COVID Data Tracker

28,937,762

Review

Data Tracker Home

Your Community

Vaccinations

Care Facilities

Vaccination Trends

Cases & Deaths

Demographic Trends

Healthcare Systems

Vaccinations in the US

Vaccinations in Long Term

Vaccination Demographics

COVID Data Tracker Weekly

Cases in US Last 30 Days

Total Vaccines 93.7M Administered

in US

Deaths 524,695

At Least One Dose

US Last 30 Days

Fully



Overall US COVID-19 Vaccine | Deliveries and Administration; Maps, charts, and data provided by the CDC, updated daily by 8 pm ET^T

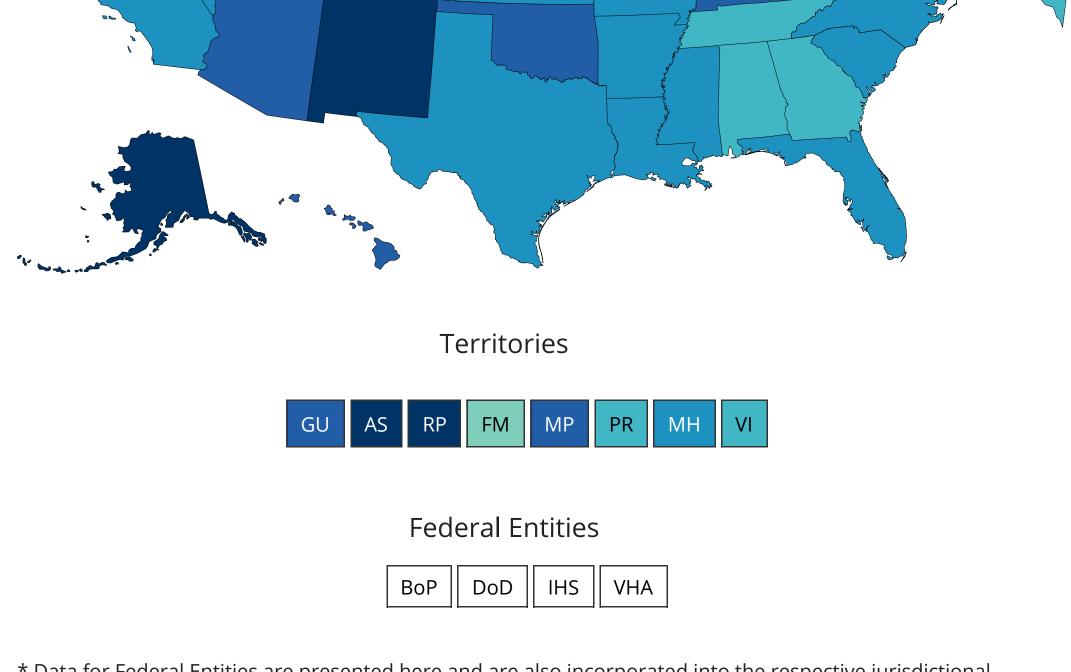
COVID-19 Vaccinations in the United States

Represents all vaccine partners including jurisdictional partner clinics, retail pharmacies, long-term care facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency and Health Resources and Services Administration partner sites, and federal entity facilities.

People Vaccinated

Vaccinated 32,102,061 **Total Vaccine Doses** 61,088,527 Total 9.7% 18.4% % of Total 123,232,775 Delivered Population 61,027,125 32,079,368 Population ≥ 18 Administered 93,692,598 Years of Age 23.9% 12.6% % of Population ≥ Learn more about the distribution of 18 Years of Age vaccines. 32,507,609 16,348,308 Population ≥ 65 Years of Age 60.1% 30.2% % of Population ≥ 65 Years of Age Read more about how these data are reported. CDC | Data as of: Mar 09 2021 6:00am ET | Posted: Mar 9 2021 12:27PM ET View: Show: **Metric:**

VICVV.	Silovv.	Wictife.
O Total Doses	At Least One Dose	O Count
O People	Fully Vaccinated	% of the Population
Population:		
🔘 Total Population	on	
Population ≥ 1	8 Years of Age	
older who receiv	•	the state or territory for the population 18 years and ccine. Non-residents who received vaccine are
	ry and for Select Fed	east One Dose Reported to the CDC by leral Entities for the Population 18 Years of



