Morbidity and Mortality

Report

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Prepared by the NATIONAL OFFICE OF VITAL STATISTICS

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Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended April 5, 1958

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Influenza

The numbers of deaths from all causes and from influenza and pneumonia in large cities continue to decrease. The numbers were 11,072 and 494, respectively, for the week ended April 6, as compared with 11,635 and 518 for the previous week. Influenza and pneumonia deaths continue to exceed the expected number.

Dr. Grace Jansen, Erie County (New York) Health Department, has reported an outbreak of influenza in an industrial plant in which 22 out of a population of 40 to 50 persons were affected. It was first thought to be an outbreak transmitted by food, but investigation showed that symptoms were mainly respiratory in nature. Most of the cases had onset within a

single 24-hour period. Of 16 throat washings, 13 yielded Asian strains of type A influenza virus.

Dr. W. P. Glezen, North Carolina State Board of Health, has provided additional information on the outbreak of the influenza-like disease on Ocracoke Island reported last week. About 500 inhabitants live at the southern end of the Island in the vicinity of a harbor for fishing boats. Little, if any, influenza was noted during the fall of 1957. Sporadic cases appeared early in March 1958, and incidence reached epidemic proportions by the third week of the month, Fever, usually lasting not more than 2 days, ranged from 100° to 102° F. Chills, malaise, headache, and general aching were observed in many patients, and a dry hacking cough was common during convalescence. Complications were few in number, but 4 persons

Continued on page 2

Table I. Cases of Specified Notifiable Diseases: Continental United States

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

	1	4th WEER	C	CUMULATIVE NUMBER							
DISEASE	Ended Apr. 5, 1958	Ended Apr. 6, 1957	Median 1953-57	Fir	st 14 week	s	Since se	Approxi- mate			
				1958	1957	Median 1953-57	1957-58	1956-57	Median 1952-53 to 1956-57	seasona: low point	
Anthon	11	SAE 2		1	7	9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2) (2) (2)	
Anthrax	_			-	100	4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Brucoli de la companya de la company	9	26	26	167	242	326	(²) (²)	(2) (2)	(2)	(2)	
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	15	14	27	232	304	557	1,004	1,053	1,883	July 1	
Diphtheria055	29	42	39	333	302	308	1,631	1,868	1,642	June 1	
Encephalitis, infectious082	23	46		550	552	500	_,		2		
Mepatitis, infectious, and serum	322	327	679	4,784	5,375	8,640	8,589	10,574	14.713	Sept. 1	
Malaria	JLL	3	5	13	21	50	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	
Measles	34,830	20,674	22,895	261,534	206,990	215,524	294,437	244,199	244,622	Sept.	
Meningococcal infections057	64	51	78	905	777	1,333	1,862	1,508	2,355	Sept.	
Meningitis, other340	36	37	***	709	458						
Poliomyelitis080	18	33	67	237	559	1,212	18	33	67	Apr.	
Paralytic080.0,080.1	10	18		131	292		10	18		Apr.	
Nonparalytic080.2	4	10		71	173		4	10		Apr.	
Unspecified	4	5		35	94		4	5		Apr.	
rsittarosis oos o	-	3	5	35	61	61	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	
habies in man	- 2	2	-	2	_	1			(2)	(²)	
- Photo fever	10	= 17	21	187	274	339	10	17	21	Apr.	
Typhus fever, endemic101	120	-	1	12	25	25	-	-	1	Apr.	
Rabies in animals	133	99	150	1,400	1,434	1,767	2,215	2,398	3,132	Oct.	

Reported in Pennsylvania.

Symbols. -1 dash [-]: no cases reported; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

Data show no pronounced seasonal change in incidence.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS-Continued

were suspected of having pneumonitis. Only one of these was ill enough to be hospitalized on the mainland. Sixty-seven households, which included 40 percent of the Island's population, were visited. Of 219 persons interviewed, 152 or 69 percent had a history of influenza-like illness during a 3-week period prior to the survey. During the week ended March 22, 107 persons had onset of the disease. Cases appeared in all age groups, from 1 to 80 years. The initial or source case was not identified. Of those cases surveyed 42 had received influenza vaccine 4 months prior to the outbreak, and all but 10 of the 42 were ill. Studies on laboratory specimens collected have not been completed.

