



COVID-19

COVID-19 Vaccines for People with Disabilities

Updated Dec. 10, 2021

What People with Disabilities and Care Providers Need to Know About COVID-19 Vaccines

This webpage provides information for people with disabilities or conditions that may increase their risk of getting and spreading COVID-19, and for their care providers. If you do not see the information you need, please check the [CDC COVID-19 Vaccine Information](#) page.

Information on COVID-19 vaccines is updated regularly. Check back for updated information.

Get a COVID-19 Vaccine

Vaccines are now available to help protect you from getting COVID-19. Disability alone does not put you at higher risk for getting COVID-19. You may be at higher risk because of where you live, such as a long-term care home. You may be at risk because you need to have close contact with care providers. You may also be at risk because you have difficulty wearing a mask, staying at least 6 feet away from other people, or washing your hands.

People with [Down Syndrome](#) are [more likely than others](#) to get very sick from COVID-19.

Many people with disabilities have diabetes, cancer, heart disease, or obesity. These conditions may put you at higher risk of severe illness due to COVID-19. Talk to your doctor about your health conditions that may put you at higher risk for getting very sick from COVID-19 and about getting a COVID-19 vaccine.

You might wonder why your disability is not on the [underlying conditions list](#). Conditions are added when there is enough scientific evidence to support putting them on the list. The list is updated as new information becomes available. Please check back often for updates.

Take steps to [prevent](#) getting and spreading COVID-19.

When to Get Your COVID-19 Vaccine

It is important that people with disabilities get the COVID-19 vaccine. Everyone ages 5 years and older is eligible to [get a COVID-19 vaccination](#). [Get a COVID-19 vaccine as soon as you can](#). Widespread vaccination is a critical tool to help stop the pandemic.

[Moderately to severely immunocompromised people](#) who are 12 years and older and received a Pfizer-BioNTech primary series or 18 years and older and received a Moderna primary series should receive an additional primary dose of the same vaccine at least 28 days after their second dose.

[Booster shots](#) are available for some people ages 18 years and older who received Pfizer-BioNTech or Moderna COVID-19 vaccines and who are at higher risk for COVID-19 exposure or severe illness. Booster shots are available for everyone ages 18 years and older who has had one shot of [Johnson and Johnson's Janssen COVID-19 vaccine](#).

How to Get a COVID-19 Vaccine for My Care Provider

You might have someone who helps you with your day-to-day activities, such as a care provider. Care providers may be considered essential workers in vaccination plans. Hospice, home healthcare, and group home providers are considered [essential workers](#). Some examples of home healthcare providers are skilled nurses and therapists and other people who provide personal care services in the home.

A parent or family member might help you with your day-to-day activities. People who help you with your care might be able to get the COVID-19 vaccine at the same time as you do, depending on what state they live in. Your family member or care provider can contact the health department in the state they live in to find out if they can get the COVID-19 vaccine when you do.

What to Expect after Your Vaccination

You may have mild [side effects](#), like pain, redness, or swelling on the arm, or tiredness, headache, muscle pain, chills, fever or nausea. These side effects are normal and can last a few days. If you get the COVID-19 vaccine and have side effects that do not go away in a few days or have more serious symptoms, call your doctor.

With some COVID-19 vaccines, you will need 2 shots to complete your primary vaccination series. The timing between your first and second shot depends on which vaccine you received. You should get your second shot as close to the recommended interval as possible. Learn which [COVID-19 vaccines need two shots](#).

After you are fully vaccinated for COVID-19, you may be able to start doing some things that you had stopped doing because of the pandemic. Learn more about what you can do [when you have been fully vaccinated](#).

Research shows that COVID-19 vaccines are [safe](#) for people ages 5 years and older. Call your doctor if you have questions or concerns about COVID-19 vaccination.

How to Access Materials about COVID-19

CDC is working to make COVID-19 resources [accessible](#) for everyone. We have resources about COVID-19 that are [easy to read](#). We have resources for [people with limited English](#). We also have resources in [American Sign Language](#).

The CDC Foundation funded the Georgia Institute of Technology (GA Tech) to make some COVID-19 resources in other formats like braille. You can find these resources on the [GA Tech website](#) .

You can report problems with accessible communication on the [CDC website](#).

Find a COVID-19 vaccine: Search [vaccines.gov](#), text your ZIP code to 438829, or call 1-800-232-0233 to find locations near you.

Related Resources

- › [Needle Fears and Phobia – Find Ways to Manage](#)