Colorado 1061907 18.4 1061408 23.6 897576 Connecticut 25.2 896669 31.6 District of Columbia 102392 14.5 17.7 102370 Dept of Defense 868701 N/A 868338 N/A 174037 17.9 173976 22.6 Delaware Florida 3760044 17.5 3756711 21.8 Federated States of 11506 11.1 11502 14.2 Micronesia 1420118 13.4 1419619 17.5 Georgia 35680 21.5 35670 27.6 Guam Hawaii 287071 20.3 286871 25.7 653454 20.7 652966 26.9 Iowa Idaho 304032 17 304022 22.7 442180 21.2 439144 N/A Indian Health Svc 2414809 19.1 2412812 24.5 Illinois Indiana 1161968 17.3 1161719 22.5 521147 17.9 520746 23.5 Kansas 872816 19.5 872356 25.2 Kentucky 811301 22.8 Louisiana 17.5 811099 21.9 27.2 Massachusetts 1510698 1509489 Maryland 1141469 18.9 1140939 24.2 290479 21.6 290356 26.5 Maine Marshall Islands 10732 10721 23.5 18.4 1805357 18.1 1804914 23 Michigan Minnesota 1167407 20.7 1166803 26.9 1038458 Missouri 16.9 1037949 21.8 Northern Mariana 12062 21.2 12057 27.2 Islands Mississippi 509358 17.1 509220 22.4 Montana 220672 20.6 220385 26.2 North Carolina 1858432 17.7 1857098 22.7 North Dakota 173961 22.8 173750 29.9 387731 20 387392 Nebraska 26.6 **New Hampshire** 289813 21.3 289316 26.2 1821711 20.5 1819475 New Jersey 26.2 545238 542727 **New Mexico** 26 33.5 544881 17.7 544697 22.8 Nevada New York State 3651402 18.8 3648672 23.7 2070097 17.7 2069116 22.7 Ohio 822520 20.8 Oklahoma 821610 27.3 773967 18.4 773047 23.1 Oregon Pennsylvania 2401448 18.8 2399345 23.6 404145 403993 Puerto Rico 12.7 15.4 Rhode Island 240963 22.7 240862 28.2 Republic of Palau 5147 28.7 5147 36.9 South Carolina 885144 17.2 884391 21.9 213680 24.2 213373 32 South Dakota 20 Tennessee 1064302 15.6 1064059 4574899 15.8 4557366 21.1 Texas Utah 512666 16 511840 22.5 1642937 19.2 1641527 Virginia 24.6 Veterans Health 1738461 N/A 1738446 N/A Virgin Islands 15591 14.9 15549 19 Vermont 130466 20.9 130371 25.6 1437268 18.9 1436299 24.1 Washington 1155268 25.3 Wisconsin 19.8 1154667 367001 20.5 366648 25.6 West Virginia Wyoming 115046 19.9 114975 25.8 Learn more about recommendations, product information, and more on CDC's COVID-19 Vaccination landing page. Looking for Long-Term Care Facility vaccination data? The content on this page is not accessible using Internet Explorer. Please use Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge, Mozilla Firefox, or

Download Data 🚣

Percent of 18+ Pop with at

least One Dose by State of

Residence ♦

33.3

19.6

21.6

30.5

25.4

N/A

24.2

· Healthcare providers are expected to report to federal, state, territorial, tribal, and local agencies doses administered within 72 hours of administration. There could be additional lag for data to be transmitted from the federal, state, territorial, or local agency to CDC. During the 72 hours, users should expect to see a large difference between the number of doses distributed and the number of people who are vaccinated. This is due to several factors, including the time it takes for doses delivered to be administered, the time it takes for administered doses to be reported to CDC, and how jurisdictions and federal pharmacy

Data on doses of vaccine distributed and administered include data received by CDC as of 6:00 am ET on the day of reporting.

following day when reporting coincides with a federal holiday. Note: Daily updates might be delayed due to delays in reporting.