The Vermont Department of Health states that about 150 cases of influenza have been reported in a community in Franklin County since early in March. All age groups have been involved. While many patients have been severely ill for from 2 to 5 days, no serious complications have been encountered. No schools or industries have been closed. Vaccination was carried out extensively last fall. The isolation of an Asian strain of virus was accomplished by only one egg passage of material from a throat washing.

Lead poisoning

Information has been received from Dr. S. H. Osborn, Connecticut State Department of Health, of the death from lead poisoning of a 3½-year-old boy. Among the possible sources of lead was paint chewed from a crib. Samples of the original paint from the crib have been shown by laboratory examination to contain lead.

Nicotinic acid poisoning

A report has been received from Dr. Oldham, New York State Department of Health, of the illness of 4 persons following consumption of a food containing an additive composed of niacin, ascorbic acid, and dextrose. The symptoms were a sudden onset of warmth, acute discomfort, and a blotchy rash or flush, chiefly of the face, neck, and arms, occurring 10 to 25 minutes after 3 persons had eaten hamburger and 1 had eaten a cube steak. One person complained of itching. Cortisone was immediately administered to 2 of the vicitms, and the other 2 were given nothing. All recovered uneventfully; one of the untreated cases recovered after 25 minutes and the other, after 45 minutes. The meat consumed by all 4 came from the same market which uses an additive to preserve the "color and freshness" of its meat. It is believed that the 4 cases represented nicotinic acid poisoning. Only these 4 cases have come to medical attention, and the total number of persons who may have been affected is unknown.

Shigellosis

Dr. H. M. Hardwicke, Missouri State Department of Health, has reported an outbreak of dysentery due to Shigella sonnei in a fraternity house. A cook in the fraternity house was ill with intestinal symptoms a week prior to the outbreak and was found to harbor the same organism. There were 5 associated cases in addition to the 32 members of the fraternity who were affected. All known cases have been placed under treatment.

Psittacosis

The Wisconsin State Board of Health has reported the occurrence of several cases of psittacosis. One case was in a 29-year-old male who worked on a turkey farm. In February 1957, the man had a severe illness with fever, respiratory symptoms, cough, pain in the chest, and diarrhea, while employed on a turkey farm. The present illness began on February 20, 1958, with headache, productive cough, and pain in the chest. An X-ray examination showed infiltration at the bases of both lungs. A complement fixation test was positve in a titer of 1:64 on March 7. The occurrence of psittacosis infection prior to the present illness is considered a possibility. No history of unusual illness in the turkeys on the farm was obtained.

Two cases in employees of a turkey processing plant were reported. One was a 39-year-old male who handled frozen, boxed turkeys, but often went into the killing room. The other was a 38-year-old woman who was employed as a "pinner" (one who removes pin feathers). The onsets of the cases were about February 5 and January 1, respectively. Both had fever, cough, and chest pain. The male patient had pneumonitis in the left midlung field and had a positive complement fixation in a titer of 1:1024. Many turkeys were processed in the plant, but none was known to be infected, and the number of rejections by veterinary inspection was not unusual.

A clerical employee of a railroad, who had evidence of consolidation in one lung, had a positive complement fixation titer of 1:16 on December 5, 1957, and 1:64 on December 16. He is thought to have had psittacosis. A white, 55-year-old handy man in a tavern had a pulmonary infection and a positive complement fixation in a titer of 1:32. This was also considered to be a confirmed case. No known exposure to birds was reported in either of these cases

