

Surveillance Program PPOP

What are our priorities?

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Surveillance Program works with partners in industry, labor, trade associations, professional organizations, government agencies, and academia. The program:

- Expands awareness, knowledge, and use of occupational safety and health (OSH) surveillance data
- Builds capacity for state-based OSH surveillance
- Integrates OSH variables into general health surveillance systems and Occupational Data for Health (ODH) into health Information Technology (IT) systems
- Supports industry and health and safety surveillance needs, and addresses cross-cutting surveillance issues

What do we do?

- Promote inclusion of OSH variables in national population-based surveys, standards for electronic health records (EHRs), and CDC surveillance systems, like the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) and National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System.
- Increase awareness and promote use of OSH surveillance resources and data tools, such as the NIOSH Industry and Occupational Computerized Coding System (NIOCCS).
- Examine surveillance trends by visualizing data from state and federal partners. Examples include [Worker Health Charts \(WHC\)](#), [Absenteeism in the Workplace](#) dashboards, and [Mine and Mine Worker Charts](#).
- Increase states' capacity to conduct case-based surveillance of priority occupational injuries and illnesses.
- Identify opportunities to use novel sources of surveillance data, such as audiometric data and workers' compensation data.
- Increase awareness and promote the incorporation of ODH into health IT systems.

What have we accomplished?

- Released interactive [NIOSH Mine and Mine Worker Charts](#) that provide facts about the industry and miner injury estimates.
- Completed Mining Industry and Workforce Survey data collection for the coal industry.
- Completed the redesign of the Commercial Fishing Incident Database to collect information on both nonfatal and fatal injuries and vessel disasters.
- Evaluated industry and occupation coding methods for the [National Occupational Mortality Surveillance \(NOMS\)](#) system in collaboration with the National Center for Health Statistics.
- Enhanced NIOCCS by implementing machine learning, which increases auto-coding speed (~100x faster) and improves consistency of assigned Census industry and occupation codes.
- Finalized an information model, vocabulary, multiple interoperability templates, and a software prototype to demonstrate collection of ODH in Health IT systems, such as EHRs.
- Published a [paper](#) that found annual increases of 24% in drug overdose deaths at work for the years 2011-2016. Highlighted the most affected industries in an [infographic](#).

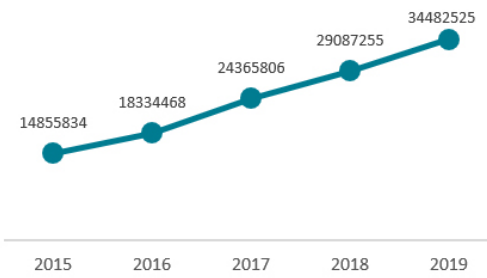
What's next?

- Incorporate the Fatalities in Oil and Gas Extraction (FOG) surveillance data into the [NIOSH WHC](#) data visualization tool.
- Use NIOCCS to code industry and occupation (I/O) for all death certificates received in 2020 by the 47 states and one city participating in NOMS (~3 million records).
- Engage clinical organizations to pilot the collection and use of ODH in EHRs.
- Release an I/O field template for [Epi Info](#), providing users a standard template for collecting I/O information without the need for an internet connection.
- Meet with stakeholders to address [The NIOSH Plan to Implement the National Academies Program Evaluation Recommendations](#).
- Publish three papers related to suicide among workers, drug overdoses at work, and health status and behaviors of mining populations.

At-A-Glance

The Surveillance Program improves the understanding of worker safety and health by identifying and tracking workplace injuries, illnesses, hazards, deaths, and exposures in the United States. This snapshot shows recent accomplishments and upcoming activities.

Cumulative number of records submitted* to NIOCCS



*Includes both internal and external user submissions, crosswalks, and industry and occupation coding.

Source: NIOSH Program Records

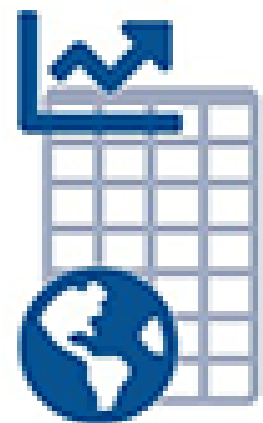
Absenteeism in the Workplace



NIOSH workplace absenteeism charts allow you to explore trends across various demographics.

Source: www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/absences/

NIOSH Mine and Mine Worker Charts



Source: www.cdc.gov/niosh/mining/statistics/

To learn more, visit www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/surveillance October 2020



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

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