Vaccination data reported on the CDC COVID Data Tracker might differ from data reported by jurisdictions (states, territories,

· Occasionally, technical issues with data processing or transmission will occur. When technical issues arise, CDC works closely

· Data on COVID-19 vaccine doses administered in the United States are collected by vaccination providers and reported to CDC

including immunization information systems, Vaccine Administration Management System, and direct data submission. When CDC applies validation and business rules to prevent data duplication, data presented on the COVID Data Tracker might differ

through multiple sources, including jurisdictions, pharmacies, and federal entities, which use various reporting methods,

from data listed in jurisdictional immunization systems and dashboards. CDC makes every effort to reconcile doses

· Data can be updated on different schedules and reflect data "as of" different dates or times of day. There can be a delay

between the time a vaccination record appears in a jurisdictional or federal system and when it is received by CDC.

Vaccination data on CDC's COVID Data Tracker are updated daily between 1:30 pm and 8:00 pm ET. Updates will occur the

Dose counts for the state of Connecticut will be updated March 13, 2021 to correct for data transmission errors that began on February 20, 2021. Since that date, first doses have been slightly overcounted and second doses have been slightly undercounted. **Definitions: Total doses delivered; total count** is the total number of vaccine doses that have been delivered. Doses delivered include those that the jurisdiction (state, territory, tribe, or local entity), retail pharmacies, long-term care facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) partner sites, Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) partner sites, and federal entity

The total doses administered can be greater than the total doses distributed. This is because vials of the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine officially contain at least five doses but can contain an additional sixth dose. Use of this sixth dose, if present, is authorized by FDA. Before February 15, 2021, the sixth dose was not reflected in the doses delivered totals; however, if administered, doses were reflected in the doses administered totals.

Total doses administered; rate per 100,000 is the total number of vaccine doses given for every 100,000 people (overall, per the

population aged 18 years and older and per the population aged 65 years and older). This allows comparison between areas

which the person resides. Estimates for the total population, population of those aged 18 years and older, and population of those aged 65 years and older are used as the denominators to calculate percentages. People who are fully vaccinated; % of the population** represents the number of people who have received the second dose in a two-dose COVID-19 vaccine series or one dose of the single-shot J&J/Janssen COVID-19 vaccine. For this measure, CDC's COVID

received the second dose in a two-dose COVID-19 vaccine series or one dose of the single-shot J&J/Janssen COVID-19 vaccine. For this measure, CDC's COVID Data Tracker attributes each dose to the jurisdiction (state, territory, tribe, or local entity) in

and Moderna COVID-19 vaccines may be administered up to 6 weeks (42 days) after the first dose. Currently, only limited data are available on efficacy of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines administered beyond this window. Second, to ensure adequate time for an immune response to occur, a person is considered fully vaccinated =2 weeks after completion of a two-dose mRNA series or single dose of Janssen vaccine. **CDC determined the number of people receiving at least one dose and the number of people who are fully vaccinated based on information that state, territorial, tribal, and local public health agencies and federal entities reported to CDC on dose number, dose manufacturer, administration date, recipient ID, and date of submission. Because the method used to determine dose numbers needs to be applied across multiple jurisdictions (states, territories, tribes, or local entities) with different

2) The percentage of total doses that were administered to people aged 18 years and older is the same as both a. The percentage of people who received at least one dose and b. The percentage of fully vaccinated people who are aged 18 years and older 3) The percentage of total doses that were administered to people aged 65 years and older is the same as both

Therefore, CDC estimated the one-dose metrics for the adult population (18 years and older) of Texas by multiplying the count for the total population receiving at least one dose in Texas by the percentage of total doses administered to adults in Texas. CDC estimated the fully vaccinated metrics for the adult population (18 years and older) of Texas by multiplying the total population who are fully vaccinated in Texas by the percentage of total doses administered to adults in Texas. CDC repeated the same calculations for the older adult population (65 years and older).