Gastro-enteritis

The California State Department of Public Health has forwarded reports of 2 outbreaks of gastro-enteritis. The first outbreak occurred following a sorority picnic, when 21 of 29 persons became ill with stomach cramps and diarrhea 6 to 10 hours after eating chili, canned string beans, chicken noodle soup, and chocolate milk. The symptoms lasted from 10 to 18 hours. The chili and chicken soup had been prepared 10 hours before being served and had not been refrigerated. Prior to being eaten the soup was brought to a boil but the chili was only warmed. Another portion of the meat used for the chili and beans was served at the noon meal in the sorority house the following day without ill effect. An insignificant number of colonies of a nonhemolytic, coagulase-negative, catalase-positive Staphylococcus albus was recovered from a sample of the chili and beans. The other outbreak occurred in a private home, when 6 persons became ill with abdominal cramps, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea 8 to 12 hours after eating beans, ravioli, spaghetti and meat sauce purchased from a delicatessen store. The youngest child who had eaten a very small portion was only slightly ill. The symptoms in all of the cases disappeared within 24 hours. All of the food had been freshly prepared the day it was consumed, and about 150 other customers were

Continued on page 8

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED APRIL 6, 1957, AND APRIL 5, 1958

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

AREA	BRUCEL (UNDU FEV	LANT	_	DIPHTH	ERIA OSS		ENCEPHA INFECT		HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, AND SERUM 092,N998.5 pt.				
AREA	04	4	14th	reek	Cumul first 1	ative 4 weeks	08	2	14th	week	Cumulat first 14 1958 4,784 167 25 1 6 76 23 36 761 242 77 171 238 35 408 44 56 66 67 3 34 138 354 100 33 39 90 69 19 23 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39		
	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	
CONT. UNITED STATES	9	26	15	14	232	304	29	42	322	327	4,784	5,375	
NEW ENGLAND	1	_	_		5	8	4	2	12	9	167	285	
sine			_	_	-	ı		-	3	1		8	
ev Hampshire	-	- 1	-	-	-	-			-	-	1		
Assachusetts	1		_	_	- 4	7	4	- 2	1	1		5	
hode Island	-	-	_		-		*	-	2	- 4		7 2	
Connecticut	-	-	-	- i	1	_	_	-	3	3	I	4	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	_	_	1	3	23	26	3	12	31	55	499	72	
lew York	-	- 1	_	2	11	18	1	12	18	24		38	
lew Jersey	-	-	-	-	1	5	1	-	2	9	1	11	
ennsylvania	-	-	1	1	11	3	1	-	11	22	136	22	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	1	3	1	2	16	23	5	6	61	54	761	1,03	
hio	1	-	-	1	5	5	- [1	28	12	242	26	
Illinois	-	2	1	1	5 2	6		-	4	17	- 1	14	
Michigan	_ [_	_	_	4	11	1 4	1 4	24	9		22	
disconsin	-	1	_		_	1	_	-	ı	7		11	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	2	18	2	2	20	30	1	1	51	15			
finnesota		1	_	_	1	18		_	2	7		35 12	
OWB	1	3	- 1	2	2	4	-	-	1	i		8	
lissouri	i <u>-</u> 1	6	1	- 1	10	-	-	1	4	5	66	7	
Jorth Dakota	1	-	-	-	1	1	- 1	-	17	2		5	
lebraska		5	1	_	1 5	4	- 1	-	20	1		1	
Kansas		3	_]	_	2		_ [7			1	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	2	1	4	2	66	86	3	9	20	1			
elaware	_ [_	-	-	- 00	- 00		9	1	26		38	
aryland	-	-	-		2	1	1	2	2	3		4	
district of Columbia	-	-		-		~	- 1	-	-	-			
Irginia	1	1	1	-	10	2	1	1	2	13		15	
Worth Carolina	1	_	_	1	2 11	1 15	- 1	1	' 3	2	- 1	3	
South Carolina		_ :	_	-	7	16	1	_	_	-		3	
eorgia	- 1	-	2	-	21	17		4	5	5		4	
lorida	-	-	1	1	13	34		1	6	3	67	5	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	-	2	3	19	45	1	2	21	32	413	79	
entucky		-	-	2	1	11	-	-	10	16	214	31	
ennessee	1	-	-	-	5	4		1	7	9		33	
dississippi		-	1	1	9	17	1	1	1	5 2		8	
T							[21	6	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	-	3	3	2	50	71		1	24	25		36	
Ouisiana		2	1	_	8 5	5 2	-	-	5	1		3	
klahoma		1	_	_	13	11] _ [_ [3	3		5	
exas	-	- 1	2	2	24	53	-	_	16	20		25	
MOUNTAIN	1		2	_	31	10	2		26	47	980	51	
ontana	- 1	-	1	-	15	2	_	_	9	7		6	
daho	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	3	2		3	
yomingolorado	-	-	-	-	2	1	= =	-	-	4		1	
ew Mexico		_	_		5 5	1 4	1	-	6	1 29		6	
rizona	_	_	1		2	1	;	-	2	3		19	
tahevada	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	1	69	2	
PACIFIC	1	1				_			-				
Mashington			_		2	5	10	10	76 18	64		93 14	
regon	1	_		_	1	1			9	12		19	
California	_	1	_	_	1	4	10	10	49	46		59	
laska	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_		4	55	2	
lavaii	-	-	-	_	_	_	_		_	1	14	1	
werto Rico	-	-	3	2	18	11	- '	_	2	3	42	3	

