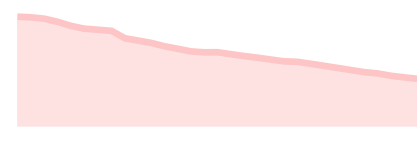


COVID Data Tracker

Cases in US **27,127,858**

Cases in US Last 30 Days



Total Vaccines Administered **46.4M**

Deaths in US **470,110**

Deaths in US Last 30 Days



Data Tracker Home

Your Community +

Vaccinations +

Cases & Deaths -

Cases and Deaths by State

Daily and Total Trends

State Trend Comparison

Global Counts and Rates

Global Percent Change

Global Trends

Demographic Trends +

Healthcare Systems +

Testing and Seroprevalence +

People at Increased Risk +

Communications Resources



United States COVID-19 Cases and Deaths by State

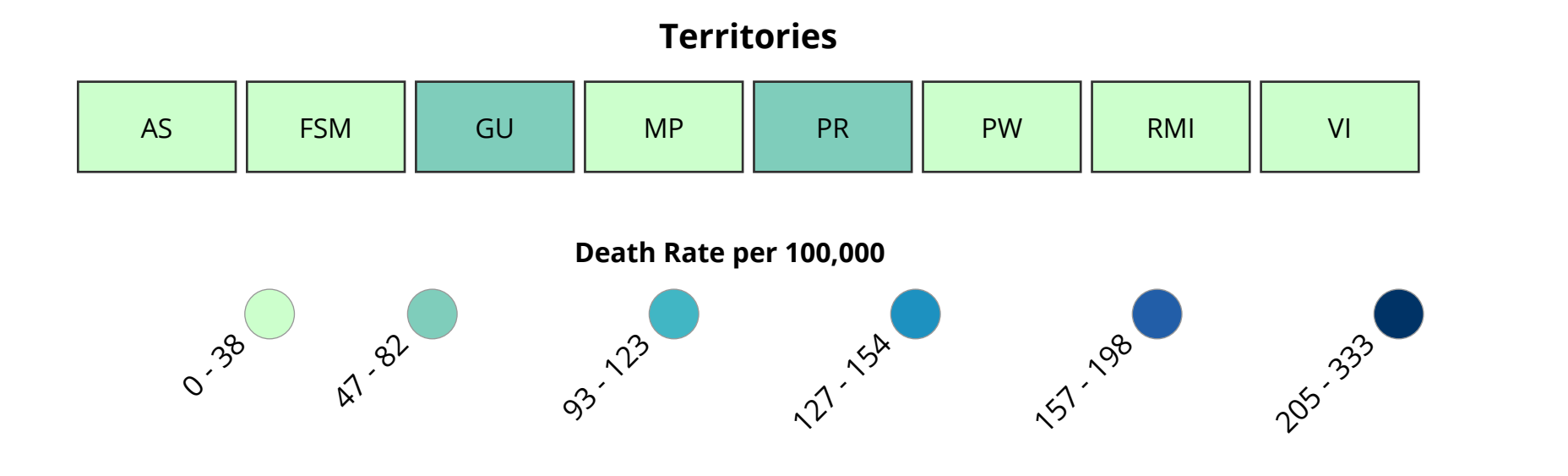
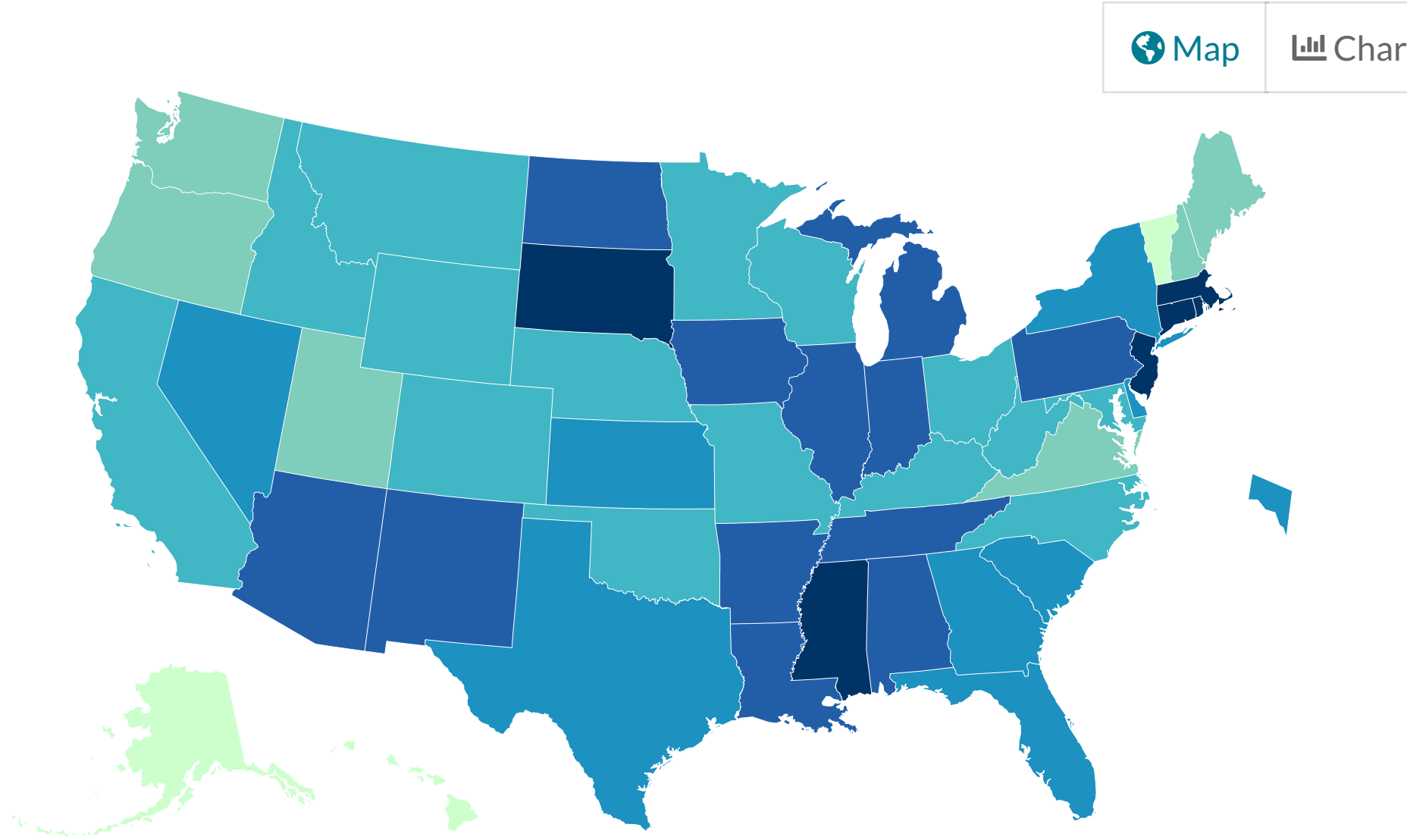
Maps, charts, and data provided by the CDC, updated daily by 8 pm ET†