As of February 24, 2021, to calculate age-based metrics, CDC assumes:

1) All people receiving vaccinations in Texas are considered residents of Texas,

FOIA

OIG

No Fear Act

Accessibility

USA.gov

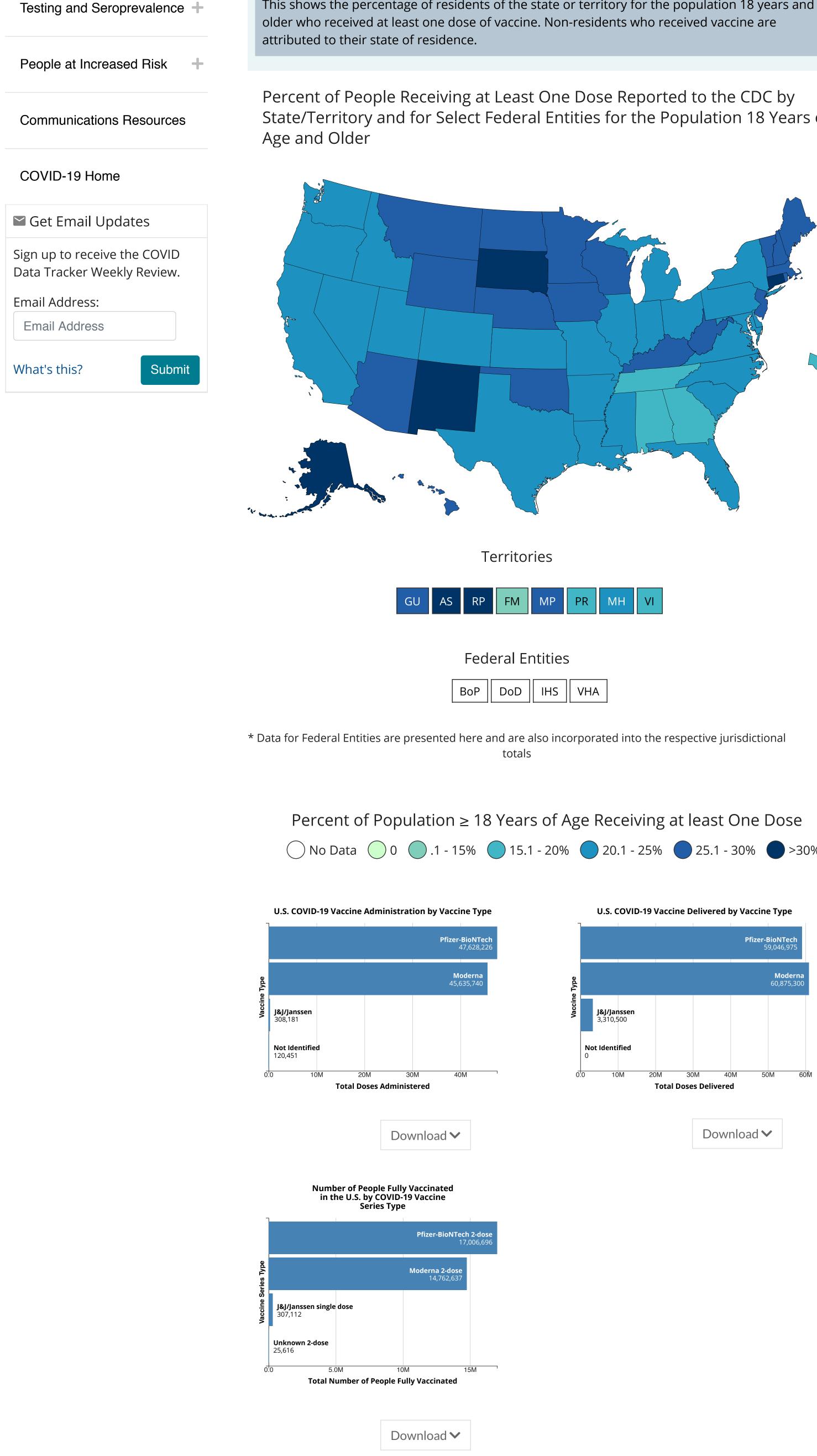
Nondiscrimination

are used as denominators to calculate the percent of the total population, the percent of the population aged 18 years and older, and the percent of the population aged 65 years and older who have received at least 1 dose or who are fully vaccinated. The percent of the total population was derived using the location of residence. ‡For the rate per 100,000 and percent of the population metrics, measures of vaccination are calculated among the entire

Percent of the population represents the percent of people receiving at least one dose and the percent of people who are fully vaccinated. The total population, population of those aged 18 years and older, and population of those aged 65 years and older

population (i.e., all ages), the population who are aged 18 years and older, and the population who are aged 65 years and older. The metrics used for rate and percentage calculations use the US Census Bureau Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for the United States and Puerto Rico, 2019 population. US Census Bureau 2018 population estimates and CIA World Factbook estimates are used for American Samoa, the Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, the Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, Republic of Palau, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and US Virgin Islands.