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED APRIL 6, 1957, AND APRIL 5, 1958—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

		_	P	OLIOMYELIT	IS 080							
AREA		T	otal ¹		Paral	ytic	Nonpar	alytic	MALA	URIA	MEAS	SLES
	14th week		Cumul first l		080.0,080.1		080.2		110-117		085	
	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957
CONT. UNITED STATES	18	33	237	559	10	18	4	10	-	3	34,830	20,67
NEW ENGLAND		1	5	5		2	-	_	-	-	2,687	1,27
Maine	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	181	16
New HampshireVermont		Ţ.		-	_	-	_	-	-	_	38 71	2 21
Massachusetts	-	_ [1	ī	_			_	_	_	1,623	42
hode Island	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	176	1
onnecticut	-	1	2	3	_	-	-	_	_	-	598	42
		1	10	20		1	_			_	4,987	3,33
MIDDLE ATLANTIC		1	8	14	_	ì					3,398	1,27
lew Jersey	- []		2	2	_		_	_	_	_	925	1,31
Pennsylvania	-	_		4	_	=	140	_	-	_	664	74
	2	1	23	57	_	1	1	_	_	_	8,161	3,39
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	۷			10	_	_				1	1,424	36
hio		-	4 2	13		-	e .	-]	961	46
llinois		_ [4	7		_	_	Ţ.,	_]	781	40
ichigan	1	1	10	19	_	1	_ :		_		1,575	64
isconsin	ī	-	3	8	_	_	1	-	-	-	3,420	1,52
	2	7	9	55				1	_		813	1,37
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	2	3 -	1	2		_]	_			34	79
OWa		1	1	4		_	_	1	_		239	17
issouri		ī	2	15	_	_	_	-	_	_	150	18
orth Dakota	_	_	ī			_	_	~	-	_	156	17
outh Dakota	2	_	3	2	-	-	_	-	-	_	4	2
ebraska	-	1	1	21	_	-	-	-	-	-	207	
ansas	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	6	5	= 63	89	5	2	1	1	_	2	4,813	1,00
elaware	_		1	1	_	-	-	-	_	_	21	′
aryland	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	241	1
istrict of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	1
irginia	1	-	2	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	1,060	18
est Virginia	1		4	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	547	12
orth Carolina		2	20	12	;	1	_	1	-	-	235	11
outh Carolina	1	-	3	22	1 1	ī	l ī	-		2	508 394	23
eorgia	2	2 1	6 27	13 29	i	-	-				1,721	17
								_	_	_	-	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	5	22	39	1	4	-	1		-	3,109	1,94
entucky	-		12	2	-	ī		-	-	-	1,194	67
ennessee	-	1	4	9	-	2	_	-	-	- 3	1,464	46
labama	1	2 2	4 2	11	1	ı		ī	_		346 105	5
1000												
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	3	7	35	126	2	5	1	2	-	1	6,382	2,37
rkansas	-	-	3	6 23	-	ī	-] -	-	-	149 21	17
ouisiana	-	1	6 3	7		_	1	-		ī	425	1 1
exas	3	6	23	90	2	4	ī	2		i :	5,787	2,11
		· ·			_		-	_ ~				-
MOUNTAIN	1	15, F,	19	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,731	1,84
ontana	-	-	-	2	-		_		-	-	198 173	24
daho	II -		2	1	-	_	-		_	1 :	63	24
yomingolorado		- <]-	3	7		_] -			-	208	12
ew Mexico		_	10	3	_	_	-	_	_		375	27
rizona			2	12	_		-	-	_	_	577	42
tah	2 -	-	1	13	-	-	-	1 -	-	-	136	73
evada	1	- 1	1	2	-	-		-	-	-	1	- 3
PACIFIC	3	10	51	127	2	5	1	5	-	-	2,147	4,1
ashington	-	1	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	576	98
regon	-	- 1	6	12	-	-		=	-	-	354	43
alifornia	3	9	43	113	2	4	1	5	-	-	1,217	2,76
laska		-		2	-	_	-	-	_	_	2	2
awaii	-	_	2	2	-	-		-	-	-	6	17
uerto Rico	1	_	22	4	1	-	I -	-	_		15	12