View: Cases Deaths
Time period: Last 7 Days Since Jan 21, 2020
Metric: Count Rate per 100,000

This shows the number of deaths since the pandemic started for every 100,000 people, allowing you to compare areas with different population sizes.

COVID-19 Death Rate in the US Reported to the CDC, by State/Territory (deaths per 100,000)



[View Historic Case and Death Data](#) [Download Map](#)

Data Table for Death Rate by State/Territory

CDC | Updated: Feb 11 2021 12:56PM [Download Data](#)

State/Territory	Death Rate per 100,000
New York City*	333
New Jersey	250
Massachusetts	219
Mississippi	214
Rhode Island	213
Connecticut	205
South Dakota	205
Arizona	198
Louisiana	198
North Dakota	187
Alabama	181
Indiana	178
Pennsylvania	177
Illinois	172
Arkansas	171
New Mexico	165
Iowa	163
Michigan	159
Tennessee	157
New York*	154
South Carolina	150
Nevada	148
Kansas	147
Georgia	145
District of Columbia	136
Texas	135
Florida	131
Delaware	127
Maryland	123
Montana	123
Missouri	121
West Virginia	121
Wisconsin	115
California	113
Minnesota	113
Wyoming	111
Nebraska	102
Ohio	101
Colorado	100
Idaho	100
Oklahoma	100
North Carolina	97
Kentucky	93
New Hampshire	82
Virginia	81
Guam	78
Washington	60
Puerto Rico	59
Utah	55
Oregon	48
Maine	47
Alaska	38
Hawaii	29
Vermont	29
Virgin Islands	23
Northern Mariana Islands	3
American Samoa	0
Federated States of Micronesia	0
Palau	0
Republic of Marshall Islands	0

How does COVID-19 Spread?
[Learn more](#)

Information on US COVID-19 Cases Caused by Variants
[Learn more here](#)

[View and Download COVID-19 Case Surveillance Public Use Data](#)

†Data will update as soon as they are reviewed and verified, oftentimes before 8 pm ET. However, daily updates might be delayed due to delays in reported data.

On 4 February 2021, a state reported 1,507 new deaths. CDC is working with the state to assess the time period from which these data cover. This may temporarily impact death counts, rates and averages.

Data Sources, References & Notes: The case classifications for COVID-19, a nationally notifiable disease, are described in an [an updated interim COVID-19 position statement and case definition](#) issued by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists on August 5, 2020. However, there is some variation in how jurisdictions implement these case classifications. More information on how CDC collects COVID-19 case surveillance data can be found at [CDC's COVID-19 FAQ webpage](#).

Total cases are based on aggregate counts of COVID-19 cases reported by state and territorial jurisdictions to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) since January 21, 2020, with the exception of persons repatriated to the United States from Wuhan, China, and Japan. All displayed counts include probable COVID-19 cases and deaths as reported by U.S. states, U.S. territories, New York City (NYC), and the District of Columbia from the previous day. Counts for certain jurisdictions also include probable COVID-19 cases and deaths. Counts for NYC and New York State are shown separately; data for New York State show total cases and deaths for the state excluding data for NYC. COVID-19 case and death data that are not available to CDC are denoted by N/A. For aggregate state level data, CDC calculates the number of new cases or deaths each day by calculating the difference in cumulative counts reported by the state from the day before. Historical data are not typically updated unless requested by the state. Therefore, the number of historical cases and deaths presented on CDC's website reflect the date the data was reported to CDC and not necessarily the date the case or death was recorded in the state.

The map can be modified to show cases and deaths per 100,000 people in the last 7 days, total new cases and deaths in the last 7 days, total cases and deaths since January 21, 2020, and rates for cases (cases/100,000 people) and deaths (deaths/100,000). Totals per 100,000 people in the last 7 days are calculated as the 7-day moving average of new cases or deaths (current day + 6 preceding days divided by 7) per 100,000 people using the U.S. Census Bureau, 2019* [American Community Survey 1-year estimates](#). Rates per 100,000 are calculated as the total cases or deaths per 100,000 people using the U.S. Census Bureau, 2019* American Community Survey 1-year estimates.

*2018 population estimates are still used for American Samoa, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, New York City, Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Republic of Marshall Islands and United States Virgin Islands.

CDC's overall COVID-19 case and death numbers are validated through a confirmation process with each jurisdiction. COVID-19 case and death numbers reported on other websites may differ from what is posted on the CDC COVID Data Tracker due to the timing of reporting and COVID Data Tracker updates, which may differ by up to 24 hours. CDC COVID-19 counts from previous dates may be continually revised as more records are received and processed. Not all jurisdictions report counts daily; some counts are reported in batches and may increase COVID-19 case and death counts at different intervals and appear as spikes. The process used for finding and confirming COVID-19 cases and deaths displayed by other sites may differ.

On 18 December, Texas reported 171,505 historical counts of probable cases with dates between 1 November and 18 December. This raised the total number of new cases in both Texas and the U.S. during this time period and correspondingly affects the 7-day rolling average of new cases.