

Archived Editions (COVID-19 Genomics and Precision Public Health Weekly Update)

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COVID-19 Genomics and Precision Public Health Weekly Update Content

- Pathogen and Human Genomics Studies
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- News, Reviews and Commentaries

Pathogen and Human Genomics Studies

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show that such a variant is expected to spread faster if vaccination targets individuals who are likely to be involved in a higher number of contacts. We also discuss the pros and cons of dose-sparing strategies. Because delaying the second dose increases the proportion of the population vaccinated with a single dose, this strategy can both speed up the spread of the vaccine-adapted variant and reduce the cumulative number of deaths. Hence, strategies that are most effective at slowing viral adaptation may not always be epidemiologically optimal.

 The UGT2A1/UGT2A2 locus is associated with COVID-19-related loss of smell or taste (https://www.nature.com/articles/s41588-021-00986-w)

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