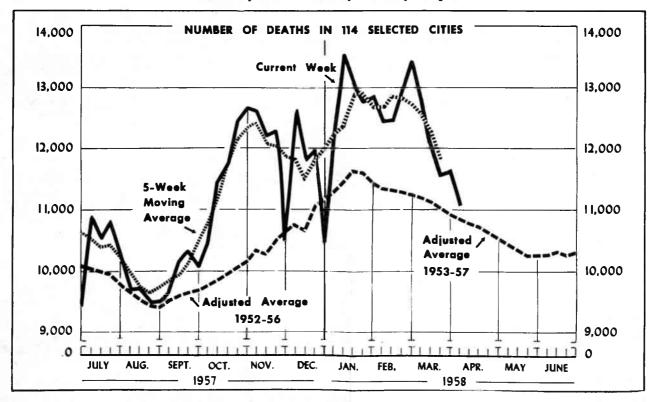
¹ Includes cases not specified by type, category number 080.3.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED APRIL 6, 1957, AND APRIL 5, 1958--Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

ARKA	MEN INGO INFECT		MENIN- GITIS, OTHER	PSITTA	cosis		TYPHOID	FEVER 040		TYPHUS FEVER, ENDEMIC	RABIE ANIM	
ARSA	057		340	096.2		14th week		Cumul first l		101		
	1958	1957	1958	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1958	1957
CONT. UNITED STATES	64	51	36		3	10	17	187	274		133	99
NEW ENGLAND	7	2	4	~		2	-	2	11	40	_	
Maine	- 2		-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	
Vermont	1	1	2	_	_	_	_	_	1		-	
Assachusetts	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	_	
Connecticut	- 3	-	-	-	-	-		-	4 2		- 2	2
	_			_	i -	_	1	-			_	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	9	11 2	-	-		1	_	19	31 13		2	
lew Jersey	2	-	_	_] -	_	_	7	9	_	-	
ennsylvania	3	9	-	-		-	-	6	9	-	2	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	16	4	8	- E	1	-	2	19	30	- '	25	
010	3	2	- 1	-	-	-	-	6	14		15	
Indiana	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	5	7	-	5	
ichigan	1 6	1	6 1		1		-	4	2 5		- 1	
disconsin	4	_		_	_	_	1	4	2	_	5	-1
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	4	6	_	_	_	_	3	23	25		27	2
finne sota-	ì	-	-] -	_	-	_	2	2	-	10	-
Ova	ŀ	-		-	-	-	2	4	7	-	11	-
lissouri	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	12	10	-	6	-
orth Dakota	1	1	-	-		-	1	-	1 3	-	-	
lebraska	_	4	_					ī	3		_	- 3
Kansas	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	4	2		_ 1 3	3
SOUTH ATLANTIC	6	7	13	_	1	1	3	26	58	_	28	2
elaware	-	-		_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	
faryland		1	3	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	
District of Columbia	1	-	4	-		_		1	3	-		2
lest Virginia]	[1	_		1	1 1	5 3	13 10		14	
forth Carolina	3	2	_	_	1	_		9	8	-	_	
South Carolina	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	2		1	
Georgia		3	3.	-	-	-	1		6	-	4	
		_	_	-	_	-	-	5	15		3	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	4	1	2	-	-	1	5	20	46	-	27	2
Cennebace	2	_	2 -	_	= [ī	3 2	5 7	12 19		22	1
labama	2	1	-	_	1 2	_		7	3	-	4	
dississippi	= -	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	12	-	-	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	8	7	2	_	1	5	2	48	43	-	12	1
rkansas	-	1] -	-	-	-	-	1	8	-	4	
Couisiana	4	1 2			-	4	1	27	7 7	-	-	
Cexag	4	3	2		ī	1	1	19	21	=71 -	8	
MOUNTA IN	3	3										- 1
iontana	-	1	4	_		1 [-	10	13	-	1 -	
daho	-	-	_	_	-	11 -	_	3	î		1	
yoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	3
olorado	1	2	-	-	-	-		-	2	-	-	
rizona	- 2		4	_		1 -		5 1	6	-	ī	
tab		-	-	_]	_		-	_		-	
levada	-	; .	-		· ·			-	-	-	-	
PACIFIC	7	10	3	-	-	2	2	20	17	-	9	
