective cohort

<sup>†</sup>person denominator

#### **Evidence Summary: EIVs vs SD-IIVs**

Outcome	Importance	HD-IIV3 vs SD-IIV	allV3 vs SD-IIV	RIV vs SD-IIV
Benefits				
Influenza illnesses	Critical	Level 1 (High)	Level 2 (Moderate)	Level 2 (Moderate)
		Favors HD-IIV3		
Influenza outpatient/ER	Critical	Level 2 (Moderate)	Level 2 (Moderate)	
visits		Favors HD-IIV3		
Influenza hospitalizations	Critical	Level 2 (Moderate)	Level 2 (Moderate)	Level 2 (Moderate)
		Favors HD-IIV3	Favors allV3	Favors RIV4
Influenza deaths	Critical	Level 2 (Moderate)		
		Favors HD-IIV3		
Harms				
Any Serious Adverse	Important	Level 1 (High)	Level 2 (Moderate)	Level 3 (Low)
Event (SAE)		Favors HD-IIV3		
Solicited injection site	Important	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)
adverse events Grade ≥3			Favors SD-IIV	
Solicited systemic	Critical	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)
adverse events Grade ≥3				
Guillain-Barré syndrome	Critical	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)	Level 4 (Very low)
OVERA	ALL CERTAINTY	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)	Level 4 (Very low)

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#### **Evidence Summary: EIVs vs One Another**

Outcome	Importance	HD-IIV3 vs allV3	HD-IIV3 vs RIV	allV3 vs RIV
Benefits			•	
Influenza illnesses	Critical	Level 4 (Very low)	Level 4 (Very low)	Level 4 (Very low)
Influenza outpatient/ER visits	Critical	Level 2 (Low)		
Influenza hospitalizations	Critical	Level 3 (Low)	Level 2 (Moderate) Favors RIV4 (1 retro cohort study)	Level 2 (Moderate) Favors RIV4 (1 retro cohort study)
Influenza deaths	Critical			
Harms			•	
Any Serious Adverse Event (SAE)	Important	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)
Solicited injection site adverse events Grade ≥3	Important	Level 4 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)
Solicited systemic adverse events Grade ≥3	Critical	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)	Level 3 (Low)
Guillain-Barré syndrome	Critical	Level 3 (Low)		
OVERA	LL CERTAINTY	Level 4 (Very low)	Level 4 (Very low)	Level 4 (Very low)

### **Overall Summary: EIVs vs SD-IIVs**

- Limited RCT data
- High quality evidence favoring HD-IIV3 over SD-IIV from 1 RCT
- From observational data, overall Moderate certainty favoring each EIV over SD-IIVs against influenza-related hospitalizations
  - Limitations of these data include that most are large retrospective cohort studies for which outcomes are defined by diagnostic codes rather than laboratory confirmed influenza.
  - The largest quantity of data are available for HD-IIV3, less for aIIV3, and least (1 study) for RIV.
- Few differences in safety outcomes overall (and none for critical outcomes)

#### **Overall Summary: EIVs vs One Another**

- Very limited, Very low certainty RCT data
- From Observational data, Moderate quality evidence favoring RIV4 over HD-IIV3 and aIIV3 against hospitalization,
  - However, this is from one retrospective cohort study conducted over a single season.
- No safety differences among the three EIV comparisons.
- Overall, evidence providing direct comparisons of EIVs with one another does not indicate superiority of one over the others.

#### Conclusions

- Overall, there is evidence of benefit favoring each EIV over **SID**'s
  - Most evidence for HD-IIV3
  - Fewer studies and no RCT including lab-confirmed outcomes for aIIV3
  - Fewest studies for RIV
- No strong evidence favoring one EIV over others among studies providing direct comparisons.
- Limitations include:
  - Few RCT data overall, representing few influenza seasons.
  - No data reflecting currently available formulations of HD-IIV and aIIV (which are now quadrivalents--HD-IIV4 and aIIV4)
    - Prelicensure studies have generally indicated similar immunogenicity of quadrivalent vaccines and their trivalent counterparts

#### Thank You!

# Supplemental slides

### **Systematic Review Methods Overiew**

- Databases searched: Medline, Embase, CINAHL, Scopus, Cochrane Library, ClinicalTrials.gov
- Publication dates from 1990 forward:no language restriction
- Literature search last updated September 9,2021.
- Bibliographies of citations selected for full-text review hand searched to find additional citations.
- Two reviewers independently performed title/abstract screens, full-text reviews, data abstraction, and risk of bias assessments.
- Risk of bias assessment employed
  - Cochrane Risk of Bias tool for randomized studies.<sup>1</sup>
  - Risk of Bias for Nonrandomized Studies of Interventions (ROBINS-I) for observational studies.<sup>2</sup>
  - <sup>1</sup> Higgins JPT et al, BMJ 2011;343:d5928

<sup>2</sup> Sterne JAC et al. BMJ 2016; 355; i4919; doi: 10.1136/bmj.i4919.

### **Systematic Review Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria**

- Focus on published/peerreviewed primary source literature.
  - Abstracts, clinical trial registry summaries, and review articles not included, but used to identify additional citations.
- Main inclusion criteria:
  - Randomized studies (individually- and cluster-randomized designs).
  - Retrospective case-control studies (traditional and test-negative designs).
  - Retrospective and prospective cohort studies.
- Main exclusion criteria:
  - Data involving influenza vaccines not licensed/available in the United States for persons  $\geq 65$  years of age.
  - Studies/data for which the entire population falls outside age range of interest
  - Studies/data assessing monovalent or bivalent vaccines.
  - Case series, case reports, registry reports without comparator or denominator information.
  - Animal studies.
  - Interim reports superseded by final reports.



Included