EUA has been granted for use of the Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine among people aged 16 years and older and for use of both the Moderna vaccine and the J&J/Janssen vaccine among people aged 18 years and older. Therefore, vaccine use is limited among those younger than age 18 years, who represent approximately 22% of the US population. Inclusion of all age groups in these calculations helps to provide a better measure of community immunity. Jurisdictions may use more targeted population counts for the denominators in their rate calculations (e.g., people over age 18 years or over age 16 years), which would result in values different than those reported on the CDC COVID Data Tracker.



Data Table for COVID-19 Vaccinations in the United States

People with at least

One Dose by State of

Residence ♦

184906

747268

501653

1435152

7400238

13471

44155

Percent of Total Pop with at

least One Dose by State of

Residence ♦

25.3

15.2

16.6

24.2

19.7

N/A

18.7

People 18+ with at least

One Dose by State of

Residence ♦

183899

746978

501433

13261

44153

1432773

7394748

CDC | Updated: Mar 9 2021 12:27PM

State/Territory/Federal

Entity ♦

Alabama

Arkansas

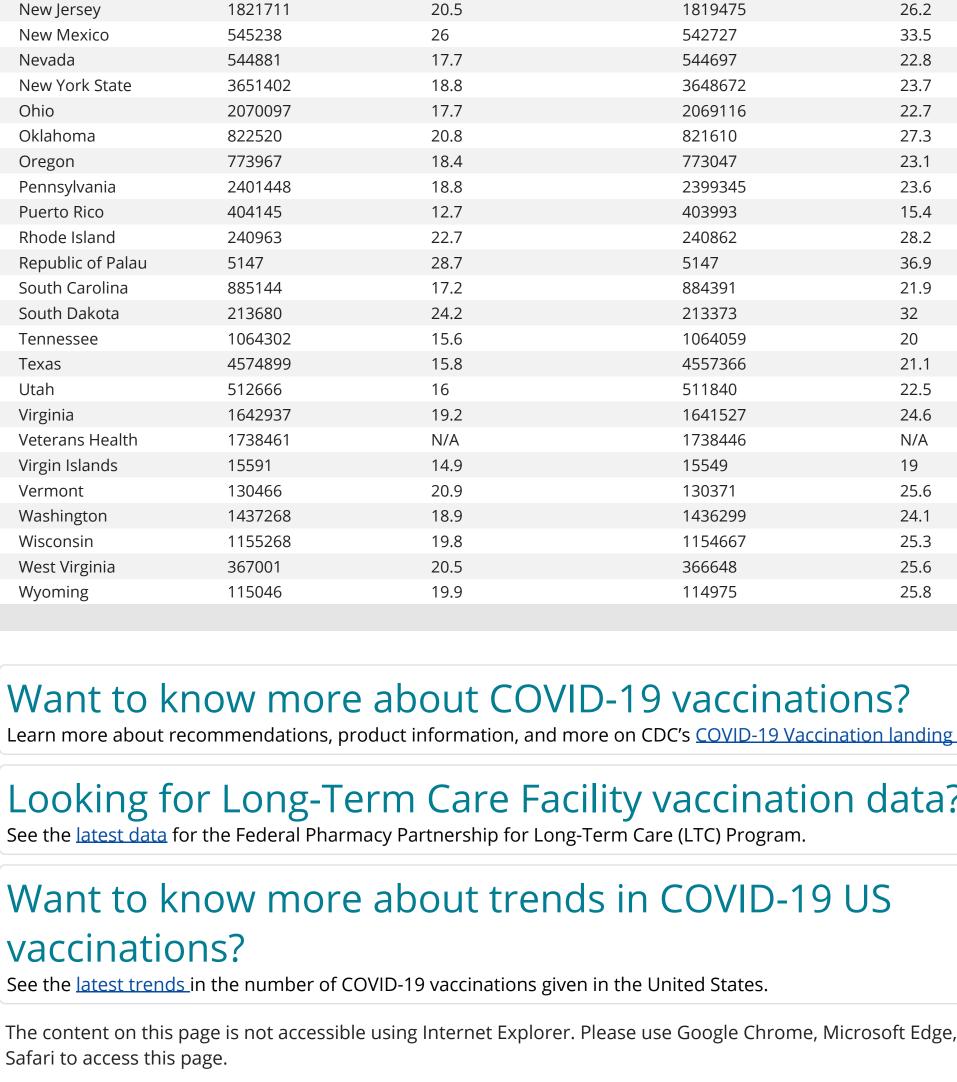
Arizona

California

American Samoa

Bureau of Prisons

Alaska



†Data will be updated after review and verification, usually before 8:00 pm ET.

with states, territories, tribes, local entities, and federal entities to resolve them.

tribes, and local entities) and federal entities for several reasons:

administered that are reported through more than one system.

veteran patients, and other federal partners vaccinated by VHA.

people aged 18 and older. Shipments to jurisdictions began on March 2, 2021.

were not intended for vaccinating persons living in the region.

respectively.

the United States.

dose.

calculate percentages.

delivered since December 14, 2020.

with different population sizes.

shipped in VTrckS since December 13, 2020.

territory, tribe, or local entity) in which the person resides.

manufacturer of the first dose a person received.

partners manage available vaccine stock to meet local demands. The "Rate per 100,000" metric displays as "n/a" for federal entities because population-based rates do not apply. Data for federal

On February 15, 2021, the COVID-19 Vaccine Tracker was updated to reflect the revised Pfizer-BioNTech emergency use