ashington	2	-	3	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	8
Pregon		2	-	-	-		2	5	3		-	
California	5	8	_		-	2		15	14	<u> </u>	9	
Haska	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		- 3
Puerto Rico	-	-	-	-	-	- ;	-		1	-	-	
TO KICO			-		l	1	1	5	10	_		

Symbol. - l dash [-]: no cases reported.



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 114 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, a 5-week moving average of these figures plotted at the central week and an adjusted average, 1953-57, for comparison. The adjusted average is computed as follows: From the total deaths reported each week for the years 1953-57, 3 central figures are selected by eliminating the highest and lowest figures reported for that week. A 5-week moving average of the arithmetic means of the 3 central figures is then computed. The adjusted average shown in the chart is the 5-week moving average increased by 2.3 percent to allow for estimated population growth in the cities.

The use of the adjusted average is based on the assumption that the crude death rate and changes in population will remain at the level of recent years. No allowance has been made for increased use of city hospital facilities.

Table 4 shows the number of death certificates received during the week indicated for deaths that occurred in a specified city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the interval between death and receipt of the certificate and because of incomplete reporting due to holidays or vacations. If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week an estimate is made for use in plotting the figure in the chart.

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of the populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)

AREA	14th week ended	13th week ended Mar. 29, 1958	Adjusted average, 14th	Percent change, adjusted average	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FIRST 14 WEEKS			
	Apr. 1958		week 1953-57	to current week	1958	1957	Percent change	
TOTAL: 114 REPORTING CITIES	11,072	11,635	10,880	+1.8	174,899	158,494	+10.4	
New England (14 cities) Middle Atlantic (20 cities) East North Central (19 cities) West North Central (9 cities) South Atlantic (11 cities) East South Central (8 cities) West South Central (8 cities) West South Central (8 cities) Pacific (8 cities) Pacific (12 cities)	717 13,115 2,285 782 977 544 922 319 1,411	759 3,317 2,324 844 1,095 578 1,010 320 1,388	708 3,256 2,353 764 895 482 813 253	+1.3 -4.3 -2.9 +2.4 +9.2 +12.9 +13.4 +26.1 +6.2	10,969 151,092 37,242 12,365 15,511 8,409 14,833 4,440 20,038	10,448 45,962 33,825 11,147 13,481 7,063 13,265 3,855 19,448	+5.0 +11.2 +10.1 +10.9 +15.1 +19.1 +11.8 +15.2 +3.0	

Includes estimate for missing city.

Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)

AREA	14th week ended Apr.	13th week ended Mar.	CUMULATIVI FIRST 14		AREA	l4th week ended Apr.	13th week ended Mar.	CUMULATIVE FIRST 14	
	1958	29, 1958	1958	1957		5, 1958	29, 1958	1958	1957
NEW ENGLAND:				l	WEST NORTH CENTRAL—Con.:				
Boston, Mass	260	264	3,815	3,563	St. Louis, Mo	248	239	4,058	3,47
Bridgeport, Conn	38	31	611	546	St. Paul, Minn	81	80	1,149	95
Cambridge, Mass	25	21	447	451	Wichita, Kans	36	43	664	64
Fall River, Mass	25	26	421	397	SOUTH ATLANTIC:				
Hartford, Conn	44	43	776	751	Atlanta, Ga	118	111	1,713	1,65
Lowell, Mass	32	20	421	389	Baltimore, Md	251	308	4,033	3,51
Lynn, Mass	22	22	304	309	Charlotte, N. C	36	33	515	52
New Bedford, Mass	18	24	385	395	Jacksonville, Fla	60	69	1,016	80
New Haven, Conn	55	67	731	672 922	Miami, Fla	78	70	1,186	71
Providence, R. I	63 19	81 14	1,016 210	195	Norfolk, Va	53	42	581	52
Somerville, Mass	37	45	603	629	Richmond, Va	83	79	1,121	1,08
Waterbury, Conn	28	29	412	374	Savannah, Ga	35	38	541	44
Worcester, Mass	51	72	817	855	St. Petersburg, Fla	(77)	(70)	(1,161)	
	-		["]		Tampa, Fla	66	78	1,115	90
IDDLE ATLANTIC:			,	i	Washington, D. C	171	213	3,120	2,7
Albany, N. Y	37	53	793	736	Wilmington, Del	26	54	570	53
Allentown, Pa	33	43	505	553	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL:				
Buffalo, N. Y	159	159	2,412	2,164	Birmingham, Ala	90	102	1,434	1,10
Camden, N. J	42	35	672	570	Chattanooga, Tenn	54	41	779	68
Elizabeth, N. J	27	26	485	408	Knoxville, Tenn	23	33	455	1 4
Erie, Pa	26	39	515	498	Louisville, Ky	126	140	1,759	1,60
Jersey City, N. J	71	75	1,150	1,041	Memphis, Tenn	117 43	124	1,836 648	1,5
Newark, N. J	78	97	1,475	1,580	Mobile, Ala Montgomery, Ala	38	42 38	572	3
New York City, N. Y	1,576	1,641	25,959	23,146 564	Nashville, Tenn	53	58	926	8
Paterson, N. J	32 484	34 518	8,086	7,089	20			520	ا ۲
Pittsburgh, Pa	203	216	3,024	2,602	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL:				
Reading, Pa	125	31	1334	340	Austin, Tex	26	36	508	4
Rochester, N. Y	106	117	1,543	1,380	Baton Rouge, La	35	30	467	3
Schenectady, N. Y	25	22	360	317	Corpus Christi, Tex	19	19	326	2
Scranton, Pa	37	53	520	552	Dallas, Tex	93	116	1,795	1,6
Syracuse, N. Y	52	61	911	828	El Paso, Tex Fort Worth, Tex	50	35	591	4.
Trenton, N. J	44	46	781	675	Houston, Tex.	59 145	70 159	941 2,477	8
Utica, N. Y	28	22	418	467	Little Rock, Ark	60	50	801	2,1
Yonkers, N. Y	3 0	29	498	452	New Orleans, La	146	177	2,836	2,5
20.00					Oklahoma City, Okla	76	81	1,053	9
EAST NORTH CENTRAL:			ì		San Antonio, Tex	103	116	1,517	1,3
Akron, Ohio	46	62	872	781	Shreveport, La	58	69	760	6
Canton, Ohio	21	43	435	453	Tulsa, Okla	52	52	761	7
Chicago, Ill.	675	745	12,014	10,837	MOUNTAIN:	1			
Cincinnati, Ohio	177	162	2,568	2,277 3,022	Albuquerque, N. Mex	20	23	383	3
Cleveland, OhioColumbus, Ohio	254 143	207 117	3,281 1,801	1,597	Colorado Springs, Colo	26	13	207	1
Dayton, Chio	69	94	1,177	1,085	Denver, Colo	119	131	1,751	1,6
Detroit, Mich	316	293	4,938	4,757	Ogden, Utah	14	15	210	1
Evansville, Ind.	40	48	601	442	Phoenix, Ariz	51	49	703	4
Flint, Mich	31	34	563	552	Pueblo, Colo	11	13	177	1
Fort Wayne, Ind	32	32	561	501	Salt Lake City, Utah	55	52	678	5
Gary, Ind.	32	24	493	404	Tucson, Ariz	23	24	331	2
Grand Rapids, Mich	44	33	666	560	PACIFIC:				
Indianapolis, Ind	111	130	1,884	1,749	Berkeley, Calif	21	18	298	2
Madison, Wis		(32)		(450)	Fresno, Calif	(23)	(31)		-
Milwaukee, Wis	121	110	2,120	1,859	Glendale, Calif	(31)	(29)		1 -
Peoria, Ill	24	32	509	419	Long Beach, Calif	47	54	793	8
Rockford, Ill	(20)	(25)		(345)	Los Angeles, Calif	518	462	7,332	7,1
South Bend, Ind.	23	28	417	359	Oakland, Calif	93	120	1,430	1,3
Toledo, Ohio	77	84	1,565	1,345	Pasadena, Calif	34	42	530	5
Youngstown, Ohio	49	46	777	826	Portland, Oreg	118	107	1,453	1,3
VEST NORTH CENTRAL:					Sacramento, Calif	52	56	776	7
Des Moines, Iowa	55	60	817	776	San Diego, Calif	84	115	1,232	1,1
Duluth, Minn.	17	20	359	376	San Francisco, Calif	225	201	2,992	2,8
Kansas City, Kans	31	28	443	452	San Jose, Calif	(19)	(17)		1 , ;
Kansas City, Mo	121	164	1,910	1,682	Seattle, Wash	136	133	1,964	1,9
Lincoln, Nebr.	(31)	(22)			Spokane, Wash	46	46	681	6
Minneapolis, Minn	119	133	1,919	1,755	Tacoma, Wash	37	34	557	5
	74	77	1,046	1,032	Honolulu, Hawaii	(37)	(49)	(549)	(5