BioNTech dosage increases the number of doses delivered relative to the number of doses administered.

entities will display when the "Total counts" metric is selected. Veterans Health Administration (VHA) totals include employees,

authorization (EUA) to allow the use of a sixth dose, if present in a vial, as authorized by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

(https://www.fda.gov/emergency-preparedness-and-response/mcm-legal-regulatory-and-policy-framework/pfizer-biontechcovid-19-vaccine-frequently-asked-questions). Pfizer-BioNTech deliveries to a jurisdiction on or after February 15, 2021, will

reflect this increase to six doses per vial compared to five doses; historical data will not be updated. The change to the Pfizer-

On February 19, 2021, and February 20, 2021, the total numbers of national aggregate doses delivered were incorrect. That's

because deliveries to federal entities were inadvertently counted twice; the totals should have been 74,108,895 and 74,979,165,

On February 28, 2021, CDC released an official recommendation to use the Johnson & Johnson's Janssen COVID-19 vaccine for

On March 5, 2021, doses were removed from the delivered doses totals for Maryland (98,475 doses), Pennsylvania (239,900

doses), and Virginia (91,950 doses) because it was determined that the doses, while delivered to federal facilities in those states,

facilities in that state or territory have delivered to vaccination providers. Data for each federal entity are also reflected at the national level in the agency callout boxes on the map; combining these data with jurisdiction-level doses delivered data will result in double counting. As of February 23, 2021, the total numbers of national doses delivered show larger-than-typical daily increases. This is an accurate reflection of the data and is the result of recent weather events causing a backlog of vaccine delivery to many parts of

· For states, Washington DC, the US Virgin Islands, and Puerto Rico, total counts of COVID-19 vaccine doses include doses

· For the Republic of Palau, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Islands, total counts of COVID-19 vaccine doses include doses marked as

Doses delivered; rate per 100,000 is the total number of vaccine doses delivered for every 100,000 people (overall, per the