Estimated.

Symbols.—parentheses [()] : data not included in table 3; 3 dashes [---] : data not available.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS-Continued

served by the delicatessen that same day without reports of illness. No samples of the suspected food were available from the delicatessen since the proprietor has a policy of disposing of all food on the day it is prepared. Specimens of the beans and of the ravioli and the spaghetti container, obtained from the home, revealed no staphyloccocci nor enteric pathogens.

Brucellosis

The lowa State Department of Health stated in their weekly morbidity report that 214 cases of brucellosis were reported in 1957 as compared with 360 in 1956. Almost one-fourth of all cases reported in the United States in 1956 were from Iowa. In the 2-year period, 1956-57, one or more cases were reported from 89 of the 99 counties in the State. Most of the cases resulted from direct contact with infected animals—cattle or swine. A rural housewife who bottle-fed an orphan baby pig for a few days developed the swine-type of brucellosis.

QUARANTINE MEASURES

Immunization Information for International Travel
No changes reported.

SOURCE AND NATURE OF MORBIDITY DATA

These provisional data are based on reports to the Public Health Service from health departments of each State and of Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. Cases of anthrax, botulism, and rabies in man are not shown in table 2, but a footnote to table 1 shows the States reporting on these diseases. In addition, when diseases of rare occurrence (cholera, dengue, plague, louse-borne relapsing fever, smallpox, louse-borne epidemic typhus, and yellow fever) are reported, this will be noted at the end of table 1.

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