Total doses administered; total count is the total number of vaccine doses that have been given to people in the United States since December 14, 2020, the date when the first dose was administered to a person in the United States under the Emergency Use Authorization as a non-clinical trial. Doses administered in a jurisdiction (state, territory, tribe, or local entity)

include those administered in jurisdictional partner clinics, retail pharmacies, long-term care facilities, FEMA and HRSA partner

counting. For this measure, CDC's COVID Data Tracker attributes each dose to the jurisdiction in which the person received the

sites, and federal entity facilities in that jurisdiction. Data for each federal entity are also reflected at the national level in the agency callout boxes on the map; combining these data with jurisdiction-level doses administered data will result in double

population aged 18 years and older and per the population aged 65 years and older). This allows comparison between areas

with different population sizes. People receiving at least one dose (formerly "receiving 1 or more doses"); total count** represents the total number of people who received at least one dose of COVID-19 vaccine, including those who received one dose of the single-shot Johnson & Johnson's Janssen (J&J/Janssen) COVID-19 Vaccine. This metric includes everyone who has received only one dose and those who received more than one dose. For this measure, CDC's COVID Data Tracker attributes each dose to the jurisdiction (state,

People receiving at least one dose; % of the population** represents the percent of people who received at least one dose of COVID-19 vaccine, including those who received one dose of the single-shot J&J/Janssen COVID-19 vaccine. This metric includes everyone who has received only one dose and those who received more than one dose. For this measure, CDC's COVID Data Tracker attributes each dose to the jurisdiction (state, territory, tribe, or local entity) in which the person resides. This includes doses administered by FEMA partner sites, HRSA partner sites, and federal entity facilities. Estimates for the total population,

population of those aged 18 years and older, and population of those aged 65 years and older are used as the denominators to

People who are fully vaccinated (formerly "receiving 2 doses"); total count ** represents the number of people who have

Data Tracker attributes each dose to the jurisdiction (state, territory, tribe, or local entity) in which the person resides. This includes doses administered by FEMA partner sites, HRSA partner sites, and federal entity facilities. Estimates for the total population, population of those aged 18 years and older, and population of those aged 65 years and older are used as the denominators to calculate percentages.

administered because some persons were reported to have received one or more mRNA vaccines prior to receiving the single-

For reporting on CDC COVID Data Tracker, CDC counts people as being "fully vaccinated" if they received two doses on different

days (regardless of time interval) of the two-dose mRNA series or received one dose of a single-dose vaccine. This definition

differs from the current CDC Interim Clinical Considerations in two ways. First, according to the interim guidance, the second dose of Pfizer-BioNTech and Moderna vaccines should be administered as close to the recommended interval as possible, but

not earlier than recommended (i.e., 3 weeks [Pfizer-BioNTech] or 1 month [Moderna]). However, second doses administered within a grace period of 4 days earlier than the recommended date for the second dose are still considered valid. If it is not

feasible to adhere to the recommended interval and a delay in vaccination is unavoidable, the second dose of Pfizer-BioNTech

The number of people fully vaccinated by the J&J/Janssen vaccine does not equal the total number of J&J/Janssen doses

dose J&J/Janssen vaccine. The algorithm CDC uses to determine whether a person is fully vaccinated is based on the

reporting practices, CDC's dose number estimates might differ from those reported by jurisdictions and federal entities. People receiving doses are attributed to the jurisdiction in which the person resides. When the vaccine manufacturer is not reported, the recipient is considered fully vaccinated with two doses. Texas provides aggregate dose count data to CDC; therefore, we do not receive specific information at the individual level. This limits our ability to directly calculate certain age-based metrics.

a. The percentage of people who received at least one dose and b. The percentage of fully vaccinated people who are aged 65 years and older

based metrics but are still included in national-level metrics. Rates per 100,000‡ represent the rate of total doses delivered, the rate of total doses administered, the rate of people receiving at least one dose, and the rate of people who are fully vaccinated per 100,000. The total population, population of those aged 18 years and older, and population of those aged 65 years and older are used as estimates to calculate rates for total doses

delivered and total doses administered. In some limited circumstances, people might receive vaccinations outside the jurisdiction (state, territory, tribe, or local entity)where they live. These rates currently account for vaccinations that occur in the jurisdiction where the vaccination was administered.

Residents of Texas who receive a vaccination in a different state or territory are not attributed to Texas in their population-

CDC INFORMATION CONNECT WITH CDC Privacy

f y o in **♣**

CDC Website Exit Disclaimer

HAVE QUESTIONS?

Visit CDC-INFO

Call 800-232-4636

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services

About CDC

Jobs

Funding

Policies

File Viewers & Players